Daily Morning Chronicle.

VOL 2. WASHINGTON, WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 2, 1863. NO 26.

DAILY MORNING CHRONICLE.

OFFICE, CHRONICLE BUILDING, 456 NINTH STREET WEST, BETWEEN E AND F STREETS.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

EIGHTEEN CENTS per week, made payable to the Carriers. Mailed to subscribers out of the city, EIGHT DOLLARS per annum, and in proportion for a shorter period—payment to be invariably in advance.

No mail subscriptions received for less than THREE MONTHS.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING: Seventy-five cents per square—eight lines constitute a square.

MILLINERY.

LADIES' and CHILDREN'S FANCY HATS, DRESS CAPS AND HEAD-DRESSES, FROM PARIS AND NEW YORK.

MISS SANFORD has opened an elegant assortment of Infants', Misses', and Boys' Fancy Dress Hats; Ladies' Riding and Walking Hats; Rich Evening Hats for the Opera and Theatre; Paris Dress Caps and Head-Dresses; also, French Corsets and Hoop Skirts, all of the newest Paris designs. No. 4 Market Space, next door to Perry's, Pennsylvania avenue. no14-3md

PRODUCE.

THE NEW COMMISSION AND PRODUCE MARKET HOUSE, COMMERCIAL BUILDING, Louisiana Avenue, between Ninth and Tenth streets, JOHN FARRELL, is now open with CONSIGNMENTS AND CARGOES FROM NORTH, EAST, AND WEST.

[illegible] Store—1,000 kits Mackerel, Salmon, &c., [illegible] for sale at Baltimore prices.

From Elmira and Rochester, &c.—50,000 lbs. New Buckwheat; 10,000 barrels Hand-picked Fall and Winter Apples, Potatoes, &c.

From Cincinnati—5,000 boxes Grapes; 1,000 boxes Cheese; 100 dozen Brandy Peaches.

From Ulster and Orange Counties—1,000 firkins of Butter, of all grades.

From Minnesota—500 barrels Cranberries.

Oysters from the celebrated packers, Grannis & Taylor, of Baltimore. 10,000 cases of their FRESH PACKED OYSTERS, Pickled, Fresh, and Spiced, which are authorized to be sold to the trade at their warehouse price.

Also, 2,000 BARRELS FLOUR, Telegraph Mills, Baltimore, Middling, Fine, Extra, and Family, well and favorably known in that city as STANDARD BRANDS.

Also, 400 to 600 barrels of the OSCEOLA, RIVERSIDE, & FAMILY FLOUR, belonging to the estate of the late A. S. Dungan, which must be closed at market or less rates, as may be offered.

WM. CLAGGETT & CO.'S BALTIMORE ALE AND PORTER, in hhds., barrels, and halves, in prime order, for army, hotel, restaurant, and family use. Also, 10,000 dozen of their BOTTLED ALE AND PORTER, in cases, hhds., and tierces. THE TRADE SUPPLIED. As also, all the FOREIGN BRANDS OF ALE AND PORTER.

N. B. All sales strictly on commission account. no9 25td

NOTICE.—Bakers, Grocers, Flour and Feed Dealers, Sutlers, Shippers, Hotelkeepers, and others are respectfully informed they can be supplied with all descriptions of FLOUR, FEED, HAY, STRAW, &c., &c., of the choicest quality, at New York and Baltimore wholesale prices, at ALDRICH'S (Late Castel's) Wholesale Flour, Grain, and Feed Warehouse, corner Second and C streets, near Baltimore and Ohio Railroad depot. oc27-3m*

JOHN W. VANHOOK, GENERAL PRODUCE AND COMMISSION MERCHANT, Dealer in Butter, Eggs, and Cheese, Tobacco and Cigars, Champagne, Sherry, Port, and Claret Wines, Brandy, Whiskey, Porter, Ale, and Cider. ALSO, Agent for Quaso's Royal Cabinet Champagne. oc21-3m 65 Louisiana avenue.

ARRIVED AND FOR SALE BY A. & H. BACON, 3[illegible] Pennsylvania avenue, between Four-and-half and Sixth street.
Old Java, Maracaibo, Rio, and San Domingo Coffee.
Choice Goshen Butter.
English and Underwood's American Pickles.
Complete assortment of Segars and Tobacco.
Sauces, Catsups, and Fresh Fruits.
The finest brands of Whisky, Brandy, Wines, Rum, Gin, and Bay Rum, by the barrel, bottle, or gallon.
Baker's Pure Old Rye Whisky.
Gibson's Old Family Nectar Whisky.
Willow and Wooden Ware of all kinds.
With a complete assortment of Choice Family Groceries and Sutler's Goods.
The trade supplied at the very lowest [illegible]

STOVES, STOVES, STOVES.

I have this day received a large lot of COOKING, PARLOR, OFFICE, AND CAMP STOVES, which I will sell at New York prices, at my Store, 336 E STREET, WASHINGTON, four doors from Grover's Theatre, (branch of 53 and 54 East Thirteenth street, New York).

The attention of OFFICERS, SUTLERS, &c., is called to my different patterns of TENT STOVES, prominent among which is the EVANS' TENT HEATER, which packs complete, with seven feet of pipe, in a box 8x12 inches, and weighs only 20 lbs.

no6—tf WILBUR F. STOCKING.

KINGSLAND'S STOVE AND SHEET-IRON WORKS, Maine avenue, between 4½ and 6th streets, WASHINGTON, D. C.

Stove Dealers and Sutlers will find at all times a large assortment of the following goods:
Kingsland's Patent Army Stoves in nests,
Kingsland Patent Tent and Barrack Heater.
Kingsland Coal Burner or Heater.
Kingsland Oval Tent Stove,
Kingsland Square-Tent Cook Stove, with Oven,
Kingsland Sutlers' Bake Oven.
Kingsland Church Heater,
Kingsland Hall Heater,
Kingsland Hospital Heater,
Kingsland Store Heater,
Kingsland Parlor Heater.

Also, all kinds of Sheet-Iron, Tin, Copper, and Zinc Work made at short notice, and at New York, Philadelphia, and Baltimore prices.

Sibley & Gay, 322 D street, agents for Kingsland Patent Stoves and Heaters.

Manufacturer's Depot, Maine avenue, between 4½ and 6th streets, Island, Washington, D. C. oc24-4m

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The undersigned is prepared to execute work of every description in a neat, durable and prompt manner. M. T. PARKER, No. 59 LOUISIANA AVENUE, Between Sixth and Seventh streets. no3 1md

GALLAGHER & BENJAMIN, BROKERS, 210 CHESTNUT STREET, Philadelphia, Penna. Prizes cashed in all legalized Lotteries, and information free. no19-1m*

BOOKS AND STATIONERY.

LONGFELLOW'S NEW POEM. Tales of a Wayside Inn. $1 25. Mailed free on receipt of publisher's price. Just published and for sale by HUDSON TAYLOR, Bookseller and Stationer, 334 Pennsylvania avenue. no19 1tS6 d

NEW BOOKS, NEW BOOKS. Soundings from the Atlantic; by Oliver Wendell Holmes. $1 25. Alice of Monmouth: an Idyl of the Great War, with other poems; by Edmund C. Stedman. $1 00. Heaven our Home; by the author of "Meet for Heaven." $1 00. Just published and for sale by HUDSON TAYLOR, Bookseller and Stationer, 334 Pennsylvania avenue. Sent by mail free, on receipt of publisher's price. no25 6t

CLAYTON'S DIARIES FOR 1864. Quarto, Octavo, and Tuck, just received. ☞ On and after Monday next, (30th instant) this store will be kept open till 8 o'clock in the evening. HUDSON TAYLOR, Bookseller and Stationer, 334 Pennsylvania avenue. no28 6tif

DENTISTRY.

NEW INVENTION OF ARTIFICIAL CHEOPLASTIC BONE TEETH Without Metal Plate or Clasps, BY DRS. SIGESMOND & HAYWARD, 260 Pennsylvania avenue, between Twelfth and Thirteenth sts., Washington; 231 King st., Alexandria. Their teeth will never corrode nor change color, being three-fourths lighter than any other; can be inserted over roots. The roots will be made inoffensive—never to ache. This work has been tested over eight years by many of the first Chemists and Physicians of this country. Drs. S & H. have also invented a white indestructive metal, with which the most sensitive teeth can be filled without pain; and can build up a perfectly sound tooth on any side roots—and warranted. Teeth extracted without pain if desired. oc24-dAwtf

DENTISTRY. DR. M. LOOMIS Performs all operations in his profession at reasonable prices, and warrants all operations. Teeth extracted without pain by the use of Laughing Gas (nitrous oxide) whenever desired. no7-1m

WASHINGTON HOTELS.

KIRKWOOD HOUSE, PENNSYLVANIA Avenue cor. of TWELFTH Street, WASHINGTON, D. C. SPRAGUE & CO., Proprietors. se25-tf

METROPOLITAN HOTEL (LATE BROWN'S) PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE, Between Sixth and Seventh Streets, WASHINGTON CITY. S. S. POTTS, Proprietor. my20-6m [Phila. Press copy.]

THE WAVERLY, No. 451 Eighth street, between E and F streets. (OPPOSITE THE GENERAL POST OFFICE.) WASHINGTON, D. C. LANGLEY & FARNAM.......Proprietors. The Larder and Bar of this House are constantly supplied with the choicest of all the varieties the markets afford. Dinners and Suppers for Parties gotten up at the shortest notice by experienced cooks. Families supplied with Oysters, Game, &c. S. G. LANGLEY, mo3-tf H. S. M. FARNAM.

NATIONAL HOTEL, WASHINGTON, D. C. H. S. BENSON, PROPRIETOR, Formerly of the Ashland House, Philadelphia. He is determined to merit and hopes to receive a full share of public patronage. ap9-1y

245 247 249 GOSLING HOUSE, PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE, BET. 12TH and 13TH, (Known as the GOSLING RESTAURANT) is now completed and ready to accommodate Travellers and Strangers with Good Rooms, and every attention is paid to the comfort of guests. This will, therefore, make it one of the most desirable places for Travellers and Strangers to stop. THIS HOUSE, which is so well known as one of the best in the city, needs no advertising. This new enterprise combined, the proprietor feels assured that whoever will favor him with their patronage, will leave his establishment well satisfied. P. S.—Gentlemen wishing private rooms for dinner parties can be accommodated. GOSLING HOUSE, 245, 247, 249 Pennsylvania avenue, between 12th and 13th streets, south side. d31-6m*if

CLARENDON HOTEL. This Hotel, situated on the corner of Pennsylvania avenue and Sixth street, has been thoroughly renovated, refurnished, and in every way fitted for the pleasant accommodation of guests. The house is open at all hours. The public may rely that the bar, the cuisine, and the whole entertainment will be unexcelled. fe24-tuthsa-tf

CARD TO THE PUBLIC.—The undersigned having sold his entire interest in the CITY HOTEL to COLONEL ROBERT M. McCLURE, respectfully solicits for him the patronage of his friends and the public. SAMUEL HEFLEBOWER. Alexandria, Virginia, July 1, 1863. Having purchased from Mr. Samuel Heflebower the old established house, known as the CITY HOTEL, I respectfully solicit a share of public patronage. ROBERT M. McCLURE, Late Lieutenant Colonel Fourth regiment Pennsylvania Reserve Volunteer Corps. jy17-tf

THE PROPRIETOR OF THE CLARENDON HOTEL, having altered and refitted the Dining Room, is prepared to take a limited number of Day Boarders at moderate prices. The table, at all times, will be equal to any hotel in the city. mh2-tf

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TO SUTLERS AND HOTEL KEEPERS. We have just received a full supply of BLODGETT & SWEET'S PATENT GALVANIZED OVENS, which we will sell lower than they have been sold in this city before. We have No. 2 to No. 7. E. H. & H. I. GREGORY, 371 Pennsylvania avenue, no27-1t

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NO. 486. PAPER HANGINGS No 486.
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No. 486. OVAL PICTURE FRAMES. No. 486.
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A Choice Selection at J. MARKRITER'S, No. 486 Seventh street, Eight doors above Odd Fellows' Hall. TERMS CASH. no7-2md&S*

486 PAPER HANGINGS. 486 GOLD and VELVET, GOLD STAMPED, and MEDIUM PRICED GOLD PAPERS. Also a variety of Glazed and Blank Papers at the LOWEST CASH PRICES. FIREBOARDS, PRINTS, STATUES, CENTRE PIECES, &c., &c. New and Beautiful Designs, Gilt Band Window Shades. Buff or any required Style or Size of Shade Made to Order. OVAL PICTURE FRAMES, warranted to be Gilded with Gold Leaf. The Handsomest Assortment in the District from the Best Manufactory in the country. Also, an assortment of Dark Wood Frames, with a beautiful variety of small-sized Oval and Carte Visite Frames of Foreign and Domestic Manufacture. PICTURE CORD AND TASSELS. Different Sizes and Colors, Picture Rings, Nails, &c. Purchasing exclusively for cash, the above goods, according to their quality, will be disposed of at as low rates as they can be purchased for in the District. No misrepresentation made to effect sales. A call solicited from those needing the above goods. Terms Cash. J. MARKRITER. Please remember the number—486 Seventh street, eight doors above Odd Fellows' Hall, and the Terms Cash for Goods and Labor. no11-d&S1m*

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IMPORTERS OF WINES and LIQUORS. LAUMAN, SALLADE & CO., No. 128 South Ninth street, bet. Chestnut and Walnut, G. M. LAUMAN, A. M. SALLADE, J. D. BITTING. PHILADELPHIA. no20 d&Stf

TO THE BUSINESS PUBLIC. Having been appointed a Commissioner to take Deposition, the Acknowledgment of Deeds, and other Instruments of writing, to be used in the States of Pennsylvania, Tennessee, Minnesota, and the Territory of New Mexico, &c., I would inform the business community that I can be found at my office, No. 6, basement of west wing of the City Hall, between the hours of 9 A. M. and 3 P. M. ZACH. B. BROOKE, Commissioner of Deeds. no3-tf

MILITARY BUCKSKIN GLOVES and GAUNTLETS.—Officers by sending an order with number of kid glove they wear, can immediately be supplied, at $1 per pair for Buck Gauntlets and $1 for Lamb-lined do. Regiments and companies can be supplied with Buck Gauntlets, at 90 cents per pair. A large assortment of Lone Black Leggings, Undershirts, and Drawers, constantly on hand and made to order. HEALEY & CO., S. E. corner of Fourth and Chestnut streets, Philadelphia. no5-2m

BOOKS AND STATIONERY.

MRS. WOOD'S NEW BOOK. THE RUNAWAY MATCH, BY MRS. HENRY WOOD, Author of "Verner's Pride," "Squire Trevlyn's Heir," "The Earl's Heirs," "East Lynne," "Channings," "Mystery," "A Life's Secret," "Castle's Heir," "Shadow of Ashlydyat," "Lost Bank Note," &c., &c. Price 50 cents per copy.

Just published, new editions of all the works of Mrs. Southworth, Mrs. Dennis, Mrs. Henry Wood, Mrs. Ann S. Stephens, Charles Dickens, Samuel Lover, Charles Lever, Capt James Grant, J. F. Smith, Alexander Dumas, and all other popular authors. All Books and Magazines sent free of postage on receipt of advertised prices. Almanacs and Diaries for 1864, for sale at SHILLINGTON'S Book Store, Odeon Building, corner Four and-a-half street and Pennsylvania avenue, Washington. de1-2t

NEW BOOKS!! NEW BOOKS!!! My Farm of Edgewood, by Ike Marvel. $1 50. Reveries of a Bachelor, by Ike Marvel. $1 25. Dream Life, a fable of the seasons. $1 25. The Yankee Boy from Home. $1 25. Merivale's History of the Romans. Vol. I. $2. Speeches and Lectures of Wendell Phillips. $2 50. Hospital Sketches, by L. M. Alcott, 50 cents. Just published and for sale by HUDSON TAYLOR, Bookseller and Stationer, 334 Pennsylvania avenue. no2-tf

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Scott's Military Dictionary, $5
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, The above, and all Military and Naval Books mailed free of charge on receipt of publishers' prices. Catalogues of Naval, Military, and Miscellaneous Books sent by mail, when requested, free of charge. HUDSON TAYLOR, Bookseller and Stationer, 334 Pennsylvania av. no14-d&2tf

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Having recently added to our Establishment a large assortment of BOOK AND JOB TYPE, We are prepared to do ALL KINDS OF PRINTING AT SHORT NOTICE AND IN THE VERY BEST MANNER.

Our PRESSES are all of the latest construction, and the TYPE is from the best foundries in the country, suitable to print
BUSINESS CARDS,
CIRCULARS,
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BILLS OF FARE,
ARMY BLANKS,
PAMPHLETS,
SHOW BILLS,
RAILROAD TICKETS,
HANDBILLS,
VISITING CARDS,
&c., &c., &c., &c.

We guarantee satisfaction in every instance and respectfully solicit a share of public patronage.

Orders sent to or left at the CHRONICLE OFFICE, 456 NINTH STREET, will meet with attention. se5-tf

McGILL & WITHEROW, STEAM PRESS PRINTERS, CONSTITUTION BUILDING, E street, between Eleventh and Twelfth streets, one square north of Penn. avenue, WASHINGTON, D. C. my9-6mif

HENRY POLKINHORN, Steam Power-Press BOOK AND JOB PRINTER. Nos. 375 and 377 D street, between Sixth and Seventh streets, nearly opposite the Office of the National Intelligencer. jy17-1y

ARMY BLANKS OF ALL KINDS PRINTED at the Chronicle Job Printing Office.

Daily Chronicle.

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 2, 1863.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

— The baptism of Prince Napoleon's son is at this moment a great stumbling block to the church. The little prince was half-baptized (ondoye) immediately after his birth; but it is almost without precedent that the full ceremony of baptism should be postponed longer than six months. The infant is now more than a year old, and the reason given for the extraordinary delay is that Prince Napoleon will have no other godfather for his son than the King of Italy, who is excommunicated. The Pope making a great point of holding to the excommunication in this case, no bishop in France can be found to fly openly in the face of the church, and Prince Napoleon, with equal firmness, declares that, unless Victor Emmanuel holds his infant over the font, he shall not be baptized at all.

— Captain Poulain, of the French engineers, in a recent treatise on the colony of Senegal, proposes, as its soil and climate are favorable for the cultivation of cotton, that "the fugitives and exiles from the Southern States, being born in a warm climate, and best able to bear that of Africa," shall be invited to settle there, and receive allotments of land to induce their emigration. This looks very much as if some Frenchmen, if not the Emperor, believe the rebellion is nearly ended, and that a good many rebels will have to seek some country where they can again employ Africans in raising cotton.

— The New York *Post* says that, lately, during a severe storm, several young ladies entered one of the cars running through University Place on their way to school. An old and respectable-looking colored woman entered the car at the same time. The conductor stopped the car and ejected her from it. The young ladies, in their indignation at this outrage, left the car in a body, and walked to their school, one of the best in the city. They arrived late, but, on relating the cause of their detention, they received, as they deserved, the praises of the principal and of their teachers.

— On Sunday last, Mr. Timothy McEvoy, of the firm of McEvoy & Brothers, Grand street, New York, for some cause determined to kill his wife. He obtained a six-barreled revolver, and fired three shots at her. One ball passed through the fleshy part of the left arm; another grazed her right eye, causing the blood to flow very freely; the third shot missed its aim and the bullet lodged in the wall. Mr. McEvoy, believing that he had killed her, immediately gave himself up and will be held to await the result of her injuries.

— Absolutely correct pictures are said to be impossible with photographers. The lens magnify the objects nearest to it, more than those more distant. Thus the hands, feet, nose, &c., are out of proportion compared with the eyes and face. Colonel Wortley, who has been lecturing on the subject, recommends the plan of taking the head and shoulders only of the size of a shilling, and carefully vignetting it, with always a plain background.

— A London physician has appeared before the Court of Bankruptcy. His debts was principally for borrowed money, and his two chief creditors are the Princess Lobonoff, of Paris, to whom he owes £24,000, and the Princess Walhonski, of the same city, to whom he owes £16,000. It is wonderful how a man with his name could have been in such high credit with these rich dames. It is *Londy-rickle*.

— The Cazenovia *Republican* says that Rev. Walter Jerome, of the Oneida Conference, died suddenly at the Seminary in that village on Tuesday. He left the charge at Montezuma Sunday evening, on his way to Cazenovia, stopping over night at Port Byron. He arrived there Monday and was taken with congestion of the lungs, brought on by exposure, which terminated in death as stated above.

— Blondin's salary for appearing at the Crystal Palace, London, has fallen from one hundred to ten pounds a time. Probably this is the secret of his last movement, which is recorded thus: "It is said that Blondin has joined in partnership with a Mr. Coleman, as wine merchant. The business will shortly be commenced under the firm of Coleman & Company."

— A Colonel Du Hamel is exhibiting a mechanical horse. Every few years we are treated to some of these curious automata. The latest specimen we have had is the walking doll. Some years ago there was a talking figure exhibited which actually spoke several sentences. Nothing has, however, yet surpassed Vaucanson's duck, which ate, swallowed, and digested its food.

— Mrs. Somerville, now in her eighty-third year, has completed a work on the solar spectrum, heat, electricity, the correlation of forces, and the constitution of minute atoms, animal, vegetable, and mineral. This lady, in physics and astronomy, is probably the most learned woman of the age.

— Lord Brougham left London for Paris on his way to Cannes, in the south of France, where he will pass the winter. Lord Brougham, who is now in his 86th year, and in excellent health, was accompanied by Mr. John Mayall, Jr., son of the London photographer.

— In a recent history of England from the fall of Woolsey to the death of Elizabeth, written by Froude, are published letters to Bothwell, which have been found in Spain, and, if genuine, prove beyond all question that Mary, Queen of Scots, designed and caused the death of Darnley, her husband.

— Lord Carlingford disputes the honors of M. Nadar, the French aeronaut. He claims for himself the credit of discovering the principle of aerial navigation, and promises that, in a short time, he will make the chariot, upon which he has been experimenting for many years, "fly in any direction."

— It is now asserted that the celebrated English engraver, Woollett, whose works are so celebrated, and have so often taken our surplus change from our pockets, did not know how to draw, and that his best productions were the work of his assistants.

— London papers complain that nothing has yet been done toward applying Mr. Peabody's gift of $600,000 for the improvement of the poorer classes of dwellings. The committee having the money in charge are strongly denounced in some quarters.

— The Princess of Solmy, (now Madame Ratazzi) a character the subject of much remark in London and Paris, and disclaimed by the family with which she alleges she is connected, is about to establish a newspaper entitled the *Italian Independence*.

— The Viceroy of Egypt will soon have a capital of nearly $1 000 000 in steam-ploughs on his own estates alone, and is about to form a model farm on a large scale, under the direction of an English agriculturist.

— The Court of Common Pleas of Fairfax county, Ohio, in the case of Dr. Edson B. Olds against Governor Tod and others, for damages for false imprisonment, has denied the motion of the defendants to remove the case to the Circuit Court of the United States.

— Lieutenant John E. Hoffman, of the 3d West Virginia cavalry, was killed on the 24th instant, in a skirmish on the Rapidan. The deceased was a son of John H. Hoffman, Esq., of Morgantown, Va.

— William B. Kempton and Sallie Wostenholm, (daughter of J. B. Fisher,) both of Philadelphia, were married in New York on the 25th, and the wife died in Philadelphia on the 27th instant.

— M. Jules Favre has been obliged to excuse himself for not taking part in the first labors of the French chambers, in consequence of confinement to his house by indisposition.

— General Gibbon has been ordered from Cleveland to the command of the conscript depot at Philadelphia.

— John Savage, a well known printer of Philadelphia, has been promoted to the rank of captain of company B, Scott Legion.

— Liszt has been decorated by the Pope. He has received so many similar honors, it is said this new decoration will have to be worn on his back.

— The famous Duchess of Marlboro never dotted her i's, in order to save ink.

— The Baltimore county *American* has raised the flag of President Lincoln for re-election.

A CANADIAN youth of fourteen winters, and a cash income of $4 per month, has married a damsel of the mature age of twelve. Canada is getting precocious.

SOME learned chemists have been trying to find out the cause of the color of salmon, which is not half so important as to know how to catch them.

THE King of Italy at Chantilly won the first cash he has ever got by racing in France, namely, £100. His horses are entered in the name of Carter.

GRAND BALL IN ST. LOUIS.

Inauguration of the Lindell Hotel on the Night of November 25.

Scenes In and Out of Doors.

[From the St. Louis Democrat.]

The opening of the Lindell Hotel—the largest and finest building of its kind on the continent—marked an era in the progress of St. Louis. Our city was shunned by travellers, and voted a bore by national conventions, on account of the meagreness of the accommodations afforded by the hotels here. Not that we did not possess several very excellent houses where a wayfaring man, though a snob, might "take his ease in his inn," but there was no house large enough to accommodate that "rush of travel" which, for years past, has semi-annually flooded the city with a host of sojourners.

It was to supply this want, which was fast operating against the progress, the prosperity of St. Louis, that the immense structure known to-day as the Lindell Hotel was erected. Our citizens are not in the habit of mincing matters when they undertake an enterprise, and they lavished their wealth upon the new hotel by the million.

WHAT WILL THEY DO WITH IT?

When the edifice was completed, they felt something like the man who won the elephant in the raffle—they had a "big thing," but it was useless without proper parties to manage it. The Lelands, of New York, declined the honor of keeping the largest hotel in the country, and for a time it went begging; but finally, like the man who went in search of his horse and found he was riding him, the good citizens discovered that the very men for the place were Sparr & Parks, formerly of the "Virginia," in the city. These popular hosts were accordingly installed in the Lindell, and the manner in which they furnished and fitted it up, and the style in which they have conducted it since it was opened to the public, amply demonstrate that they are the right men in the right place.

THE NEXT STEP,

after it was found that the grand enterprise was a success, was to assemble all the handsome ladies in the country, and have a great jollification. Accordingly, committees were appointed, and all the arrangements perfected for giving a ball which was to cost not less than ten thousand dollars, and eclipse everything of the kind known in modern history. The ladies were anxious to display their beauty—the citizens desired to exhibit their munificence to outside barbarians, and the shoddyites were aching to manifest to the outward senses of all creation the glittering tokens of their success in cotton, beef, and mule speculations. So the ball was announced, and at once the arrangements for shining thereat were commenced on a scale befitting the great occasion. A thousand tickets were guaranteed, and some of our public-spirited citizens took as many as a dozen, at ten dollars apiece. Great caution was used in issuing ladies' tickets, to prevent improper characters from gaining admittance.

THE NOTES OF PREPARATION.

The announcement of the forthcoming *fete* had the magic effect of a quartermaster's "Sealed Proposals;" it set everybody to work. Tailors ran their legs off hunting up journeymen to make Lindell coats; dress-makers pressed all the poor girls in their service to make Lindell dresses and cloaks, and jewellers made a brilliant speculation by selling and hiring Lindell diamonds and California quartz. Ladies sent to New York, and even to Paris, for fashionable costumes to wear at the Lindell ball. There was great emulation among fashionable females to appear in the costliest, the newest, and most unique costumes.

Passing over other herculean labors of the fair sisterhood, we come at once to

THE NIGHT OF THE BALL,

which was ushered in by the full, unclouded moon, which never looked down upon her votaries with a softer smile or a sweeter approval than on that eventful night of November 25th.

THE BUILDING

was brilliantly illuminated, and the long rows of globe lights on the principal front gave to the hotel a truly palatial appearance.

THE OUTSIDERS

who surrounded the house formed a vast mob of men, women, children, contrabands, and colored gentry, but the boyish and tomboyish element predominated both as to numbers and noise. For once the circus was outrivalled, and the hippopotamus, the biggest thing in the animal creation, was voted inferior to the Lindell. The managers showed their wisdom and foresight by stationing numerous squads of policemen around the building to guard its sacred portals from the rabble. But for this piece of strategy it is hardly doubted that the guerrillas would have forced an entrance, devoured the viands, and, perhaps, gobbled the diamonds on the ladies' dresses.

"HERE THEY COME,"

was shouted by the pickets which the young vagrants had stationed to watch the approach of the ladies; and at the signal a charge was made upon the Sixth-street entrance, which was known to be the sally-port for the ladies in carriages. This charge, although of a desperate character, was repulsed by the knights of the silver star with fixed batons, and the demoralized enemy retired to a safer distance.

THE LIGHT BRIGADE.

The disorganized mob of spectators on the streets numbered thousands. They formed a solid column from Green street to the centre of Washington avenue, the line resting on the curbstone in front of the State tobacco warehouse. Coöperating forces, made up principally of light infantry and trundle-bed trash, were posted along the sidewalks opposite the hotel, and as far out as the corner of Seventh street. The outposts carried on a bushwhacking warfare, climbing up to the windows of the carriages to peep in at the wonderful dresses and their wearers, and shouting in the most outlandish gibberish.

"THE GLASS DRESS."

By some means it had been rumored about town that a lady from the fine-spun city of Chicago would visit the ball in the "gorgeous array" of a spun glass dress; and it was to catch a glimpse of this fabulous garment that the crowd on the street watched with intense eagerness. At one time, while a lady whose dress was decorated with a profusion of silver spangles was approaching in her carriage, the alarm was given, "There goes the gal in the glass dress!" and a tremendous rush was made for the carriage, which was only saved from capture by the presence of mind of the driver, who applied his whip vigorously to the legs and other vulnerable portions of the assailants. In spite of this rebuff, however, another charge would have been made had not a tall boy in the crowd bellowed out, "Pshaw! this one's got on nothin' but dimuns—no glass dress at all!" Until past midnight these crowds haunted the streets, saluting each carriage as it rolled up with its fairy freight with the most odd remarks imaginable.

THE INNER TEMPLE.

The portions of the building appropriated to the dancers were brilliantly illuminated and beautifully decorated. The platform occupied by Waldauer's band was ornamented with large flags, and on each side of the doors and windows a pair of American flags drooped gracefully, while numerous regimental and company banners were suspended from the walls. The furniture in the parlors used on the occasion is of the richest material, and lost nothing by contrast even with the marvellous dresses of the ladies.

THE BALL ROOMS

were in all parts of the second story. Besides the entire range of parlors running the whole length of the building on the south side, the space opposite the grand orchestra, and the wide passages between the rooms, were crowded with dancers. The principal ball room, however, was the spacious hall on the north side; and here Professor Vogel's quadrille band discoursed most eloquent music. In this hall about a hundred and fifty couple danced at the same time, without inconveniently crowding each other. A third band played in one of the parlors near the southwest corner.

THE GUESTS.

The number of guests has been computed at four thousand, which is nearly double our estimate. Everything went off smoothly, and we saw no noticeable breach of etiquette during the entire evening.

Among the distinguished gentlemen present we noticed Commodore Holt, in full naval uniform—a small man, with the experience of age and the vigor of youth; General Schofield, commander of this department; General Totten, Colonel Myers, Captain Schofield, Captain Pat. Dyer, Lieutenant Hubbell, of the Navy, and quite a number of other officers of the land and naval service, beside many other of our most prominent and respectable citizens.

THE LADIES

were about in equal proportion to the gentlemen. Among them were a number of strangers, noted for talent or beauty. Mrs. Conrad, from Florence, Italy, Miss Ward, from Louisville, two Misses Warfield, from Lexington, Kentucky, "Howard Glyndon," besides representatives from nearly all the principal Eastern and Western cities. Such an army of beauty and fashion was never before seen in St. Louis; and those who missed the sight can form no idea of the truly magnificent spectacle. There was something about each and every one—either in manners, dress, or conversational talent—that attracted the admiring attention of the observer. A plain face may glow with the reflected light of precious stones, and an uncomely form may charm the eye by the grace of its movements. But the majority were decided belles—beauties who borrowed nothing from the decorations of art. We were pleased to notice that amid the glow of lace and flash of gaudy colors, many of the sweetest faces appeared in simple costume. The opera cloaks were of various styles, and mostly of rich colors.

THE MUSIC

was superb. Four bands performed during the evening. Opening with a medley of national airs, the orchestra, led by Waldauer, played the Overture to Stradella, and Mendelssohn's magnificent Wedding March. Then followed the dances, which continued until five o'clock in the morning.

WHETTING THE APPETITE.

About 12 o'clock Mr. January announced that the doors of the supper room would be thrown open, so that the guests could promenade past the tables and feast their eyes upon the good things in store for them. This was rather tantalizing to the hungry, for the tables presented a feast for the gods. There were four tables, extending nearly two hundred feet each, and every one loaded with a profusion of edibles. There were creams and custards, jellies, boned turkeys, oysters in all styles, birds, lobster salads, creams, blanc mange, spider web candies, pyramids of cake, towers of grapes, and other things "too tedious to mention." After the company had gazed their fill, the order was given to fill their stomachs, and they were not slow obeying.

THE SUPPER,

being the most expensive part of the entertainment, and by all odds the best ever set in this city, deserves a particular description, but we abandon the attempt in despair. Among the items bought for the tables, as specimens of the magnitude of each variety, were 100 dozen quails; 250 turkeys, 40 dozen of poultry for salads; 120 gallons of oysters; over 1 000 pounds of cakes; 150 gallons ice creams; 1 000 pounds Malaga and Oslo grapes. There was no extra charge for the supper, but the wine was another thing, and consequently the blood of the grape did not flow as freely as at the great rushin' ball in New York. Champagne opened its battery pretty freely, however, but no one was knocked off his pins. After two thousand persons had assaulted the tables and retired in good order, there seemed enough left to gorge at least two thousand more.

THE MANAGERS

performed their several parts to perfection. Everything moved like clock work, and nothing of an unpleasant nature occurred to mar the harmony of the scene. A more gentlemanly and efficient set of managers could not have been selected, and the triumphant success of the ball is due to their activity and sagacity.

"THE WEE SMA' HOURS"

of the morning found the revellers pursuing the fleeting moments with unwearied feet, although some of the more sedate dropped off after supper. At five o'clock the music ceased. The ladies sought their cloaks in the dressing rooms, the carriages whirled away with their light burthens, and the banquet-hall was deserted. The Lindell Ball was closed, but the memory of the gorgeous scene will long dwell in the minds of those who were fortunate enough to mingle in the festivities.

"WHAT GOOD DID IT DO?"

asks the censorious critic, who can find sermons in stones, and regards a satin slippered foot as the devil's shuttle weaving the web of destruction. To us it is apparent that the ball has done a deal of good. It has put in circulation a large pile of greenbacks that otherwise would have mouldered in the safes of rich old fathers and guardians. It has given employment to hundreds of sewing girls and milliners, and enabled many of our merchants and jewellers to make a handsome profit on goods that will not keep in the market. It has opened the heart of many a marriageable bachelor, by revealing to him the divinity of beauty set off with all the advantages of the toilette. There is no telling the good that will result from this ball, and we do not see any harm that it is likely to produce. At any rate it is over, and Messrs Sparr & Parks may congratulate themselves upon its success; for it will bring to them hosts of customers from all parts of the world, who will hear from their friends who were present how magnificently gotten up and managed was the great Lindell Ball.

A JOURNEY THROUGH WISCONSIN.

The Grazing Lands of the State—Peculiarities of Western Wit.

[Correspondence of the N. Y. Evening Post.]

LA CROSSE, WIS., Nov. 14, 1863.

The approach to La Crosse by way of the railroad from Milwaukie, for a large part of the route, is through a rich farming country. It is a matter of continued surprise to a resident of the Eastern States to find those vast plains of the West as thickly settled and as carefully cultivated as Connecticut or New York. There are not as many large cities and villages, but the entire country is "fenced in," the fields are in every condition of cultivation, the pastures filled with thousands of sheep, cows, and oxen, and the houses and barns bearing slight evidences of the rounding hand of time, yet wearing all the appearances of a knowledge of modern improvement.

THE CITY OF LA CROSSE.

La Crosse is a city with some six thousand inhabitants. It is a pretty town, lying between the bluffs and the river, which, winding through wooded islands, here rolls into the bank in its downward way to the gulf. The business of the place is chiefly in that which passes through it, either in the produce sent East, or merchandise destined for St. Paul and the large population scattered over the neighboring State of Minnesota. One can form an estimate of the tremendous emigration flowing in one unending, never-ceasing stream, yet farther West, in the fact that four hundred teams loaded with the families and household furniture of the new settlers passed through this city last month; many of them are foreigners, who struggle through Wisconsin by way of Canada—Germans, Belgians, and others.

It is impossible to say where this procession finally rests. As one travels over the fields, the mountains, the lakes, from the Atlantic to the Mississippi, the mind is ever filled with the thought of immense space, a boundless country. But all this is but a fraction of that vast beyond. And so those home seekers travel on, day after day, dropping out here and there by the wayside, to-day in Minnesota, to-morrow in Iowa. Sometimes they find their choice near the head-waters of the Republican or Yellow Stone, or are drawn into the great maelstrom which whirls about the mines of gold and silver of Nevada, of Idaho, and California. Every Western man has a just pride in the value and advantages of his own State, and they are not over and above modest in asserting their claims; but I find nearly every one I meet loud and enthusiastic in their praises of Minnesota.

GRAZING LANDS.

Gentlemen who have visited every part of the West in search of grazing and farming lands tell me that nothing in all the great valley equals this beautiful State. A rich grass land covers the most of the State, watered by numberless streams, whose banks are more or less heavily timbered. While the country is of that character which would be termed "rolling prairie," yet it is covered with springs of purest water, and, if we except the Brimstone Bluffs on the great river, there is but little rock to be found. Following the manifest destiny of all creation, I also have been jogging westward—let me come back to my subject, Wisconsin.

WISCONSIN BEER.

I have said above that the business of La Crosse lay chiefly in the merchandise which passes through it, east and west. Let not my thirst-slaked throat prove ungrateful. Lager beer is manufactured here in I do not know how large quantities. With the memory of Strasburg ale imbibed at its fountain-head, with vivid recollections of all kinds of beer drank from London to Beersheba, I claim that Wisconsin bears off the palm against the world. It is not considered tedious nor fashionable to partake of this vintage of the hops by many good people, but I wish to put in one serious word in its behalf. Several years ago you could not pass a street groggery, you could not journey on a steamboat nor on the cars—in truth you could not move about the western country, but what you would constantly see evidence of intoxication from whiskey drinking. Right gladly do I affirm that, during my three months' sojourn in the West, I have seen but two instances of intoxication, and I attribute this grand temperance reform solely to the influence of lager beer. These breweries are established all over the land, and the Germans and our own people, instead of swallowing that fearful fire water, to the destruction of health and happiness, indulge in moderate libations of this delicious extract from the climbing vine, which, comparatively at least, conduces to both health and a quiet mind.

THE LUMBERMEN.

Away up north of this city the State of Wisconsin stretches four hundred miles to Lake Superior. It is mostly a timber country, and mills are scattered here and there on every stream. A strange unique people are these lumbermen, tall, rough, hardy fellows, subject to all sorts of exposure, running easily their ninety miles a day—a long story that, but true—acquiring but little, and happy at that. They are the honor of the glorious Fifth and Seventh, whose exile to the backwoods has not lessened their patriotism, nor their hatred of the slaveholders' oppression.

Those Western men have a quaint wit of their own. The provost marshal of this district, although a straightforward, honorable, big hearted fellow, is something of a bruiser, and seems to have been selected for his fighting qualities. A few days since there was an ugly customer of a deserter whom none of the sobs dared to arrest. Captain O. though he would undertake the job. A fight was the result of the encounter.

"For the first three minutes," said he, in his description of the battle, "I went down every lick; that big fist of his was crushing; and he's science, too, I can tell you."

"But you thrashed him and took him prisoner; didn't you? How was that?"

"O yes, he's fixed. But I stayed with him." If some of our generals in the field should "stay" with the rebels after a fight, in the captain's meaning of the word, we should be able sometimes to show richer fruits of victory.

ABOUT IRISH AND WESTERN WIT.

In one's journeyings through the world there is nothing, it seems to me, more marked than this wit of the people, peculiar to each nation and the different sections of a country. I shall never forget a comical scene I witnessed in a public thoroughfare in the city of Dublin, Ireland. It is well to designate the country, for you may find one or more Dublin in every State of the Union. The bakers in that famous city serve their customers from the flat tops of their wagons, which are usually covered with well-sized loaves of bread. One of these venders had disappeared for a moment in a house near by. The occasion was at once seized by a bare legged "spalpeen," who surmounted the wheels of the cart, clapped a loaf under each arm, and gained the sidewalk just as the owner appeared. "Look here, you young devil," shouted the proprietor, "what are you doing with that bread?"

"Seeing which is heaviest, yours or mine," was the reply. Weighing one in each hand he continued, "I b'ave you in, here, take your only loaf;" and the precocious juvenile trotted off with his gains. This little operation was slightly dishonest but peculiarly Irish. Western wit is as peculiar in its way. We had an illustration of it here the other day, differing, however, from that narrated above. A Universalist clergyman, who has for years felt and expressed utter abhorrence to the doctrine of future punishment, with patriotic fervor accepted a chaplaincy in one of our regiments and served through an arduous campaign in the Army of the Cumberland. A few days since, being home on sick leave, he was called upon to address a town meeting. In the course of his remarks he touched on the atrocious barbarities of the rebels. "My friends," he said, "I have always preached to you against any such institution as hell or future punishment, but my experience within the last few months has modified my opinion somewhat; I believe there is a hell provided for those wicked devils as a military necessity."

THE SUNDAY MORNING CHRONICLE.

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Localities in the Southwest.

Chickamauga Station.—This is named after Chickamauga creek, which finds its source in Walker county, Georgia, and flows into the Tennessee river near Chattanooga. The Indian word *Chickamauga* signifies "very crooked," and is a most appropriate name, indeed, for the serpentine river.

Ringgold.—This town was named after the gallant Major Ringgold, who fell early in the Mexican war. It is twenty-two miles south of Chattanooga. It is a romantically-situated little village. Lead is found here in considerable quantities. Houses of brick. Population before the war, two thousand. Near this place are the celebrated Catoosa mineral springs.

Tunnel Hill, thirty one miles south of Chattanooga, on the Western and Atlantic railroad, stands in Murray county, Georgia, where the mountains seem to come together, forming a sublime, a terrific amphitheatre, as though with a titanic purpose of hemming in the railroad. The tunnel at this place is 1,417 feet long, 18 feet high, and with a clear width of twelve feet, but is in some respects inferior to the tunnel on the Louisville and Nashville, or even the one upon the Pennsylvania Central road. This cut in Georgia is in a great measure through solid rock, the lateral walls of rock being six feet thick at the base, and five feet at the top. The approach to the tunnel are protected on both sides by massive masonry.

Dalton.—Dalton is thirty-eight miles from Chattanooga, and beyond the tremendous ranges of mountains which almost entirely fill the space between this place and the State line. Dalton obtains its name from Tristam Dalton, an eminent New England merchant. It is the capital of Whitfield county, and was laid out late in the year 1840.

[Its location is in a beautiful and fertile valley, environed by mountains, from the summits of which the eye is regaled with the grandest scenery. This section of Georgia was the largest grain producing country in the State. All around Dalton are excellent limestone springs, which will afford an abundance of pure water for our men, both for purposes of drinking and bathing. Dalton is one of the most flourishing towns in the State, having a population of three thousand, many of whom are Germans. The population had, up to the commencement of the rebellion, increased two thirds in three years, owing to its railroad importance.]

The distance to Atlanta is about a hundred miles, through a rather poor section of Georgia, only disturbed by an occasional range of monster hills, and a dozen or more forlorn, straggling villages and towns. The railroad will, no doubt, be immediately put in motion between Chickamauga and Dalton, the latter place, probably, serving as a sub-base for supplies, which must be furnished previous to the direct movement upon Atlanta.

Cleveland is twenty-seven miles northeast of Dalton, and eighty-three miles from Knoxville. It is the capital of Bradley county, Tenn. It was founded in 1840, and contains about one thousand inhabitants. It is one of the termini of the Cleveland and Dalton railroad, and the East Tennessee and Georgia railroad runs through it.

A Relic of Port Hudson.

The following curious document was found in a coffin buried at Port Hudson, with a number of private papers, arms, &c. It is interesting now only to show how far short of results were the anticipations and hopes of the rebels to defeat General Banks at Port Hudson. The defence of the rebels at Port Hudson was gallant, but could not resist the persistent attacks of Banks and his brave army:

INSTRUCTIONS FOR (REBEL) COMMANDERS.

HEADQUARTERS, PORT HUDSON, LA.,
May 25, 1863.

The men will be placed at the breastworks at intervals as skirmishers, so as to cover the entire line, the intervals being less where there is the most probability of an attack. When an attack is developed at any portion of the line, the troops to the right and left will be quickly closed in to that part, moving by the flank as skirmishers along the breastworks, and not waiting to assemble together. With the stern, determined courage that Southern men are capable of, the enemy can be repulsed with great slaughter. In case the enemy should be driven back at any part, the nearest troops will make a spirited dash for a short distance outside of the breastworks by the nearest point of egress, to return as quickly as possible.

Should it happen that the men are pressed back from the breastworks, every man will halt at the nearest cover, turn and deliver his fire as rapidly as possible, and others will rally there. Reinforcements will move immediately to that point, and, when a few are together, will make a spirited dash at the enemy disorganized in passing the breastworks, and press him back at the point of the bayonet. A half dozen determined men could hurl back many under such circumstances. Let every man have confidence in himself and neighbor, and quickly obey orders and determine to hold his position to the last, and success is certain. Quiet must be maintained at all times, so that all orders can be heard and understood.

With the blessings of God we will hurl back our hated foe, and convince him that Southern hearts cannot be subjugated, and Southern soil cannot be held by a vile invader.

The successes of yesterday, the first day of the attack, are cheering, and our losses very small.

By command of Major General Frank Gardner.

C. M. JACKSON, A. A. A. G.

A Duelling Reminiscence.

The New York correspondent of the Philadelphia *Press* writes:

A well-known and most estimable lady, whose name was, some years ago, connected by gossip with a duel between a brace of fashionable gentlemen, has recently died in this city. The facts of the case were not very plainly understood at the time; perhaps there was nothing about them worthy of being understood; at all events the two gentlemen, one of whom is now a wealthy banker and a prominent politician, went out with pistols, and one of them came back in a carriage. It seems that there was some ill feeling between these valorous individuals, which culminated at length in a challenge; some said on account of this lady. H——, the party of the first part, and B——, the banker, accordingly took practice in the shooting galleries, and perfected themselves to the best of their abilities in the manipulation of fire arms. A little while ago a tree was cut down upon the Bloomingdale road, which contained a score or more of bullets, fired at it by one or both of the determined duellists whilst preparing for the interesting occasion. Previous to the meeting, H—— expressed his determination to leave B—— in an unpleasant predicament, while B——, to all probability, was equally menacing. When the day arrived, both parties betook themselves to the Elysian Fields at Hoboken, which, by the way, is the favorite duelling ground of the city swells, and then and there proceeded to load and prime. The result was that H—— aimed at his antagonist's heart, and wounded him in the hip, while B—— fired somewhere in the direction of the sun, damaging nothing material, as far as heard from. To-day the banker rides in his carriage, lamed for life. The lady married neither one of these gentlemen. As all parties moved in the best circles of society, a great sensation was created by the affair, which, indeed, has not yet been forgotten by those cognizant of the facts or familiar with the actors in the drama, which had almost become a tragedy.

A "Comfortable" Rebel Prison.

All our returned prisoners who have been at the Columbia (S. C.) jail speak of it as very comfortable, and of the food as good. This is, however, by comparison with other rebel prisons. We asked one of those recently from that jail, and who speaks of it always as a very decent place, where they were very well fed, to give us some details of this "comfortable" place. It appears then that the officers there slept on the floor wrapped in blankets. The jail is old and it is impossible to keep such a shaky old concern clean. The walls were full of cracks and seams, out of which issued swarms of bedbugs, lice and fleas. These it was impossible to evade. Then at night the rats and mice came out in full force, crawling under the blankets and making themselves friendly, or racing over the men in a sprightly manner. Occasionally it became necessary for those lying down to throw up their legs and scatter the too familiar crowd of rats and mice. The uniform rations for four months were fresh beef, corn meal, and a very little rice. No change from this diet—no vegetables, tea, coffee, or sugar. But they were not unkindly treated, and were allowed to purchase whatever they wanted that was for sale. They were able to buy two kinds of coffee—Rio and Rye.

"The Last Days of Pompeii" is the title of a new opera, without words, by Herr Rosen, (a Swedish composer,) just performed at Lubeck.

A new English order of merit, to be called the Albert Cross, has been suggested, for the purpose of decorating literary and scientific celebrities.

The Polish Count Zamoyski is about to sue the Emperor of Russia, and attach his property in England for burning the Zamoyski palace.

Two hundred thousand dollars worth of cheese are annually imported into Maine.

BREAD is fifty cents a loaf in Richmond.

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Daily Chronicle.

D. C. FORNEY, Publisher.

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 2, 1863.

WE ARE REQUESTED to announce that from this date until the meeting of Congress the President will be unable to receive visitors, his time being fully occupied by public business.

November 18, 1863.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

The rebel General Lee reported to the authorities at Richmond on Sunday morning that the Federal army was deploying on his front in line of battle, and reports up to Monday confirm this view. On that day heavy and continuous firing was heard from early dawn up to 3 o'clock P. M., and the probability is that a fierce engagement was in progress. Interesting details of the events of the preceding days will be found in our columns.

A dispatch to the Associated Press, dated Monday at noon, recapitulates the movements of Saturday, adding that our skirmishers pushed the enemy back to Mile Run on that day, where the main body of the enemy lay, with their batteries entrenched, and some firing took place on both sides. On Monday morning our batteries opened on the rebel works. The enemy responded feebly, and no attack was ordered. General Warren, who commanded the left found the enemy stronger in numbers than he supposed, and the forward movement was countermanded.

Later dispatches bring glorious intelligence. A courier from Knoxville had arrived at Cumberland Gap with information that the rebels attempted to cross the river on Sunday, and brought on a general engagement. They were repulsed, and General Wheeler's division of five thousand men was captured. All the available forces at Cumberland Gap had been sent forward to intercept Longstreet's retreat into Virginia. The Cincinnati *Gazette's* Cumberland Gap correspondent telegraphs this information.

Dispatches from Fortress Monroe, giving intelligence up to November 30, are to the effect that a vigorous bombardment of Forts Sumter, Moultrie, Johnson, and Simpkins were kept up from Batteries Gregg and Wagner. Four hundred and sixty one shots were delivered on Fort Sumter on Thursday and Friday.

The rebel reports from Atlanta of the battle of Chattanooga fully confirm the most favorable reports from our own generals. They admit the loss of more than five thousand prisoners, the leaving of their dead and seriously wounded in our hands, the retreat of the rebel army in confusion and disorder, and the loss of all their guns by the Washington and Cobb's artillery.

A dispatch from Knoxville, dated on Saturday last, says that Burnside's army was better prepared for an attack than the most sanguine had expected. A diversion made upon the position by the enemy had been repulsed. It is pretty certain that by this time Longstreet has raised the siege.

At some day, not yet announced, a grand demonstration is to be made in Maryland, in favor of the Sanitary and Christian Commissions.

We copy in to day's CHRONICLE an interesting account of the battle of Chattanooga, from the Cincinnati *Gazette*. It contains additional particulars of that important and successful fight.

An amusing narrative of a "Journey through Wisconsin," in to-day's paper, will repay perusal.

The description of the grand ball at the inauguration of the Lindell Hotel, at St. Louis, is pleasant reading.

A Mozart-Hall candidate for civil justice in New York city, has been arrested for shooting at and maiming a citizen.

Four or five more of Morgan's fellow-prisoners have contrived to reach Toronto, Canada.

Major Wasser, engaged in the fraudulent transactions at Cairo, has been arrested at Chicago.

THE STATUE OF FREEDOM CROWNING THE CAPITOL.

He who would understand the mission of the American Government should study the history of the magnificent edifice in which those who make and those who construe the laws of the nation hold their grave sessions and discharge their grave duties. He who doubts whether this mission is one of freedom or of slavery—of progression or retrogression—should ponder the eloquent lessons taught in the painted and marble memorials in the Capitol—in the very architecture of the entire structure—all of them instinct with the holy fire which has awakened the down-trodden millions of every century against the tyrant. There is not a stone, not a pediment, not a frieze, not an architrave, not a pillar, nor an alcove; there is not a line written nor a word carved; there is not a portrait, native or foreign, whether sketched by an American or by a transatlantic artist; there is not a statue nor an effigy; there is not a single emblem, whether one that recalls the past or symbolizes the future, in any part of this splendid pile, which recognises the institution of human slavery. Everywhere it is freedom that speaks. Freedom meets you as you ascend the sweeping stair leading into the vestibule on the western portico, and thence to the rotunda; and when you enter that you stand in the presence of those who not only wrote freedom all over our history, but who conceived our great charter, who framed the Declaration, who improvised the confederation, who builded the Constitution, who perished on the field, and who, with their last breath, gave to their posterity an immortal legacy, viz. that the American Union was to be forever dedicated to self-government and to the rights of man. If you pass from the rotunda and look eastwardly, freedom again welcomes and warns you. Directly facing you, in the opposite square, is the Genius of Liberty, and still farther on is the Father of his Country and the founder of the great metropolis which bears his name. So careful were the great men of the revolution not to be misconstrued in history, and so true to the precious trust confided to them by their constituencies; and so jealous and vigilant in their guardianship of the principles upon which they started the revolt against British tyranny, that they shunned the very word slavery as a word instinct with crime, and at war with the athletic civilization of which they were undoubtedly the progenitors on these shores; and faithfully and well have their successors embodied this example in all their legislation and in all their public acts. Not a single added memento or illustration is to be found in any of the many halls of the Capitol of the nation at variance with this ancient example. The patriots of 1776 look down approvingly from the walls; the heroes of 1812 smile upon us from the immortal canvass. The statesmen of the generation which began with Jackson and Adams are not forgotten, and those who occupied the foreground in the civic contests of 1831–44–48–52–54 are admirably represented. But no cadaverous Burr, the arch-fiend who first whispered disunion; no Cataline Calhoun, who took up the note of treason; no fiend and no ingrate, the mis-called Davis who shames the name of Jefferson, none of these have been gathered into this splendid temple of liberty. If ever such faces found a resting-place here they have been carried off, and have probably been buried so deep that nothing can awake them, until the last trump calls them before their offended God. It is, therefore, appropriate that an edifice thus hallowed by thousands of associations and dedicated to the perpetuation of the principles of human liberty, should stand through all time as a monument that the people of America living will protect, and dying will venerate, their beloved country. The ceremony of crowning the National Capitol with the colossal figure of freedom—the work of the lamented Crawford—which is to take place to day at 12 o'clock M., is an event that marks the wondrous age in which we live, and typifies and emphasizes the duties of the people and the destinies of the Republic.

EVIDENCES OF PROGRESS.

The diligent student of the religious history of the world will not fail to discover the fact of a steady and orderly progress of religious ideas from the beginning down to the present time. He may, here and there, chance upon an age when the physical laws of gravitation seem to have been partially inoperative, if not altogether suspended. But he who avoids that fallacy of judgment which measures the capacity of a race by that of the random taken individual, will not find a stumbling-block in the isolated phenomena of any age. Progress must be measured as it appears in the grand average of time.

What is peculiar and true of any one class of ideas is likewise true of every other class. If there be any difference it exists in degree, and not in kind. Were it possible to take in the whole range of human thought and ascertain its direction, doubtless it would be seen converging at a fixed and common point, the central idea of the universe. It is usual to say that man, everywhere, makes life a pursuit of happiness. It would be more truthful, as well as more philosophical, to say that man, everywhere, is striving for perfection. He may err in means and direction, but the impulse and the object remain the same.

This fact involves the undeniable fact of the orderly progress of the race. It may be said that nations famed for intelligence, and the varied accomplishments of science and art have relapsed into barbarism; so that the pitiless wilderness has approached and swallowed up their proud cities, their monuments, and their masterpieces. But the law of relapse is local and secondary. Like that which governs the tide of the sea, the receding wave of civilization gathers new force for a more extended overflow at its next advance. Babylon, with its splendor; Tyre, with its commerce; Thebes, with its fabled grandeur; the historic poems of ancient Greece and shadowy Egypt—the achievements of the age in which we live so eclipse them, that question of their reality is fast assuming the proportions of a gigantic unbelief.

It is safe to say that the principles of human government were never so clearly understood and wisely applied as they are to-day. It has been usual to say of this Government that it is the best ever devised and put in operation by man. Nor is it too high praise. Our institutions are in the nature of an attempt to realize the dream of men in all ages—to make man sovereign of himself. In less than a century of trial we find ourselves in the midst of terrific experiences. The political perturbation is of heretofore unknown violence. When we at first entered into this era of commotion we could not measure our indignation at the disturbers of our peace, and we called for, not the expelling of the disturbing element, but for the punishment of the agents whom that element had besotted and crazed. It required many months of buffetting to induce us to turn from the effect and contemplate the hideous cause. That buffetting was God's process of national education. It passed into the hearts of loving women and stern men, and left them riven and seared; but neither accident nor wantonness inflicted a single wound. Every stroke was necessary. The race would have been so much poorer had it received a stripe the less.

The struggle came, and found in the midst of this outgrowth of ideas, which we call Government, a monstrous growth, irritating, factious, grasping, and ambitious to absorb all its surroundings. In the midst of this framework of truth there existed, always active and aggressive, a LIE. This monstrous growth, this lie, was Slavery. Its presence was no more anomalous than are the granite spurs which pierce the rocks and soil of a vastly later period. It was the crudity of the barbarous past, teaching us to appreciate the enlightenment of the present by contrast. It was a teaching of human progress by negation. It was as necessary to the political salvation of man as the fiery scar of burning is necessary to ensure physical avoidance of hot iron. It was the iron proposed to enter the enlightened conscience of this nation and teach it habits, not of theoretical pity, but of practical justice.

When Calhoun declared that the relations of master and slave were the ordinances of nature, he endeavored to weld past error with present truth. It is not required in reverence or respect such a teacher; but humanity owed its awakening to the shock which that announcement gave to popular conscience. It brought forward another evidence of the orderly progress of man. For, not many centuries before, our very ancestors acquiesced in the practical operation of the doctrine. By degrees they awoke to better things; awoke, and demanded recognition as men, having thoughts, aspirations, and destinies, in common with those whose yokes they bore. Then they outgrew Great Britain, wearied of her slow response to the awakening spirit of universal freedom, and came here to plant anew the Liberty tree. Shall we condemn them because they brought with them the husks of error? Rather let us look to it that not a husk escapes the flames which are now purifying the land. We may learn something of history. At least, we may save the historian of these times the pain, and coming generations the shame, of acknowledging our incapacity to get wisdom of experience.

NEVER DURING a time of civil war have the people of any country, in addition to numerous local and minor benevolent agencies, sustained simultaneously two such grand and beneficent institutions as our Sanitary and Christian Commissions, both of which have proved of priceless value to our brave armies in the field and their sick and wounded comrades in the hospitals. Each of these has its own peculiar sphere of labor, and both have abundantly demonstrated the disinterestedness of their labors on the soldiers' behalf. The Sanitary Commission know no restrictions in their supplies of whatever is necessary for the comfort and well-being of the brave men in whose behalf they are so deeply interested. Money flows into their coffers with a current of marvellous force and fullness, and, as the people's trustees of these funds, they truly and faithfully carry out the wishes of the donors. We are informed that requisitions are made upon the Commission with the same freedom that they are upon the Government, and that these demands are always met. At this point, however, as we understand the operations of this noble society, their labors cease. They are a Sanitary Commission in the strict sense of the term, furnishing all things necessary for sanitary purposes, and leaving, as a general rule, the distribution of such supplies to those officers to whom is entrusted the duty of sanitary supervision. The Christian Commission, with less resources, distribute as well as supply the many necessaries, comforts, and delicacies which a military hospital requires, and through the numerous agents which such distribution employs come more directly in contact with the rank and file of the army. The noble band of women and men from this association, who are ever at hand when a battle is imminent or in progress, and who seem to live in the military hospitals, are almost worshipped in the army, as they may well be. We have heard it said, and we repeat it because it may serve as a useful hint to the Sanitary Commission, that a far larger proportion of the supplies sent by the Christian Commission reaches the private soldier than of those sent by the Sanitary Commission. At any rate the gift is more palpable, and the personal attention soothing and encouraging, where the hand of the donor administers the comfort.

HON. HORACE GREELEY.—The Washington Library and Dramatic Association have secured the services of this gentleman, so well known wherever freedom has a voice, to deliver the second lecture of their course at Odd Fellows' Hall on Tuesday evening next. The subject of the lecture will be, "The Questions of the Hour," one which Mr. Greeley will be sure to treat with vigor and clearness, and one that will interest every intelligent person. The association will doubtless have a crowded house that evening.

AT the Cooper Institute, New York, on Monday evening, the thirty-third anniversary of the Polish Revolution was appropriately celebrated. There was a fine display of American and Polish flags, speeches were made in English, Polish, and French, songs were sung, and instrumental music discoursed. Judge Edmonds presided. R. O'Gorman made the principal speech. The audience was very large and very enthusiastic.

Senators and Representatives now in Washington.

SENATORS.

Conness	Cal	Willard's Hotel.
Grimes	Iowa	National Hotel.
McDougall	Cal	National Hotel.
Ramsey	Minn	National Hotel.
Sherman	Ohio	
Saulsbury	Del	National Hotel
Wilkinson	Minn	National Hotel.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Arnold	Ill	
Alley	Mass	
Baldwin	Mass	Joy's.
Beaman	Mich	National Hotel.
Bennett	Colo.	
Boyd	Mo	
Clark	N. Y.	National Hotel.
Colfax	Ind	National Hotel.
Cole	Cal	
Cobb	Wis	Joy's
Cox	Ohio	Willard's Hotel.
Daily	Neb	E street.
Donnelly	Minn	National Hotel.
Driggs	Mich	National Hotel.
Farnsworth	Ill	National Hotel.
Fenton	N Y.	National Hotel.
Higby	Cal	Avenue House.
Holman	Ind	
Hubbard	Iowa	Metropolitan Hotel
Kasson	Iowa	251 F street.
Kellogg	N Y	Washington House
Longyear	Mich	244 D street.
M'Clurg	Mo	267 G street
Morrill	Vt	Culpman's.
Orth	Ind	417 Thirteenth street.
Price	Iowa	National Hotel.
Pendleton	Ohio	
Rollins	N. H	National Hotel.
Stevens	Pa	279 South B street.
Shannon	Cal	Avenue House.
Washburne	Ill	Willard's Hotel.
Windom	Minn	Avenue House.
Whaley	W. Va	Rollman's.

[Senators and Members will please report their names and residences at the office of THE DAILY MORNING CHRONICLE.]

THE CROWNING OF THE DOME OF THE CAPITOL.—At 12 o'clock, noon, to-day, the "Statue of Freedom," the crowning feature of the dome of the Capitol, will take place in the presence, no doubt, of a large gathering of citizens and strangers. This statue is nineteen feet six inches high, and weighs nearly fifteen thousand pounds. It is composed entirely of bronze, and is constructed in five sections, the weight of the heaviest of which is 4,740 pounds. The statue has been washed with an acid which causes a slight oxidation, thus producing a rich and uniform bronze tint, which will never change.

The "Statue of Freedom" was modelled in plaster by Crawford, the lamented, eminent sculptor, for which model the price of three thousand dollars was paid, and was cast at the foundry of Clark Mills, Esq., at Bladensburg. The entire cost of this great work of art is from twenty five to thirty thousand dollars. During the past two weeks three sections of the statue have been elevated to the tholus of the dome; the fourth one, embracing the chest of the figure, was placed in position yesterday, so that to-day little remains to be done other than that of setting the head of the statue. The height of the iron work above the basement floor of the Capitol, including the crowning statue, is 287 feet.

A word or two in reference to the dome of the Capitol may not be uninteresting to our readers. The old dome was built of wood. The outer and inner shells were not concentric, and while the inner was, in proportions, a copy of that of the Pantheon of Agrippa at Rome, though much inferior in size, the outer dome was higher in proportion than that of the Pantheon. Its inflammable nature, and its narrow escape at the time the library was burnt in 1851, called the attention of Congress to it, and it was finally resolved to replace it by a dome of iron, entirely fire-proof.

The new dome in its proportions resembles the modern rather than the antique structures of this character. Instead of the low and flat outlines of the Pantheon of Rome, and the St. Sophia of Constantinople, the design is a light structure, decorated with columns and pilasters, rich cornices and entablatures springing up towards the sky, and supporting, at the height of nearly three hundred feet above the ground of the eastern square and three hundred and seventy-two feet above the western gate, the colossal statue of which we have spoken.

The interior diameter of the dome is ninety-six feet. The galleries afford a fine view of the interior and of the exterior, the views stretching many miles down Potomac. The structure is double, and between the exterior and the interior shells a staircase, winding spirally around the whole, will afford access to the very summit.

The general outline of this structure resembles that of the dome of St. Peter's, of Rome; St. Paul's, of London; and St. Genevieve and of the Invalides, of Paris; and of the last great work of the kind erected in modern times, that of the Russian National Church, the Cathedral of St. Isaac's, at St. Petersburg, which is also partly built of iron. The exterior diameter of the peristylian circular colonnade is 124 feet, 9 inches. The columns of the peristyle are 27 feet in height, and weigh 12,000 pounds each.

As we have before said, the statue will be placed in position at noon to-day. At that hour artisan hands will snatch away from the colossal figure the shreds that now conceal it from view, and the "Statue of Freedom" will be uncovered to the people, symbolizing forth as it does the heaven-ordained blessings of liberty and equality. Following this act a flag will be displayed from a staff on the top of the scaffolding, and at the same time a salute of thirty-five guns will be fired from a battery stationed in the East park, which will be answered by salutes from the different fortifications around the city.

Long will the eyes of patriots gaze upon this noble statue on the morrow; but the effulgence of its golden splendors shall dazzle the eyes of traitors, and its defeated sight strike a blow of terror to their hearts; and far across the waters of the Potomac, where war has scourged the land, and where ruin and famine have worked their progress, the statue of Freedom shall disseminate its bright scintillations, proudly smiling, as it were, over the downfall of these plotters of treason and murder.

AT Plymouth church, Brooklyn, on Monday evening, a large meeting was held for the purpose of helping along the good work of the Southern Freedmen's Association. Speeches were delivered by the Rev. Dr. Tyng, Col. Hanks, Prof. Raymond, and a colored preacher from New Orleans. Steps were taken to raise money for the purpose of purchasing school-books and paying the salaries of teachers employed in the colored schools throughout the South.

A FATAL shooting affray occurred at Albany on Monday evening. Charles Phillips, a well-known character about town, was shot in the arm by Thomas Creegan, and subsequently was killed in the Delevan House by Mathew Brummaghin, a friend of Creegan, who shot him through the heart for spitting in his face.

AN enthusiastic war meeting was held at Bridgeport, Conn., on Monday evening. Speeches were made by Ex-Governor Noble and others. It was a decided success, and will greatly stimulate enlistments.

Army Promotions.

[Correspondence of the Daily Morning Chronicle.]

HEADQUARTERS 11TH INDIANA,
VERMILLION BAYOU, LA., November 5, 1863

The following promotions are occurring at present. We give their causes:

Captain Francis G. Scott, company C, died at Barre Landing, La., October 28, 1863.

First Lieutenant James R. Ross to be captain, vice Scott, deceased.

Second Lieutenant David Wilson to be first lieutenant company H, vice Ross, promoted.

First Lieutenant Jesse Custer, company G, to be captain company F, vice Wallace, resigned.

Second Lieutenant Louis Panso to be first lieutenant company F, vice Woods, transferred to company G.

First Sergeant Enos O. Hornaday to be second lieutenant company I, vice Grocnendyke, deceased.

First Sergeant George Simmons to be second lieutenant company A, vice Copeland, promoted.

Second Lieutenant Frederick Frank, company K, to be first lieutenant company B, vice Calloway, resigned.

Second Lieutenant Henry Wentz, company E, to be first lieutenant same company, vice Fry, promoted.

First Sergeant Thomas W. Durham, company G, to be second lieutenant, vice Coone promoted.

These promotions will make our list of officers as follows:

Colonel, Daniel Macauley; lieutenant colonel, W. W. Darnell; major, George Butler; adjutant, Henry McMullin; surgeon, John A. Comingor; assistant surgeons, John T. Scearce and James Wilson; chaplain, Henry B. Hibben; quartermaster, John W. Coons.

Captains—Henry Kemper, company A; Thomas C. Purcell, company B; James R. Ross, company C; John P. Megrew, company D; Nicholas R. Ruckle, company E; Jesse Custer, company F; John F. Caren, company G; Randolph Kellogg, company H; John W. Ross, company I; and John Frick, company K.

First Lieutenants—B. F. Copeland, company A; Frederick Frank, company B; Jacob Leighty, company C; William S. Mullen, company D; Henry Wentz, company E; Louis Panso, company F; Thos. B. Woods, company G; David Wilson, company H; Joseph B. Simpson, company I; Charles McGinley, company K.

Second Lieutenants—George Simmons, company A; Thomas W. Durham, company G; Enos O. Hornaday, company I.

LATEST NEWS.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE CHRONICLE.

ARMY OF THE POTOMAC.

DETAILS OF FRIDAY'S AND SATURDAY'S OPERATIONS.

The Enemy Defeated at Every Point.

THEY LEAVE THEIR DEAD ON THE FIELD.

OUR PROPORTION OF KILLED AND WOUNDED SMALL.

Every Report So Far Highly Cheering.

HEAVY FIRING HEARD ON MONDAY.

A GREAT BATTLE PROBABLY FOUGHT.

[Special Dispatch to the Daily Morning Chronicle.]

NEW YORK, December 1.—The *Tribune* extra of to-day contains the following, dated Saturday night:

This morning opened with a rain storm, but the whole army was on the advance at an early hour. The 3d corps, which crossed the Rapidan at Jacobs' Mills and was engaged yesterday six miles from Locust Grove on a road leading to Culpeper, deployed to the left of our line. The 6th remained on the right, and the 1st on the left of the 6th. The 2d retained its position, while the 5th deployed from its first station on the left to Locust Grove, as a reserve. Brisk skirmishing commenced as our line reached a point a mile and a half to the west of Locust Point Grove. Our forces pushed steadily onward, however, driving the enemy's skirmishers, and hastening their retreat by an occasional shell from our batteries, to which the guns of the enemy did not reply. General Meade and staff had come up at an early hour to Robertson's Tavern.

Headquarters train was ordered back out of range, and long trains of artillery, ammunition wagons, and ambulances were moving to the front. Everything indicated a general engagement should Lee fall into position and should the weather be favorable. Rain continued to fall, but still the troops pressed forward and skirmishing went on, the rebel line gradually falling back until they reached the western bank of Mile Run, two and a half miles from the tavern, a short distance from old Verdiersville. Here evidences of an intention to dispute the passage were had. Earthworks and abattis were visible over the clearing beyond, and Meade accordingly disposed his forces along the densely wooded crest of hills east of the Run. Owing to the difficulty of moving artillery and even infantry through the woods on either side of the road, some time elapsed before the formation of our line. Nightsoon came, and beyond the firing of pickets and an occasional shell thrown from our lines, nothing of importance transpired. The army of Meade occupies a section of what is termed the Wilderness. Many discredit the story that Lee will give battle this side of Orange Court House or Gordonsville, and express the opinion that he will gradually fall back into a position where his chances of holding our forces in check will be greater.

The *Tribune* has an account of the fight by the 3d corps on Friday. On Friday morning the 3d and 6th corps continued their march, to make a junction with Warren's corps. Prince's division, of the 3d, was in the advance, and as the head of the column reached the small clearing, it was greeted with a volley from the rebel skirmishers. The 1st brigade of the 2d division was thrown forward into line with the 1st Massachusetts, and deployed as skirmishers, supported by the 1st and 3d divisions of the corps. The 1st Massachusetts advanced through a dense thicket, fighting and pushing the rebels back a mile and a half to the vicinity of Mile Run, when the enemy, strengthening his line, gradually forced back our line.

Skirmishing continued until 3½ P. M., when the enemy, with shouts and yells, charged our first line, consisting of Prince's division, the right of which first fell back in some confusion, but soon rallied, and with the aid of one section of Randolph's 1st Rhode Island battery, and battery K, of 4th United States, which poured volleys of grape and canister into the advancing columns of the enemy, consisting of Johnson's and a part of Rhodes' divisions of Ewell's corps, who were twice in succession gallantly repulsed. The enemy were in each instance driven back in perfect rout. The fight ceased at dark. The 3d bivouacked on the field, at the junction of the two roads, six miles from Locust Grove. Our loss in killed and wounded probably amounts to not less than 350. With such haste did the rebels retreat, they left all their dead. The ground was literally covered with them. Our proportion of killed in the fight is very small. But one brigade of the 6th corps was engaged, that of General Russell.

NEW YORK, December 1.—A special dispatch to the *Times*, dated Monday, says:

"The train from Bealton station, which arrived here late to-night, brings intelligence that heavy and continuous firing was heard from early dawn this morning up to 3 o'clock P. M., when the train left Bealton.

The impression was that a heavy battle was going on.

Another dispatch says: Army officers from Bealton Station to-night report that heavy cannonading was heard since early this morning in the direction of Orange Court House. The firing was so heavy and continuous as to preclude the possibility of its being a skirmish. It was their opinion a general engagement was in progress at the time they first heard the firing, which was at 11 o'clock this forenoon.

One division of our army occupies Fredericksburg. Lee's whole force is entrenched between Orange Court House and Gordonsville.

Supplies have been dispatched to Meade by a new route.

The weather is frightfully cold, and has been since yesterday. The badly wounded left out last night, and to be left out to-night, where they fall, must almost certainly die. They fight without overcoats.

STILL LATER.

THE TWO ARMIES IN LINE OF BATTLE.

AN ATTACK ORDERED ON SATURDAY NIGHT BUT COUNTERMANDED.

The Grand Fight Expected on Tuesday.

Information has been received from the Army of the Potomac up to Monday afternoon.

In relation to affairs on the front, on Saturday, it is stated at daylight our army lay across the Fredericksburg and Orange turnpike, at Robertson's tavern, twelve miles from Orange Court House. The rebel line was light, and was gradually pushed back by our skirmishers for one mile and a half, over to Mile Run, near Verdiersville. On both sides of the road, sloping half a mile on each side of the river, is an open space, and on the edge of the woods west of the run the enemy were in line of battle on both sides of the road, with their batteries entrenched. The slope thence to the run is dotted with rifle pits, from which the sharpshooters fire scattering shots.

About 1 in the afternoon the clouds broke, and the rain ceased, but the roads were in almost an impassable condition.

One of our batteries fired a few shots, which the rebels replied to with great spirit for half an hour.

About sunset several guns were fired from our line, but failed to draw the enemy's fire.

On Monday morning at 8 o'clock all our batteries which could be placed in position to bear upon the rebel works were ordered to open. The siege train was in position in front of Sedgwick's command. After half an hour's slow cannonading, to which the enemy feebly responded, an attack was ordered. Warren, on the left, came upon the enemy stronger in numbers and position than was anticipated, and asked for further instructions. The forward movement was then checked, and all firing ceased.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC,
November 30, 1863.

Everything was quiet on our front all day Sunday. The armies of Generals Meade and Lee are dividing Mile Run Valley, crossing the Fredericksburg and Orange plank and turnpike roads, about twelve miles from the latter place.

The enemy are strongly entrenched, and exhibit a determination to make a desperate resistance.

Some cannonading has taken place this forenoon, which was feebly replied to by Lee's batteries. Their line of works is near Verdiersville, on commanding positions, but they will probably be attacked to-day or to-morrow. Nothing of a decisive character has transpired up to the present time.

More of Morgan's Men Arrived in Canada.

TORONTO, December 1.—Four or five of Morgan's fellow-prisoners are reported to have arrived to-night on the Western train.

GOOD NEWS FROM KNOXVILLE.

REPULSE OF A REBEL MOVEMENT.

CAPTURE OF WHEELER'S DIVISION OF FIVE THOUSAND MEN.

MOVEMENTS TO INTERCEPT LONGSTREET'S RETREAT.

CINCINNATI, December 1.—The *Commercial's* Cumberland Gap correspondent telegraphs to-night that all the available force has been sent from there to intercept Longstreet's retreat into Virginia.

He says a courier from Knoxville brings intelligence that the enemy attempted to cross the river on Sunday, bringing on a general engagement, resulting in the defeat of the enemy and the capture of General Wheeler's division of 5,000 men.

LATE SOUTHERN NEWS.

Six More Shells Thrown Into Charleston.

TWO BUILDINGS STRUCK.

CONTINUED FIRING ON THE FORTS.

Sumter Receives Particular Attention.

CASUALTIES AT FORT MOULTRIE.

DISPATCH FROM GENERAL LEE.

HIS HEADQUARTERS ORANGE COURT HOUSE.

THE UNION FORCES IN LINE OF BATTLE ON SUNDAY

The Two Armies Confronting Each Other.

The Chattanooga Battles.

THE REBELS ACKNOWLEDGE A ROUT.

FORTRESS MONROE, December 1.—The Richmond *Whig*, of November 28th and 30th, contains the following Charleston dates:

CHARLESTON, November 27.—The Yankees kept up heavy mortar shelling on Fort Sumter last night, continuing it this morning.

Six shells were thrown into the city to-day. Two buildings were struck. The shelling of Forts Sumter, Moultrie, Johnson, and Simpkins, by the enemy, from Batteries Gregg and Wagner, has been lively and continuous. Four hundred and sixty-one shots were fired on Fort Sumter Thursday and Friday.

CHARLESTON, November 28.—Shelling was kept up steadily on Forts Sumter, Moultrie, Johnson and Simpkins to-day. Seventy-two 10 inch Columbiad shots were fired upon Fort Sumter from Battery Gregg to-day.

The enemy has commenced firing 13 inch mortars from Cumming's Point. Twenty-eight shells have been fired.

During the night the enemy continued the usual practice on Fort Sumter with Parrott guns. Two hundred and fifty seven shots were fired Friday night.

Captain Jacob Valentine and two or three privates were severely wounded in Fort Moultrie by the explosion of a Parrott shell.

No casualties on James Island.

ORANGE COURT HOUSE, Sunday, 9 A. M.—A rain-storm prevailed all day yesterday.

There was no movement of any importance in either army.

This morning the enemy are deploying in our front in line of battle. GEN. LEE.

There has been no fighting since Friday, some skirmishing on Saturday. The Yankees have eight days' rations.

General Fitz Lee drove the enemy's cavalry across Raccoon and Morton's ford yesterday.

Friday's fight was mostly with musketry.

Mosby fell on the rear of a Yankee wagon train, near Brandy Station, Friday morning, and burned thirty-eight wagons, and captured a hundred mules and twenty horses.

The Richmond committee for wounded arrived at Gordonsville to-day. The two armies are confronting each other in line of battle. A general fight cannot longer be postponed.

General Ewell returned to the army to-day. General Jones, wounded on Friday, will return to his command to-morrow.

ATLANTA, November 27.—The city is full of conflicting rumors. We have lost many prisoners—estimated at five thousand and upwards. All our dead and seriously wounded are in the hands of the enemy. In the attack on Lookout Mountain the enemy's loss was comparatively greater than ours. They drove us back by force of numbers. Skirmishing commenced Saturday. There was intense firing Sunday and Monday.

The enemy charged on Lookout Mountain 40,000 strong, at the same time occupying the attention of our right wing forts at Mission Ridge. Breckinridge's corps met the shock unflinchingly.

In the afternoon the enemy increased, and by repeated attacks made an impression on our lines. At 4 in the afternoon the left centre gave way, the enemy pouring through the valley like a flood. Our troops cut off, got confused and retreated in disorder. After repeated charges we evacuated Mission Ridge on Wednesday. The army is now at Chickamauga. We have 600 prisoners. The Washington and Cobb's artillery lost all their guns. General Waltham was wounded. Our wounded are now arriving. Bragg's headquarters are at Ringgold.

FROM THE SOUTHWEST.

ARRIVAL OF GEN. FOSTER AT CUMBERLAND

THE SIEGE OF KNOXVILLE.

Good News from Gen. Burnside.

NO ADVANTAGE GAINED BY THE ENEMY.

Gallant Charge by a Michigan Regiment

CINCINNATI, December 1.—Major General Foster arrived at Cumberland Gap yesterday, *en route* to Knoxville. There is nothing later from Burnside.

John Morgan telegraphed to Columbus from Toronto yesterday, announcing his arrival there.

The number of men mustered in the service for this State averages 400 per week.

A dispatch from Chattanooga says sufficient reinforcements under Gordon Granger have been sent to insure his success. Bragg's main force was reported beyond Dalton. Stragglers are coming in. Fifteen thousand Chattanooga prisoners arrived at Louisville last night. Guerrillas are very troublesome. The river boats are fired into, houses of citizens robbed, and the property carried off or destroyed.

NEW YORK, December 1.—The *Tribune* has a special dispatch, dated Knoxville, Saturday, via Cumberland Gap, Monday, saying: "We are now in the twelfth day of the siege. The enemy has gained no advantage. We are better prepared for attack than the most sanguine expected. Longstreet is delaying for reinforcements from Virginia. The enemy made a diversion Wednesday upon our position over the river, but after an hour's fight were driven back. On Tuesday a detachment of the 2d Michigan made a gallant charge and captured a rebel rifle-pit within five hundred yards of our works, but subsequently were compelled to give way to superior numbers with great loss. Major Bejangton was taken prisoner, Adjutant Noble and Lieutenant Salpin killed.

"Lieutenant Colonel Carmick, of the 17th Michigan, died on Friday from wounds.

"It has been comparatively quiet for the last two days."

A Mozart Hall Candidate for Civil Justice Arrested for Shooting a Citizen.

NEW YORK, December 1.—John H. Trapp, the candidate for civil justice of this judicial district, was arrested and locked up for attempting to shoot Mr. Charles Benfield, whom he wounded in the hand.

Death of a United States Marshal.

NEW HAVEN, December 1.—Mr. David H. Carr, United States Marshal for the District of Connecticut, died suddenly at his residence, in this city, this evening.

Arrest of a Defaulter.

CHICAGO, December 1.—Major Wasser, whose alleged fraudulent revenue transactions at Cairo have been telegraphed all over the country, was arrested at McVicker's theatre, in this city, last night.

THE traffic in birds' nests in Java produces the Dutch Government a million of dollars yearly.

Latest from Europe.

NEW YORK, December 1.—The steamship City of New York, from Liverpool on the 18th, and Queenstown on the 19th ultimo, arrived here at 9 o'clock this morning.

A vessel which arrived at Colombo, October 22, saw the Alabama in the bay of Bengal. After exchanging signals the Alabama departed under full steam and French colors.

In the Court of Exchequer on the 17th, Sir Hugh Cairns, for the defendants in the Alexandra case, commenced his argument against the new trial, which occupied the whole day without concluding.

The intentions of England relative to the proposed Congress are unknown.

The Russian ambassador communicated Gortschakoff's reply that Russia will take part in the Congress, but not till after the pacification of Poland.

It is reported that Portugal has resolved to accept conditionally the Ducal Government.

Gartha had recognized the hereditary Prince of Augustenberg as Duke of Schleswig Holstein, and called on the German Diet to maintain this against Danish pretensions.

Cape of Good Hope dates to the 9th of October say nothing has been seen of the rebel cruisers.

Public Amusements.

GROVER'S THEATRE.—The Ravel-Martinetti-Marzetti Troupe drew last evening, as on the night before, a splendid house. Every part of the theatre was filled. The applause was as enthusiastic as the performances were meritorious. This unrivalled troupe perform again this evening in favorite pieces.

PEOPLE'S, LATE WASHINGTON, THEATRE.—The attractions at this theatre last night were such that what everybody expected was fully realized, namely, a crowded house. M'lle Johanna Claussen, Miss Annie Ward and Miss Fannie Brown, were the three stars that shone so brilliantly; and the Arabs' daring and extraordinary feats elicited the strongest expressions of delight and the most vociferous applause. The performances, this evening, will be of the same rare character.

FORD'S NEW THEATRE.—The Webb Sisters appear again this evening in the "Invisible Prince." The Colleen Bawn is in rehearsal.

Fair for the Sanitary and Christian Commissions.

[For the Daily Morning Chronicle.]

The State of Maryland is to have a grand demonstration in favor of the Sanitary and Christian Commissions sometime during the winter. The plan is to have a fair in Baltimore, with fancy articles, refreshments, tableaux, speaking, music, &c., and the people of the District of Columbia are cordially and respectfully invited to share in the labor and pleasure of the demonstration. The first business meeting is to be held in Baltimore on the 3d of December, Thursday, at 11 o'clock, at the house of Mrs. Alexander Turnbull, corner of Park and Franklin streets. It is earnestly desired that a delegation of ladies from Washington should represent the District at that meeting. We cordially invite any ladies who feel an interest in the movement to be present, as it will be a very important time. The committees are to be chosen, and the plans to be discussed and set in motion.

MRS. C. J. BOWEN,
BALTIMORE, Maryland. Secretary *pro tem.*

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

Amusements this Evening.

GROVER'S THEATRE, Pennsylvania avenue, near Willard's Hotel.—"Simon's Mishaps," and "The Contrabandist."

The Ravel-Martinetti and Marzetti Troupe drew another large and intellectual audience last night, and, as the night previous, the performance was highly satisfactory throughout. In fact, we have never seen the splendid abilities of this famous troupe displayed to finer advantage, nor have we ever seen an audience more highly delighted. To-night, an entire change of programme is announced, in which Julian Phillippe, Paul Velarde, Zanfretta, M'lle Desiree, and all the great stars of the company will appear.

THE PEOPLE'S THEATRE, Eleventh street, near Pennsylvania avenue. "Bob Nettles," and "Ireland as it is."

The opening of this cozy resort last night was a great success in every particular. The audience (a very crowded one) was very select and fashionable, and the performance was one of the finest that we have ever seen. The Arabs are truly wonderful. M'lle Claussen made a fine impression. Miss Fannie Brown and the Dramatic Company did everything to render that portion of the performance for which they were responsible a complete triumph. A great bill is announced for to-night, introducing the wonderful Arabs, Miss Fannie Brown, Miss Annie Ward, and the whole company.

FORD'S NEW THEATRE, Tenth street, near E.—"Invisible Prince."

CANTERBURY HALL, Louisiana avenue, near Sixth street—"Coin Forgers: or, the Robber's Wife," Singing, Dancing, &c.

WASHINGTON VARIETIES, Ninth street, near Pennsylvania avenue.—"Fanny's Frolics," Pantomimes, Ballets, &c.

NEW STYLE OF AMBULANCE.—We noticed yesterday in our streets a new kind of ambulance for the transportation of wounded soldiers. It is properly called a "mule litter," it being placed, with well-adjusted harness, on the backs of two mules, and can carry in a reclining position four persons. The inventors, Messrs. Brewer & Pomeroy, Courtland county, New York claim for this ambulance or litter this advantage over the ones now in use—that it can go into paths or roads where those with wheels cannot penetrate, and if the comfort or ease of the wounded soldier is consulted, this invention, they think, is greatly the superior, it being free from the jar and jolting inseparable from the old ambulance wagon. As a novelty the mule litter attracted a large share of attention yesterday wherever it appeared.

ARREST OF DESERTERS.—The following deserters have been arrested during the present week by the detectives of Captain Sobeels:

Sunday.—Michael Murphy, company B, 10th New York; John Cooney, James McCall, 12th Indiana; John Tegborn.

Monday.—Harry Snyder, John Smith company A, Scott's 900; James O'Brien, Dennis Sullivan, W. H. Steel, company D, 187th Pennsylvania.

Tuesday.—H. Stark, company B, 16th New York cavalry; Robert Cochran, Joseph Short, 11th New York cavalry; Daniel Rice, 16th New York cavalry; Herman Allersat, William Wilson, Christopher E. Miller, 79th Illinois; Franklin Rose, company I, 1st United States infantry; James Toblo, company F, 2d District; John Toner, company G, 83d Pennsylvania; Marshal L. Isleburt, John Delaney, 72d Pennsylvania.

SENT TO REBELDOM.—Ex-Governor Thomas G. Pratt, of Maryland, and his private secretary, Colonel Joseph Nicholson, who were among those arrested a few days ago in Anne Arundel county, for disloyalty, were sent South on Monday, via Fortress Monroe, they having refused to take the oath of allegiance. Ex-Governor Pratt was elected Governor of Maryland in 1844, and was subsequently chosen United States Senator by the Maryland Legislature. He served one term. Colonel Nicholson was for many years clerk of the Maryland State Senate, and subsequent a clerk in the United States Senate.

MEETING OF THE NAVY-YARD EMPLOYES.—On Monday evening a meeting of the mechanics and workingmen employed in the Washington Navy-yard, was held at the hall of the Anacostia Engine-house, to respond to a call of the committee appointed at a previous meeting to wait upon the Secretary of the Navy and commandant of the yard, and to ask a return to the old system of working hours, viz: from one hour by sun to sundown. A large number were present. No business of much importance was transacted, and the meeting adjourned.

AN OLD CITIZEN GONE.—Mr. Leonard Harbaugh, who died in this city a few days ago, in the 84th year of his age, is said to have been the oldest person living in the city who was born within its bounds. At the time of his birth, there was but one house on Seventh street, which now, in its length of a mile from Pennsylvania avenue to the northern boundary, is for two-thirds of the way entirely built up, to say nothing of that part of the street south of the canal.

SUPPOSED DESERTERS.—Dennis Ratliff and Cornelius Kelly, supposed deserters, were committed to the Central Guard house yesterday by order of Captain Todd. The latter, while in the guard-house, became very unruly, and refused to give up his money to the clerk for safe-keeping, and it was not until the sergeant in charge took him in hand that he was subdued. He would have been showered, but owing to physical inability, the operation was dispensed with.

LEFT FOR BALTIMORE.—Mr. A. L. Mellon, late cashier of the Metropolitan Hotel, has accepted a position as head cashier at Barnum's Hotel, Baltimore, Md. Mr. Mellon, during his stay at the Metropolitan, made many friends and acquaintances by his polite and agreeable manner, and we know he will make as many more in Baltimore.

THE BALL THIS EVENING.—In our Sunday's issue we omitted to mention the drivers of the city railways in connection with the Railroad Relief Association. We understand that the association is composed of the drivers, conductors, and other employés of the lines mentioned, who intend giving the ball this evening at Odd Fellows' Hall, Seventh street.

MAINE SOLDIERS.—The President of the International Steamship Company, T. C. Hersey, Esq., of Portland, Me., generously offers to transport all Maine soldiers from Boston or Portland to Eastport, and return, with meals, free of charge. Tickets can be obtained by calling on Rev. E. W. Jackson, chaplain of Armory Square hospital.

SELF-DEFENCE.—Instruction in self defence is given at the school of Capt. Edward De Reu, No 493 Ninth Street, above the avenue. Besides this, gymnastic exercises, calisthenics, and fencing, are taught to youths from seven years and upwards. Capt. De Reu is an able expositor of all arts that have been named.

DEATHS OF SOLDIERS.—The following is a list of soldiers who have died in the various hospitals in Alexandria, Virginia, during the month of November, and buried in the Military Cemetery in that place by order of Captain C. B. Ferguson, Assistant Quartermaster, United States Army.

John McCann, company A, 85th New York.
Solomon Williams, company K, 110th Pennsylvania.
William G. Evans, company E, 152d New York.
Henry S. Hewett, company E, 154th New York.
James Lalsac, company C, 76th New York.
Aaron Moffitt, company C, 111th New York.
Medado Ketchum, company K, 76th New York.
George Knorr, company G, 153d Pennsylvania.
Benjamin Carter, company B, 11th New Jersey.
Joseph H. Lord, company A, 152d New York.
Alfred Taylor, company B, 141st Pennsylvania.
Peter W. Householder, company D, 12th Ohio.
Matthew Joyce, company F, 15th New York artillery.
Hamilton J. Rogers, company K, 103d Pennsylvania.
Israel E. Barber, company B, 17th New York.
Joseph Melton, company B, 39th Massachusetts.
Wesley C. Chase, company I, 16th Maine.
Adam Scott, company G, 151st New York.
Charles F. Tarbox, company F, 9th New York S. M.
Francis Sable, company C, 3d New York artillery.
Amos Whittemore, company D, 63d New York.
Louis Jagel, company D, 8th Maryland.
Robert Booth, company A, 147th Pennsylvania.
Ralph Oliver, company B, 151st New York.
William Grant, company G, 63d New York.
J. F. Thorndike, company C, 12th Massachusetts.
John Harvey, company A, 99th Pennsylvania.
Christian Shuster, company B, 119th New York.
Nelson Kinsey, company G, 5th Michigan.
Joseph Clayton, company I, 14th New Jersey.
William Helmstreet, company I, 76th New York.
Henry Whittaker, company C, 151st Pennsylvania.
John Green, company I, 16th New York artillery.
Stephen Benson, company L, 7th Michigan cavalry.
A. P. Bush, company F, 1st Massachusetts cavalry.
William Steckins, company K, 152th New York.
Gustavus Evans, company E, 7th Maryland cavalry.
Charles Downer, company C, 9th New York S. M.
Frederick Kroll, company A, 8th New York S. M.
Rousey Gulteyhow, citizen, teamster.
William Norville, company C, 1st Connecticut.
Clark C. Perry, company F, 17th Maine.

PERSONAL.—Among the guests at the hotels we notice the names of the following distinguished persons: Hon. S. J. Field, of California, Henry Ward Beecher, of New York, Hon. John Conness, of California, and John Ross, Chief of the Cherokee Nation, at Willard's. Hon. George H. Pendleton, of Ohio, and Hon. Austin A. King, of Missouri, at the Metropolitan. Hon. George E. Cole, of Washington Territory, Hon. J. B. Underwood, of Oregon, Judge Thomas White, of Pennsylvania, Hon. James Baily, of Pennsylvania, and ex Governor Farrell, of Wisconsin, at the Kirkwood House. Hon. William Windom, of Minnesota, and Gen. R. H. Milroy, U. S. Army, at the Avenue House, and Hon. Noah Smith, of Maine, at the Washington House.

FOOT RACE.—A foot-race came off over the Washington Trotting Course on Saturday last, between Mike Fanning, of battery B, and H. Burt, of battery D, 11th Vermont volunteers, for a purse of $50; distance one-quarter of a mile. The race was easily won by Fanning; time one minute and two seconds. The race passed off to the satisfaction of all, save the few who had wagered their money on Burt. There will be another race on the above-mentioned track on Saturday, December 6, between Mike Fanning and Bugler Fletcher, for a purse of $100. A spirited time is expected.

SMUGGLING LIQUOR ACROSS THE RIVER.—There is no end to the manners in which liquor is endeavored to be smuggled to the army. A few days ago a box arrived at the office of the Adams Express Company marked tomatoes and pickles. Upon the discovery of the contents it was found to contain whiskey. Another method was that of filling empty Bologna skins with the vile articles and placing them among sausages. The frauds, however, are soon detected.

ARRESTED ON THE CHARGE OF STEALING LUMBER.—Yesterday morning two boys, named Wm. Rought and John McDonald, were arrested by Officer Kelly, on the charge of stealing lumber on Monday night from Mr. William Douglass, the commissioner of the Fourth ward. For some time past he has missed lumber, taken from his dwelling house, in course of erection, on H street, between Fourth and Fifth streets. They were committed to jail for court by Justice Giberson.

RETURN OF A REFUGEE.—On Monday Mr. James R. Hood who was postmaster at Chattanooga when the rebellion broke out, was directed by the Department to resume his duties at that point. Mr. Hood has, during the time he was a refugee, been employed in this city in his old vocation as a journalist, and was for some time connected with this journal. It is probable that he will soon revive the Chattanooga *Gazette*, which he formerly edited.

DISORDERLY SOLDIERS.—John Fogarty, James Mahar, S. D. Brown, and Robert Dillon, members of Scott's "900," were committed to the "Central" yesterday, for being drunk and disorderly. The arrests were made by the police.

TRANSMITTING DISLOYAL COMMUNICATIONS.—Marcus Duval, charged with sending disloyal communications through the lines by blockade runners, was brought before Captain Todd, and by him consigned to quarters in the Old Capitol prison.

ARRIVAL OF TROOPS.—The following troops arrived in this city yesterday: The 1st battalion of the 1st Massachusetts heavy artillery, numbering five hundred and fifty men under the command of Major Ralph; also a number of men from Maryland.

DEDICATION.—The formal dedication of the houses, schools, hospitals, workshops, etc., of the Freedman's village, at Greene Heights, Arlington estate, will take place on Thursday, at 2 o'clock, P. M. The affair will, no doubt, be very interesting.

CONVALESCENT.—President Lincoln is rapidly recovering from his recent severe indisposition, and will be able in the course of a few days to resume the arduous duties of his office.

GRAND LARCENY.—Alfred Henrick, a man about 25 years of age, was arrested last evening for stealing a silver watch from William Herert. He was dismissed by Justice Rowland.

COMMITMENTS.—The following commitments were made to the Central Guard-house on Monday and yesterday: Monday, 37; Tuesday, 28. Total, 65.

STEALING CANDLES.—A colored man named John Howard was arrested yesterday by Officer Green, of the Third ward, for stealing a box of candles. Committed.

HARBORING SOLDIERS.—Two women, named Isabella Wallace and Mrs. Flake, were committed to the Guard House last evening for harboring soldiers.

THE COURTS.

ORPHANS' COURT—*Judge Purcell.*—In this court yesterday the following business was transacted:

Wm. E. Howard gave bond in the sum of $2,500, with James Adams and A. G. Davis as sureties, and was appointed and qualified as administrator, with the will annexed, of Yelverton P. Fase, deceased.

The first and final account of Stephen T. Brown, administrator of Thomas Cissell, was proved and settled and the court ordered a distribution to the creditors.

Mrs. Clara Smead renounced the right to administer upon the estate of her late husband, Cyrus T. Smead, and John G. Sinnard was appointed and qualified as administrator, giving bond in $2,000, with Wm. J. Purington and Wm. Child as his sureties.

Mrs. Mary E. Conrad renounced her right to take under the will of her late husband Michael H. Conrad, of Georgetown, choosing instead her dower as provided by law.

The first account of Dr. Wm. P. Johnson, administrator of Lauriston B. Hardin, was approved and passed.

Thomas Bain, executor of Rev. Edward A. Knight, presented his first and final account, and it was approved and passed.

The court adjourned until Saturday next.

EQUITY COURT—*Justice Wylie.*—A special term of equity business of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia commenced yesterday, Justice Wylie presiding.

In the case of R. P. Jackson vs. L. Clephane, Commissioner of Internal Revenue, a motion to dissolve an injunction obtained by the former, restraining the Commissioner from collecting a fine of $10 imposed upon him [Jackson] for alleged violation of the United States Internal Revenue act, in renting and collecting rents for clients, (Jackson being an attorney-at-law,) was overruled. The fine had been imposed by the Commissioner on the hypothesis that any one transacting such business should take out a license as a commercial broker; but by this refusal of Judge Wylie to remove the injunction, it appears that such transactions come properly within the business of an attorney, under his license as such.

In the case of Caleb Cushing vs. Stone and Taylor leave was granted to amend the bill, and order given to make the vestry of the Episcopal Church, which was proposed to be built on a lot at the intersection of Vermont avenue and N streets, parties to the suit. It appears that Mr. Cushing donated the lot some years ago for erection thereon of a church edifice, but nothing more than the laying of a foundation has ever been accomplished, and therefore it is held that the object and conditions of the grant have not been complied with, and the property should revert.

Decrees were made to appoint new trustees in several cases.

The court adjourned till ten o'clock this morning.

CIRCUIT COURT—*Chief Justice Cartter.*—In this court yesterday, the Hickles cut-off case was early adjourned over until this morning at 10 o'clock, to enable the counsel for defence to recall Mr. Isherwood, Chief of the Engineer Bureau of the navy, as a witness, who was absent in New York.

CITY ITEMS.

NOTICE.—The Hopkins' Restaurant, corner of Sixth and Pennsylvania avenue, having changed hands, it will be closed until Thursday for repairs, when it will be opened by Chamberlain & Leahy, who will be most happy to see all its old patrons and as many new ones as may patronize them, feeling well assured they will be well pleased with the proposed improvements.

CONSUMERS' ASSOCIATION.—An Association has been organized for the purpose of supplying its members with the necessaries of life at the lowest possible cost. To become a member only requires the payment of $10. That families can save this amount several times a year can easily be seen, by inquiring the prices of their groceries, poultry, &c., at their place of business, 504 Ninth street, near Pennsylvania avenue.

PARTIES wishing to be promptly served with any or all of the papers now circulating in this city, we feel assured cannot do better than to subscribe for the same with our friend B. Greene, at the News stand of the Kirkwood House. He also keeps for sale and hire Opera Glasses of the best kind.

We call the attention of our readers to the advertisement of a Bay Horse having been stolen, for the return of which a liberal reward will be paid.

Stock and Money Market.

To Jay Cooke & Co., Bankers, we are indebted for the following report of the stock and money market in this city yesterday.

	Buy.	Sell.		Buy.	Sell.
US coup 6's of '81	108½	109	U S 1yr cfs.	97¾	98¼
do 6's registered	...	...	Am Gold coin	145	...
do 7 3-10 Tr No	106	106½	Certificate Checks	98	...

New York, December 1.

FIRST BOARD.

U S Coupons	109	U S Certif. (new)	98½
U S 7 3-10	106½	Gold	145¾

ARRIVALS AT THE HOTELS.

WILLARD'S HOTEL.

D W O Thompson, U S A
Col Olcott & ly, N Y
John Ross
W H Tomkins, Cal'a
W W Teall
A Weil, Oregon
P Tillinghast, New York
H Sanford, New York
A Hazard, Philada
L Metzgerl, Philada
A J Weil, Philadelphia
I B Hoover, New York
Miss S Richards, Phila
A Boyd, U S A
T Clyde, Philadelphia
E P Hollister, New York
E Q Dunbar, New York
H W Millery
W J A Fuller, New York
D M Leatherman, Tenn
G R Dimond, New York
T P Howell, New Jersey
R Grayson, Richmond
B Clark, Maryland
E Thrasher, Dist Col
U S Cannon, New York
G C Ward, New York
Rt Rev J W Smith, Penna
B Yarnall, do
H Roser, New York
U Hewlett, do
Lt R Dexter, U S A
H Abbott, Baltimore
C Birch, Baltimore
E Ashworth, Jr, England
R J Houghton, New York
H H Webber, England
[illegible]hooke, do

W Holdgate, New York
Evan Jones
John Conners, California
W Schultz, Philada
C C Campbell, New Jersey
H S Russell, U S A
W Foster, N Y
H B Norris, U S A
Mrs Beach, Philada
J L Dawson
R Sheafer, New York
Mr & Mrs S Colwell, Phila
Miss M Fulton, Phila
W Worth, Philadelphia
L Badger, Philadelphia
T E Ellsworth, New York
W G Wilson, New York
H W Fletcher, New York
W H Otis, Brooklyn
W S Blythe, Tennessee
H Howser, Philadelphia
W H Osborn, New York
Hon S J Field, California
W Kershaw, Dist Col
J R Conelet, New York
F G Shaw, New York
E Atkinson, Massachusetts
F R Cope, Pennsylvania
H Worl, do
A Roland, Cin'nati
J McWaden, Cincinnati
L Coffin, do
Hon C Cole, California
W W White, Penna
G P Smith, Philadelphia
Hon J Gwyn, do
Rev E W Hutter, Phila
Hon S S Cox, Ohio

NATIONAL HOTEL.

H P Dewby, Maine
J Ryan, N Y
W P Sheldon, Baltimore
W E Marrs, Illinois
Lt J F Lengler, Inv Corps
Benj Harrison, Baltimore
Maj U C Weal, U S A
E R Olin, Albany
Lt F L Pond & wf, U S A
D D McPhearson, U S A
E Clyde, U S A
Dr P C Davis, U S A
Dr Ingram, do
J A Spencer, do
Lt A B Wilbur, do
F S Allemus, Phila
Hon J W Grimes, Iowa
Jno Nicholson, U S A
Robt Perkinson, U S A
G W Dash, Phila
Edwin Dumont, U S A
W F Coler, Wash
S O Mercer, Tenn
H O Osborn, New York
Jno Bryant, Phila
F Beaty and wife, N Y
C D Hadley, New York
A D Fitch, New York
Capt O D Peabody, N Y
Hon Caleb Lyon, N Y
Edmund G Boor, Phila
Wm F Smith, Col
Geo Hudson, Jr, New York
Baxter Coons, Mass
Hon E H Rollins, N H
H Mulligan, Phila
N G Ordway, N Hamp
W E Chandler, N H
Mrs McMurtrie & fam, Phila
C H Hale, New York
Hon I L Donnelly, Minn
Mrs Seymour & fam, N Y
G F Seymour, New York
P E Smith, Connecticut

H Maddock, N Y
Danl Bassett, Minnesota
Hon A W Clark, N Y
A D Fitch, N Y
Mrs Maj Nichols, U S A
W P Stone, U S A
Hon F C Beaman, wife, and daughter, Michigan
J McDougall, Baltimore
E VanVoast, U S A
F A Rockwell, Conn
W E Blanchard, U S A
Jas Connolly, do
J L Hasbrouck, do
F Fromont & wife, do
Geo A Stetson, Washington
E G Bowdoin, Iowa
J Windsbecker, U S A
Frank T Evans, Phila
Hon J G Daily & wf, Neb T
E Merchant, U S A
Geo W Higgs, Wash
A G Stanwick, Wash
J P Hoyt, Phila
Frank Osburn, New York
Chas Robison and wf, N Y
W E Mann, Illinois
Emerson Gray, Montreal
W H Carroll, Alex
J S Barnard, Wash
Louis Light, New York
Hon J F Briggs, Mich
A K Mathews, Mass
V Higgins, Minn
W C Hibbard, Boston
C Edwards, Boston
J H DeMeritt, N H
W H Shattuck, New York
W H King, Baltimore
H R Braddock, Vermont
Capt J M Walcott & svt, U S A
Lt J T Blake, U S Army
C E Morse, U S Army

UNITED STATES HOTEL.

W B Young, Phila
H W Heath, U S Army
W Olimmy, do
B O Ketchum, do
L H Fassot, do
M Fassot, do
J Scammons, do
B S Jackson, Virginia
J P Crowley, Virginia
J M Sanders, Fall River
J R Webb & lady, Phila
A A Gilchrist, New York
Capt Dolan, Chicago
C F Libbie, New York
J Valentine, New York
J W Coming & lady, N Y
H B Harrison, Portland
W H Colard, Toledo, O
A Bartlett, do
D Trouse, do
J Drummond, do
G Paltrop, Chicago
J Lyons
Mrs Bigby, California
S Blim, Baltimore
J H Crane, Washington
G A Martin, Elmira

Jas H Bishop, New York
J Geyser, Ohio
H Escott, Ohio
J Murphy, New York
H Smith, lady & son, N Y
A Aldrich, New York
E D White, New York
E Burband, Virginia
C C Comstock, Fall River
M O Keole, Fall River
W H Johnson, Phila
J Blimm, Chicago
T E Harkins, Chicago
C H Lockwood, New York
E Henderson, Buffalo
W E Ingles, New York
B Cady, Portland
N E Thomas, Elmira
J W Zollch, Elmira
W H Funn, Baltimore
C G Jasson, U S Army
J Barnes & lady, Phila
J Mitchell, Kentucky
Hon W S Holman & fam, Ind
E L Spangler, Penna
John Keller, Penna
P Colman, Penna

METROPOLITAN HOTEL.

Mrs G E Provost, Buffalo
M M Mallon, N Y
E B Parsons, do
Jno Deaning, do
L W Carpenter, Ohio
Wm Kershaw, Georgetown
A B Judd, N Y
O Dawes, N Y
Jos W Daly, Newbern
J L D Claggett, U S A
Chas Grayhound, U S A
T C Maynard, Balto
L B Martin, Kingstown
Geo Wilder, N Y
Saml G Howard, Mich
A A King, Missouri
Thos C Noyes, Boston
J L Jacobs, Mass
E Shriver, Maryland
[illegible]
W O Linthicum, Baltimore
Mrs M Marthell, N Y
J M Hoover, Indiana
J F Clobs, D C
B F S Dullard, Maryland
J B Marter, Phila
J H Mitchell, Alexandria
David Hale, Ohio
R King, Illinois
P Mervin, Baltimore
W G Cohen, New York
A B Beach, Phila
Chas Barnum, New York
Thos Wright, New York
W Busbey, West Virginia
H Stoddard, Alexandria
Capt A W Beard, Maryland
J McCarthy, D C
Paul Medinee, New York
B Philpot, Philadelphia
Capt G S Dawson, U S A
Lieut J E Renk, U S A
Mr Emmert, Baltimore
Capt J M Jones, Alex
W H Mann, Phila
C Luthermuck & lady, Penn
Chas Taylor, Maine
L N Rollins, U S N
F P Ramsey, New York
Wm Morton, New York
J H Lane, New York
W J O Woodworth, U S A
R S Brown, New York

J T Fox, wf, & son, N Y
N E G Wadhams, Lockport
J C Burns, Rochester
G F Baird, Ohio
Geo Pardu, Ohio
Jenny Long, N Y
S F Manning, Pa
W F Garretson, Newbern
Robt D Miller, Ill
Wm Osborn, U S A
Thos G Mathews, Md
Geo Casey, Balto
W Leonard & bro, Md
T B Harkheimer, Pa
Leonard Cole, U S A
T S Ruddock, Boston
Capt G W Mears, U S A
T W Towers, New York
Jas Harris, Illinois
A W Evans, U S A
C Hill, Maryland
John Norris & lady, N Y
J A Jabb, Alexandria
Jno W Ausse, New York
C S Everett, New York
R J Fasdick, Alexandria
J P Fitzsimmons, N Y
G M Wherritt, Illinois
L D Berry, New York
J C Kesler, Terre Haute
J Patterson, Phila
Col G Burling, U S A
P R Gibson, & wife, N Y
W L McNeely, W Virginia
C R During, Culpeper
C Macauley, Alexandria
Col T B Roby, Maryland
J D Graham, Penn
Chas Vanhorn, Phila
Mrs A Elliott, New York
A F Drew, Mass
F G Coggin, U S N
J R Keller, Penn
A Ewing, U S A
Frank Hesser, Phila
Hon G H Pendleton, Ohio
W Camp, Penn
J Patterson, Alexandria
Ephraim Bear, New York
N B Tubusher, N J
Capt Mediar, Wash
J A Parke, New York

KIRKWOOD HOUSE.

Capt W L Hidder, Wash
J Rob Dunlop
Jas E Palmer, Jr, Phila
E Moore, Philadelphia
J W Jeffrey, Baltimore
D Hopman, Old Point
C H Belmont, New York
Wm Base, Maryland
J L Platt, U S Army
J L Fletcher, Phila
F A De Forest, D C
J Matunett, Troy
J H Brown, Md
H B Ramsey, do
R Jones, do
V P Corbitt, N Y
A C Henry, do
T Brill, do
Hon J B Underwood, Oregon
W M Wallington, Phila
H R Brown & wf, Idaho
W D Ford & wf, do
J Herzberg, D C
D G Garland, N Mexico

J W Morris, Iowa
S R Griswold, New York
Moses G Farmer, Mass
W D Kenester, Alex
Mrs L Davis, Alexandria
S C Edes, Washington
Jno K Colwell, Baltimore
Geo A Annes, Dist Col
Jno H Miller, Baltimore
Capt J F George, 2d Mass
T N Patterson, Balt
Hon G E Cote & fy, Wash T
O Machol, D C
J D Hendley, Balt
A J Carroll, Phila
W H Wilsening, Alex
Capt J F George, U S A
Lt C H Hayward, do
Lt A B Holden, do
J O Kelso, do
Thos White, Penna
Hon Jas Bailey, Penna
J E Black, Del
Ex-Gov Farrell, Wis

EBBITT HOUSE.

Maj J B N Potter, U S A
Jas A Galligher, Phila
Geo Taylor, Massachusetts
Jas Paterson, Philadelphia
Chas Reynolds, Delaware
I L Hasbrouck, U S Army
B F Smith, Albany
Hon J A Kasson, ly & chd
H T Lee, U S Army
Capt Chas Penrose, U S A
V Benedry, Washington
W G Mitchell, Penna
Maj J A Brodhead, U S A
Capt Chas A Booth, do
W L Judd, Vermont
D W Brooks, Maryland
Jas Kidwell, Missouri
T M Walters, New York

Lt Daniel Peck, U S Army
Jas H Wellman, Boston
W Garnett, Philadelphia
E Park, do
Dr G King, Massachusetts
C W Gulick, Albany
Mrs W Robinson, Mass
Capt Case, U S Army
Thos Clark, Delaware
H J McMahon, New York
G B Parker, Pennsylvania
Chas Brewster, Virginia
H V Rice, U S Army
H C Bates, Washington
I T Hastings, U S Army
A O Dickson, Illinois
G A Zane, Missouri

AVENUE HOUSE.

C A Baldwin, New York
J Lamp, do
F A Rockwell, Connecticut
Gen R H Milroy, U S A
Col G L McGee, do
Hon G N Mondoff, Italy
J J Cavanagh, Maryland
Hon Wm Windom, Min
Maj A J Boller, U S A
F M Merrow, do
W Neilson, do

T M Woorldly, U S A
R Defrees, Washington
J W Bell, Missouri
Capt F Clong, U S A
M G Wilkins, Baltimore
D B Miller, Pennsylvania
F A Weir, Virginia
R C Lynd, wf & da, Pa
J O Sloan, U S A
Capt C H Lawrence, U S A
John Kenney, do

ST. CHARLES HOTEL.

H M Brown, New York
J Reilly, Phila
J Brown, New York
J S Somers, Phila
W H Forker, Penn
F O Wadsworth, Boston
J E Barr, Penn
R H Walker, U S A
Mrs B O Glass, Penn

C W Merrill, New York
W G Beach, New Jersey
D C Andrews, New York
J Phillips, Penn
Capt C M Hildebrand, U S A
E Barr, Penn
Lieut W H Bower, Invcorps
Mrs M E Quera, Penn
J R Buskirk, Virginia

OFFICIAL.

RE ENLISTMENTS AND RE-MUSTERS.

War Department,
Adjutant General's Office,
Washington, November 6, 1863.

General Orders, No. 359:

I. To carry out the provisions of paragraphs 8 and 9, General Orders, No. 191, current series, from this office, in reference to volunteers who may come within the limit for reenlistment as Veteran Volunteers, as fixed by General Orders, No. 305, current series, the following regulations are established:

Musters-out of Service.

1. The muster-out or discharge of all men who may reenlist, and their reenlistments and consequent re-musters, will be under the immediate supervision and direction of the Commissaries and Assistant Commissaries of Musters for the respective armies and departments. *The said officers will make all musters-out of and re-musters into the service.*

2. All men who desire to take advantage of the benefits of the Veteran Volunteer order by reenlistment under 1, will be regularly mustered out of service on the prescribed muster-out rolls. The discharges prescribed by paragraph 79, Mustering Regulations, will be furnished in all cases. A remark will be made on the muster-out rolls, over the signature of the Commissary or Assistant Commissary of Musters, as follows: "Discharged by virtue of reenlistment as a Veteran Volunteer, under the provisions of General Orders, No. 191, series of 1863, from the War Department."

Reenlistments and Re-musters.

3. Simultaneously with the muster-out and discharge, but of the date next following it, the Veteran Volunteers will be formally re-mustered into the United States service "*for three years or during the war.*" This will be done on the proposed muster-in rolls, (muster and descriptive roll of recruits.) These rolls will be made out from the reenlistments and descriptive lists of the men, (See section 4 of this paragraph.) The following remark will be made on the muster-in rolls, over the signature of the Commissary or Assistant Commissary of Musters: "Re-mustered as Veteran Volunteers under General Orders, No. 191, War Department, series of 1863."

4. Regimental Commanders, under the direction of Commanders of Brigades, will select and appoint a recruiting officer for their respective commands, and charge him with the reenlistment of the Veterans thereof. The reenlistments will be made in duplicate, and on the blank for "Volunteer Enlistment." A descriptive roll of the men will be made out at the same time. The duplicate reenlistments and descriptive roll will be forwarded or taken by the recruiting officer to the Commissary or Assistant Commissary of Musters who may be in charge of the musters for the organization to which the men belong. The mustering officer will countersign the reenlistment papers and file the descriptive roll with the records of his office. One copy of the reenlistment will be delivered by the mustering officer to the Paymaster, to assist him in the examination and verification of the accounts. This copy will be forwarded with the said accounts to the proper accounting officer of the Treasury. The second copy of the reenlistment will be returned by the mustering officer to the Regimental Commander, and by him forwarded to the Adjutant General of the Army with the Monthly Recruiting Return required by paragraph 919, Army Regulations, from Superintendents of Regimental Recruiting Service.

Payments.

5. The Pay Department of the Army is hereby charged with all payments (final dues under original enlistments, advanced pay, bounties, and premiums) of the volunteers discharged and re-mustered as directed in this order. The final payments under the original enlistments will be made on the muster-out rolls.

The amount of the "total payment on muster," (re-muster,) paragraph 2, General Order 324, A. G. O., current series, will be made under the rules set forth in General Orders No. 163. *The consolidated receipt rolls referred to in the said order will be certified to by the Commissary or Assistant Commissary of Musters charged with the re-muster of the Veteran Volunteers into service.* The payments on discharge, and those due on re-muster, will be made at the same time and in full, immediately after the men are re-mustered into the service.

II. Commanders of Armies and Departments are hereby charged with the faithful execution of this order, and will issue such instructions under it as, in their opinion, will best secure the object in view. Troops to be discharged and re mustered as Veterans will be reported by the proper commanders through Army or Department Headquarters, to the Paymaster General. The reports will be made at a date such as will avoid delay in the payments being made.

By order of the Secretary of War:

E. D. TOWNSEND,
de3 tf Assistant Adjutant General.

Headquarters Provost Marshal's Office,
Washington, D. C., November 12, 1863.

Special Orders, No. 22.

The sale of Liquors is prohibited in the following localities, in addition to those named in Special Orders No. 9, from these headquarters, of date November 4, 1863:

Square 14f, so much thereof as fronts on G street.

Squares 232, 233, 267, 268, 269, 270, 297, 298, 326, 327, 352, 353, 384, 385, 386, 409, 410, 433, 434, 462, 463, 492, 531, and Squares C and D on Maryland avenue, in vicinity of Government Railroad, Depots, and Storehouses.

Squares 500, 504, 544, 545, 546, and 547, in vicinity of Sixth and Seventh street wharves.

Squares 381 and 382, so much thereof as front on Louisiana avenue, in vicinity of Central Guard-House.

Upon the Mall, in the vicinity of the Monument and Government Cattle Yards; or upon any place in the vicinity of Mount Pleasant, Carver, Stone, Columbia College, Campbell's, Lincoln, Douglas, Emory, or Armory Square Hospitals. The penalty for violation of this order will be the same as specified in Special Orders, No. 9.

By command of

HENRY B. TODD,
Captain and Provost Marshal.

A. C. Baker,
Lieutenant and Adjutant. no13-tf

SPECIAL NOTICES.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT FROM THE FRONT.—Now is the time and this is the place for persons wishing to subscribe for Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, and New York papers, will please call at the News stand in the Kirkwood House, and leave their orders to B. Greene, who will attend to their prompt delivery on the arrival of the trains. B. G., having a fast express, will be able to have his papers folded and ready for delivery long before other parties. Also, Opera Glasses for hire.
de2-wfm&S41m*

LADIES' FAIR IN AID OF THE SANITARY COMMISSION.—At a meeting of Ladies, held at the residence of Mrs. Lieutenant Brookfield, No. 371 Pennsylvania avenue, on the 27th of November, the following ladies were chosen a committee to organize and conduct a Fair in aid of the Sanitary Commission:

COMMITTEE.

1st Ward—Mrs. Commissioner Dole, 273 Vermont avenue, and Mrs. Edwin Clark, 275 Vermont avenue.
3d Ward—Mrs. J. W. Angus, 457 I street.
4th Ward—Mrs Lieutenant Brookfield, 371 Pennsylvania avenue, and Mrs H. Naler, 467 Sixth street.
5th Ward—Mrs W. L. Nicholson, 234 South B street.
6th Ward—Mrs. Captain Steele, I street, between Ninth and Tenth streets.
7th Ward—Mrs. T. H. Ranney, 535 Thirteenth street—Island.

It is earnestly requested that the ladies of this city and District, who feel an interest in this great work, will call upon such members of the General Committee as may reside in their respective wards, to make arrangements for assisting in this benevolent enterprise, in aid of the brave defenders of American Liberty.

The Committee desire it to be understood that this is an invitation to all, and express the hope that none will wait to be called upon for donations of money or goods, but come forward at once with such offerings as they may be pleased to give for the advancement of this noble cause.

CARRIE T. FENNELLY, Secretary,
371 Pennsylvania avenue.
Morning and Evening papers please copy. no29d&S1t

NEW, LATEST, MOST BEAUTIFUL GOODS just received at the Dollar Jewelry store, No. 428 Pennsylvania avenue, near Four-and-a-half street. Call and satisfy yourself. no25-d&S1f

WHITEHURST'S GALLERY, NO. 434 PENN. AVENUE.—Have you paid a visit to this celebrated establishment since it has been elegantly refitted and furnished? If not, call at once and see his new collection of *Imperial Photographs*. Also, Card Vignettes and Photographs in Oil and Water Colors. His collection of Photographs numbers over fifteen thousand, being the largest in this country. no20-4m

A PHYSIOLOGICAL VIEW OF MARRIAGE.—Containing nearly 300 pages and 150 fine plates and engravings of the anatomy of the human organs, in a state of health and disease, with a treatise on disease, its deplorable consequence upon the mind and body, with the author's plan of treatment—the only rational and successful mode of cure, as shown by the report of cases treated. A truthful adviser to the married and those contemplating marriage, who entertain doubts of their physical condition. Sent, free of postage, to any address on receipt of 25 cents, in stamps or postage currency. Address Dr. LA CROIX, No. 31 Maiden Lane, Albany, N. Y. oc12-3m*

FRANKLIN & CO., OPTICIANS,
244 Pennsylvania avenue, between Twelfth and Thirteenth streets, also
388 Pennsylvania avenue, under the National Hotel.

FIELD GLASSES and OPERA GLASSES, with the best achromatic lenses. *COMPASSES*, for pocket or surveying purposes. *MICROSCOPES*, simple or compound. *THERMOMETERS, BAROMETERS, DRAWING INSTRUMENTS, PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS* and *CARTES DE VISITE*, &c. ☞PEBBLE and PERISCOPIC SPECTACLES, correctly suited for every eyesight, and warranted. au28-dly

IMPORTANT TO LADIES—DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS.—The ingredients in these Pills are the result of a long and extensive practice, mild in their operation and sure to remove all irregularities. Painful menstruations, REMOVING ALL OBSTRUCTIONS, whether from cold or otherwise, headache, pain in the side, palpitation of the heart, whites, all nervous affections, hysterics, disturbed sleep, which arise from interruption of nature.

Dr. Cheeseman's Pills are a positive remedy for all complaints peculiar to Females, INDUCING WITH CERTAINTY PERIODICAL REGULARITY. Explicit directions, stating when they should not be used, with each box. Price $1.

HUTCHINGS & HILLYER, Proprietors,
81 Cedar street, New York City.
Sold by C. C. FORD,
292 Pennsylvania avenue,
se14-mw6m And all Druggists.

EDWARD EVERETT'S GREAT ORATION and the Proceedings of the Dedication of the National Cemetery, at Gettysburg, have been issued in pamphlet form. For sale at the "Chronicle" Office. no25-tf

HAIR DYE HAIR DYE!!—Batchelor's celebrated Hair Dye is the best in the world! The only harmless, true, and reliable dye known. This splendid Hair Dye is perfect—changes Red, Rusty, or Grey Hair, instantly to a *Glossy Black or Natural Brown*, without injuring the Hair or staining the Skin, leaving the Hair soft and beautiful; imparts fresh vitality, frequently restoring its pristine color, and rectifies the ill effects of Bad Dyes. The Genuine is signed WILLIAM A. BATCHELOR, all others are mere imitations, and should be avoided. Sold by all Druggists, &c. FACTORY—81 BARCLAY ST., N. Y. Batchelor's New Toilet Cream for Dressing the Hair. ja23-dly

NOTICE.—War Department, Washington City, D. C., January 25th, 1863.—In consequence of the pressure of business at the War Department passes for citizens to visit the army of the Potomac will be given at the office of LIEUT. COL. CONRAD, 133 Pennsylvania avenue, above Nineteenth street. ja26

THE ONLY PLACE where you can purchase India Rubber Goods of all kinds at manufacturers' prices, is at H. A. Hall's India Rubber Warehouse, 310 Pennsylvania avenue, between Ninth and Tenth streets. Also all kinds of Rubber Goods beautifully repaired at short notice. jy19-d&S1f

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From the army hospital—the bloody battle-field—the mansion of the rich and humble abode of the poor—from the office and the sacred desk—from the mountain-top, distant valleys, and far-off islands of the ocean—from every nook and corner of the civilized world—is pouring in the evidence of the astonishing effects of DRAKE'S PLANTATION BITTERS. Thousands upon thousands of letters like the following may be seen at our office:

Reedsburg, Wis., Sept 16, 1863.

"* * * * I have been in the army hospitals for fourteen months—speechless and nearly dead. At Alton, Ill., they gave me a bottle of Plantation Bitters. * * * Three bottles restored my speech and cured me. * * *

O. H. FLAUTE."

South Warsaw, O., July 28, 1863.

"* * * One young man, who had been sick and not out of the house for two years with Scrofula and Erysipelas, after paying the doctors over $150 without benefit, has been cured by ten bottles of your bitters. * * *

EDWARD WOUNALL."

The following is from the Matron of the Union Home School for the Children of Volunteers:

Havemeyer Mansion, Fifty-Seventh Street,
New York, August 2, 1863.

"Dr. Drake: Your wonderful Plantation Bitters has been given to some of our little children suffering from weakness and weak lungs with most happy effect. One little girl, in particular, with pains in the head, loss of appetite, and daily wasting consumption, on whom all medical skill had been exhausted, has been entirely restored. We commenced with but a teaspoonful of Bitters a day. Her appetite increased; strength and health followed. * * * * Respectfully,

MRS. O. M. DEVOE."

"* * * I owe much to you, for I verily believe the Plantation Bitters have saved my life.

REV. W. H. WAGGONER, Madrid, N. Y."

"* * * Thou wilt send me two bottles more of thy Plantation Bitters. My wife has been greatly benefited by their use.

Thy friend, ASA CURRIN, Philadelphia, Pa."

"* * * I have been a great sufferer from Dyspepsia, and had to abandon preaching. * * * The Plantation Bitters have cured me.

REV. J. S. CATHORN, Rochester, N. Y."

"* * * Send us twenty-four dozen more of your Plantation Bitters, the popularity of which are daily increasing with the guests of our house.

SYKES, CHADWICK, & CO.,
Proprietors Willard's Hotel, Washington, D. C."

"* * * I have given the Plantation Bitters to hundreds of our disabled soldiers with the most astonishing effect.

G. W. D. ANDREWS,
Superintendent Soldiers' Home, Cincinnati, O."

"* * * The Plantation Bitters have cured me of liver complaint, of which I was laid up prostrate and had to abandon my business.

H. B. KINGSLEY, Cleveland, O."

"* * * The Plantation Bitters have cured me of a derangement of the kidneys and urinary organs that has distressed me for years. It acts like a charm.

C. C. MOORE,
Agent for Colgate & Co, 254 Broadway."
&c., &c., &c., &c., &c.

The Plantation Bitters make the weak strong, the languid brilliant, and are exhausted nature's great restorer. They are composed of the celebrated Calisaya Bark, Wintergreen, Sassafras, Roots, Herbs, &c., all preserved in perfectly pure St. Croix Rum.

S. T.—1860.—X.

Persons of sedentary habits troubled with weakness, lassitude, palpitation of the heart, lack of appetite, distress after eating, torpid liver, constipation, &c., deserve to suffer if they will not try them.

They are recommended by the highest medical authorities, and are warranted to produce an *immediate* beneficial effect. They are exceedingly agreeable, perfectly pure, and harmless.

Notice.—Any person pretending to sell Plantation Bitters in bulk or by the gallon is a swindler and impostor. We only put it up in our log cabin bottles. Beware of bottles refilled with imitation deleterious stuff for which several persons are already in prison. See that every bottle has our United States Stamp over the cork, and signature on steel plate side labels.

Sold by respectable dealers throughout the habitable globe.

P. H. DRAKE & CO.,
oc9-fmw4m 202 Broadway, N. Y.

A WORD OF ADVICE.—Those who have been doctoring for weeks and months without obtaining relief, should consult Dr. Fishblatt, whose office is at No. 421 E street, corner of Eighth street, and be radically cured. Twenty-five years' experience has established Dr. Fishblatt's reputation as a physician. Recent cases cured in a few days. Charges moderate.

DR. FISHBLATT, No. 421 E street,
no12-tf corner of Eighth st., opp. Gen. Post Office.

NEW BOOK.—THE HISTORICAL WAR MAP and Rebellion Record, from 1860 to October 20, 1863. Price 25 cents. Sent by mail, free, on receipt of price. Liberal discount to pedlars, sutlers, and purveyors. Just published and for sale by HUDSON TAYLOR, Bookseller and Stationer, 334 Penna. avenue. no21-d&S1f

NEVER TOO LATE TO LEARN.—By Professor Alexander Wolowski's new and simplified method for piano forte and singing. Professor Wolowski continues his Singing and Piano Classes, and opens a new course for Piano and Singing, which will be the last in Washington. Professor Wolowski receives visitors daily, at his residence, No. 316 F street, on the Northeast corner of Eleventh street. no22-d&S1m

DENTAL NOTICE.—DR. LOCKWOOD, Surgeon Dentist, Washington Building, corner Pennsylvania avenue and Seventh street.—Teeth inserted on Vulcanised Rubber, a cheap and improved plan. Also, Gold and Silver Plates made in superior style. Teeth extracted without pain. jy1-tf

MARRIED.

WINKFIELD—HOLLY.—On the 26th November by Rev. Samuel W. Madden, A. W. Winkfield, of Washington, to Miss Cary M. Holly, of Baltimore City, Md. (Baltimore and North Carolina papers please copy.) *

☞ EXHIBITION OF DISSOLVING VIEWS of a Scriptural, Historical, and Miscellaneous character, at the Baptist Church, in Thirteenth street, between G and H, on Tuesday and Wednesday evenings, at 7¼ o'clock. Admission 20 cents; children 10 cents.
de1-2t* E. YOUNG, Supt. Sunday School.

☞ LECTURE ON THE INQUISITION.—The Rev. DANIEL LYNCH, S. J., of Gonzaga College, will deliver a Course of Lectures on the "Inquisition," for the benefit of the Society of Saint Vincent de Paul, on Thursday, December 3d; Wednesday, December 9th, and Wednesday, December 16th, at half-past 7 o'clock P. M., in the new School-room of St. Aloysius Church, on I street.

Tickets, 25 cents for each Lecture, may be procured at J. F. Ellis' Music Store, and in Georgetown at J. L. Kidwell's Drug Store. no30 2t&Dec9&16

☞ UNION LEAGUE.—HEREAFTER THE meetings of the League will be held in their hall every Wednesday evening. Distinguished speakers will be present throughout the winter. no25 tf

☞ WAR DEPARTMENT—ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, Washington, March 21, 1863.—The Agents of the several States, who reside in this city, are requested to leave their address at this office, that they may be promptly communicated with if necessary.
L. THOMAS,
mh23-tf Adjutant General.

☞ OHIO STATE MILITARY AGENCY, 344 Pennsylvania avenue, corner Seventh street, Washington, D. C. ja19-tf

☞ OHIO SOLDIERS are warned against applying for transportation elsewhere than to Captain Curtis, Acting Quartermaster, 209 G street, or to the undersigned, particularly are they warned against a ticket office of the Sanitary Commission at Pay Department of discharged soldiers on New York avenue.
JAMES C. WETMORE,
Ohio State Military Agent, corner of
ja16-tf Pennsylvania avenue and Seventh street.

☞ WAR DEPARTMENT, ADJUTANT General's Office, Washington, February 18th, 1863.
SPECIAL ORDERS NO. 78.
1. Hereafter all passes to visit the army of the Potomac, by whatsoever authority granted, must be countersigned by Lieutenant Colonel J. S. Conrad, A. D. C., before they will be recognized as valid.
By order of the Secretary of War:
L. THOMAS, Adjutant General.
Colonel Conrad's office No. 133 Pennsylvania avenue, between Nineteenth and Twentieth streets. fy19-tf

☞ MICHIGAN MILITARY AGENCY,
DR. J. TUNNICLIFF,
Southeast corner of Seventh and E streets,
no11-1md&S* Washington, D. C.

☞ MASSACHUSETTS MILITARY STATE AGENT.—GARDINER TUFTS. Room No. 4 Washington Building, corner of Seventh street and Pennsylvania avenue, Washington, D. C. ly23-tf

☞ CHRONICLE JOB PRINTING OFFICE.—We are now prepared to execute all kinds of job printing, from a visiting card to a large poster. We have recently received a large stock of job type, from the best foundries of Philadelphia and New York, and can promise satisfaction to all who favor us with their custom. Our motto is "Punctuality." se23-tf

THE GREAT EMPORIUM OF THE DISTRICT for
FINE HOLIDAY GOODS AND TOYS
IS AT
128 BRIDGE STREET, GEORGETOWN.

Where may be found the finest Wax, China, Sleeping, Speaking, and other Dolls, and Doll Heads ever made, together with rich China Tea Sets, Bureaus, Bedsteads, and a full assortment of mechanical and all other new Toys in the market.

ALSO,

Fine Rosewood and Papier-mache Writing Desks, Work Boxes, Glove, Perfumery, and Cigar Boxes, beautifully inlaid with pearl and German silver, and of the finest possible finish, together with new and very beautiful styles of Cigar Stands and Cases, Watch Stands, and Ladies' Conveniences, Cabas, and Port-monnaies.

ALSO,

Opera Glasses, fine steel ornamented Tuck Combs, Card and Dressing Cases, together with a very large assortment of fine Fancy Goods.

ALSO,

Rich Family Bibles, Hymn and Prayer Books, Annuals, and other fine Gift Books, Photograph Albums of the most superb finish, and in great variety. Toys and Games of every variety, including the new Game of Authors.

Citizens of Georgetown and Washington are respectfully requested to call and examine my stock before purchasing elsewhere.

G. CRANDELL,
No. 128 Bridge street,
de2-wfm-6t Georgetown, D. C.

CUBA CIGARS.—Cigars from 1,000 to 47,000, of Jignani tobacco, for sale at a low price for cash. Apply to JOSE PICATO HIJO,
de2-12t* 448 Twelfth street, between G and H sts.

LECTURES.

THE COURSE OF LECTURES under the auspices of the
WASHINGTON LYCEUM,
will commence TUESDAY EVENING, December 8th 1863, by
P. T. BARNUM,
"The Great Showman."
Subject—"The Art of Money-getting."
To be followed regularly by
BAYARD TAYLOR,
REV. WM. H. MILBURN,
W. H. C. HOSMER,
JOHN G. SAXE,
"EDMUND KIRKE,"
E. P. WHIPPLE,
GEORGE VANDENHOFF,
GEO D. PRENTICE, and others.

TERMS:

Single Admission	50 cents
Course Ticket, admitting one	$3
Course Ticket, admitting Gent. and Lady	$5

Tickets to be had at the principal Hotels and Book Stores, and from members of the Lyceum. de1-7t

WASHINGTON LECTURE ASSOCIATION.

SECOND COURSE.

The "Managers of the Washington Lecture Association," in announcing their
SECOND COURSE OF LECTURES,
Take pleasure in reminding the citizens of Washington of their success in securing, first, the services of the
ABLEST AND MOST ELOQUENT LECTURERS
In the country; and, second, the conveniently located and commodious
CHURCH EDIFICE OF THE E STREET BAPTIST SOCIETY,
Where the Lectures of the Course will be held, on
FRIDAY EVENING
Of each week, commencing about the middle of December.

They also take pleasure in announcing that arrangements are being made for the observance of the
TWENTY-SECOND OF FEBRUARY
By an Oration and other appropriate exercises.

The Lectures will be delivered by the following distinguished gentlemen:

Rev. Stephen H. Tyng, D. D., New York.
Rev. Henry Ward Beecher, Brooklyn, N. Y.
General J. A. Garfield, Ohio.
Rev. Jacob M. Manning, D. D., Boston, Mass.
Prof. R. D. Hitchcock, D. D., New York.
John B. Gough, Esq., Massachusetts.
Rev Richard S. Storrs, D. D., Brooklyn, N. Y.
Hon. D. Gratz Brown, Missouri.
Hon. Daniel S. Dickinson, Binghamton, N. Y.
Rev. John Pierpont, Washington, D. C.
George Wm. Curtis, New York.

Single tickets for the Course, $2 50; tickets admitting a gentleman and lady, $4; to be had of either of the Officers of the Association.

LEWIS CLEPHANE,
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N. B. DEVEREUX,
CHARLES ROESER,
Board of Managers
Attest: JOHN PIERPONT, President.
John R. Fairbanks, Secretary. no26-d&S1f

WASHINGTON LITERARY AND DRAMATIC ASSOCIATION.

FIRST COURSE OF LECTURES,
To be delivered before the Association, at
ODD-FELLOWS' HALL.

PARK BENJAMIN, Friday, December 4.
Subject: THE WAR—A POEM.
HORACE GREELEY, Tuesday, December 8.
Subject: QUESTIONS OF THE HOUR.
DR. ISAAC M. WISE, Editor of the *Israelite*, Wednesday, December 16.
Subject: JUDAISM, HISTORY, &c.
ROBERT A. WEST, Friday, December 11.
Subject: WOMAN.
Hon. JOHN W. FORNEY, Friday, January 6.
Subject: ————.
HENRY WARD BEECHER, —— January —.
Subject: ————.
R. J. DE CORDOVA, Wednesday, January 27.
Subject: LOVE AND COURTSHIP.

Single tickets, 50 cents; for the Course of seven Lectures, $3.
Tickets to be had at the principal Book Stores, Hotels, at room No 1 Washington Building, and 251 and 480 Pennsylvania avenue. no22-d&S1f

LOST AND FOUND.

$25 REWARD.—Lost, last evening, at the Depot, or between there and No. 380 C street, a CLUSTER DIAMOND PIN. The above reward will be paid to the finder by leaving it at this office, or with the subscriber, at No. 380 C street.
de2 1f R. W. EDMONDS.

STOLEN.—A large Bob-tail Bay HORSE, 12 years old, two white hind feet, white spot in forehead, star over right eye. A liberal reward will be given for his return to Camp Stoneman.
de2-1t* MAJOR WM. H. FRY.

LOST—On the night of the 30th ultimo, as a team was running off, a BOX containing seventeen (17) pairs of boots, which fell from the wagon on D street, somewhere between Eighth and Tenth streets. The box was marked T. L. Templeton, Agent, 105th P. V. A suitable reward will be given for the delivery of the box and contents, or information regarding it, at the Richmond House, corner Eighth and D streets.
de1-3t* THOS. L. TEMPLETON, Sutler, 105th P. V.

BOARDING.

FIRST CLASS BOARD, WITH LARGE and handsomely furnished Rooms, for gentlemen, or gentlemen and their families, at New York prices, in a pleasant location near Pennsylvania avenue, south west corner of H and Twenty-first streets. Table-board $5. de2-3t*

BOARDERS.—A gentleman and lady or a few single gentlemen, can secure very pleasant rooms, with Board, by applying at 486 Eleventh street. Also, a few day boarders can be accommodated. de1 3t*

THE HOUSE No. 373 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE, formerly occupied by Mrs. Davis, has been rented by the proprietor of the Clarendon Hotel. The house is large and commodious, location unsurpassed. The rooms will be let furnished, either to transient or permanent boarders, with or without meals, which can be had at the Hotel if desired. oc17-tf

CATSUP!
CATSUP!!
CATSUP!!!
To Grocers, Sutlers, and others.
100 barrels of fine Tomato Catsup,
Wholesale at 70 cents per gallon.
At 250 Eighth street, corner of L.
de2 3* RANKIN & O'NEIL

MRS. E. J. HOWELL,
451 EIGHTH STREET,
Between the Avenue and D street,
will open on TUESDAY, December 1st, a handsome assortment of French Flowers, by the box or spray. Small bunches of Flowers, suitable for party dresses. Bridal Wreaths, Feathers, Head-dresses of all kinds. Wax Fruit by the dozen.
Baskets filled with fruit.
Wreaths made to order. de2-1m*

EXECUTIVE ENLISTMENT COMMITTEE ROOM.
Mayor's Office, City Hall,
Washington, D. C., December, 1863.

The undersigned, Executive Committee for the encouragement of Volunteering in the District of Columbia, beg leave to appeal to the loyal and patriotic citizens of Washington for aid in furtherance of the object they have in view. Suitable and reliable persons are appointed, each of whom will be provided with a book and authority to collect funds from those disposed to contribute.

The Committee confidently hope that their efforts may be met with a hearty response from every loyal person, and that our city may be enabled to prove to the country that we require no further draft to fill up the quota assigned us. But that vieing with the love of country and good Government, which induced her in the earliest days of the rebellion to send into the field a larger proportion of volunteers than any other section of our land, we will, in the close of this wicked and unrighteous war, relax no efforts in aiding our constituted authorities in asserting their supremacy, and in showing that the National Capital is worthy the hallowed name it bears:

First Ward—H. C. WILSON,
Second Ward—S. C. NOYES,
Third Ward—ALEX. R. SHEPHERD,
Fourth Ward—JOHN SESSFORD,
Fifth Ward—GEO. F. GULICK,
Sixth Ward—R. M. COOMBS,
Seventh Ward—JNO. D. SEMMES.
de2 wfm3t [City papers please copy.]

EXECUTIVE ENLISTMENT COMMITTEE ROOM,
Mayor's Office, City Hall,
Washington, D. C., December, 1863.

A bounty of Thirty dollars will be paid for every accepted recruit that may volunteer in the city of Washington under the recent call of the President for 300,000 men. Colored men who may volunteer for the Colored regiments now forming will be entitled to the above bounty. The sum of five dollars will be paid to any person who may bring forward an acceptable recruit.

The bounty and enlistment fee will be paid immediately upon enrollment, upon producing a certificate from Captain Schaetz, or such enrolling officer as may be duly designated by him. Such certificate to be presented to JOHN H. SEMMES, Esq.,
Treasurer of the General Enlistment Committee, at his office, No. 523 Ninth street west, corner of Louisiana avenue. By order of Executive Committee.
de2 wfm3t [City papers please copy.]

INFALLIBLE CURE OF HABITUAL DRUNKENNESS—Which can be effected even without the knowledge of the patient. A most perfect cure will be warranted by DR HERM GUNTHER, N. Y. In compliance with the request of many, I have concluded to stay two days in this city, at Hotel Gerhardt, No. 383 Pennsylvania avenue, where I can be consulted from 8 A. M. until 6 P. M.
de2-2t* DR. HERM. GUNTHER, N. Y.

NEW BOOKS.

MARION HARLAND'S NEW NOVEL.
Husks and Colonel Floyd's Wards 2 vols. complete in one. Price $1 50.
Published and for sale by
HUDSON TAYLOR,
Bookseller and Stationer,
de1 6t 334 Pennsylvania avenue

WANTS.

WANTED—One copy Daily Morning Chronicle, Saturday, August 7th, and Friday, October 30th. A liberal price will be paid for them at this office. de?-tf

WANTED—A bonus of $400 will be given to any person who will procure for a competent young man a Clerkship in one of the Departments. Address E. B., at the office of this paper. de2-3t*

SITUATION WANTED—By a man who has had considerable experience in superintending the building of public works, private dwellings, the fitting up of stores, &c. The best of references given. Address H. C., Box 911 P. O. de2 3t*

WANTED—A Youth of about seventeen to read copy. One accustomed to read manuscript preferred. Apply at this office. de1-tf

A GOOD PRACTICAL WATCHMAKER wanted. Good wages and steady employment given immediately, by S. GOLDSTEIN, U. S. Hotel. de1 3t*

WANTED—A Portable Shanty, medium size, in good order. Apply immediately to S. GOLDSTEIN, U. S. Hotel, Pennsylvania ave. de1-3t*

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—A BOY to FEED an ADAMS PRESS. None but a good hand need apply. Inquire at the Chronicle Job Printing Office. no30 3t

COOK WANTED—A good Cook is wanted at the "Waverly House," 1o Eighth street, between E and F. Good wages will be paid to a competent hand. Apply immediately. no23-tf

WANTED.—A person who understands farming and gardening can hear of a good situation by addressing Box 199 City Post Office. To one thoroughly qualified liberal wages will be paid. A married man without children preferred. Best of reference required. [Star.] oc13-1f

FOR SALE AND TO RENT.

FOR RENT—Two large Rooms, connected with folding doors, furnished. Apply at 513 L street north, between Fourth and Fifth. de2-tf

FOR SALE—A BAKERY in Alexandria doing a business of $600 per week. Address S., Chronicle office. de2 3t*

TWO EXCELLENT ROOMS CAN BE had upon immediate application, at No. 338 Fourth street, near G street. de2 3t*

FOR SALE.—One-half interest in one of the most lucrative businesses in Washington. Address or call at 311 E street south, opposite Grover's Theatre, up stairs. de2 5t*

FOR RENT—Three large Halls, in one of the best locations on the avenue. The lease of two Stores and the three Halls may be sold, if parties wish to purchase. Inquire at 365 Pennsylvania avenue. de2 3t*

ROOMS TO RENT.—Two highly eligible CHAMBERS on a floor, and others if desired, together with a Saloon-Parlor, in a modern built house, (with water, gas, etc.) for rent.

The rooms will be let, furnished or otherwise to a responsible party, furnishing evidence of respectability, for six or twelve months. Apply, for particulars, at the north house of the block located on the east side of Second street north, between B and P streets, and within five minutes' walk of the Capitol and Pennsylvania avenue.

N. B. The above rooms would suit a Mess of Members of Congress. de2 wim3t*

RARE CHANCE.—For sale, a RESTAURANT, in one of the best locations in the city. For further particulars, inquire corner Seventeenth and K streets. de2 6t*

HANDSOMELY FURNISHED Saloon Parlor, with elegant new 7 octave Piano, suitable for a Member of Congress. Also, a handsomely furnished Chamber. Location very eligible. Apply at 404½ Twelfth street, between I and K. de2 3t*

FIRST-CLASS FURNISHED HOUSE for Rent, suitable for Members or others. Has been newly painted and papered, with every thing requisite for housekeeping, including dinner service, silver, and linen. Will be let only as a first class residence. No others need apply. For particulars, apply at 495 Seventeenth street, between H and I. de2 3t*

FURNISHED ROOMS—One large comfortable and newly furnished room and small bedroom on same floor, for rent, at 418 Eighth street, between G and H, only a few steps from the Patent and Post Offices. de2-3t*

TO RENT.—A Large FURNISHED ROOM, on Capitol Hill, in a good location, suitable for a Member of Congress. Apply at 572 New Jersey avenue, below B street. de1-tf

FOR RENT AND SALE.—For Rent, Ten very desirable dwelling houses, large and small, furnished and unfurnished. Situated in nearly every ward in the city. Rent from $25 per month to $200 per month. For Sale, a number of fine dwelling houses, eligible building lots and business places. Apply to JACKSON & CO., Real Estate Brokers,
de1-5t* Cor Seventh and P streets, opposite P. O.

FOR RENT.—A comfortable furnished house, having modern conveniences, located in the First ward. Immediate possession given. For particulars, address Box 219 P O. de1 1f

FOR RENT—Single or Communicating ROOMS, comfortably Furnished and desirably located, within a few moments' walk of the city cars. Good table-board opposite. Apply at 317 K street, between Twelfth and Thirteenth. de1 6t*

FOR RENT—A Three-story Brick House, furnished, and in the best location in the city. Eleven rooms. Rent $2 400 for ten months. Will not be rented for a boarding-house. Address Box 970 P. O., with real name. de1-2t*

FURNISHED HOUSE for Rent—No. 581 Twelfth street, between D and O, near the Smithsonian Institute, containing nine rooms. Possession given immediately. de1 6t*

THE LEASE for 8 years and good-will of a House and two good Stores for sale in Seventh street, opposite the Patent Office. Rent low. Apply immediately to S. GOLDSTEIN,
de1 3t* U S Hotel, Pennsylvania avenue.

FOR RENT—A handsomely furnished PARLOR and BEDROOM adjoining, suitable for a member of Congress. No 457 Ninth, between E and F streets, near the Patent Office. no30 4t*

FOR RENT.—Members of Congress, or others, can be accommodated with one Floor or the entire House, well furnished, gas and water, within one square of Capitol. Address P. O. box 651. no30-mwf12t*

FOR RENT—Furnished PARLOR and CHAMBER adjoining, (or two Chambers,) near the Kirkwood House, on Pennsylvania avenue. Also, four unfurnished ROOMS, near Pennsylvania avenue. Apply to MITCHELL & SON, Real Estate Brokers,
no30 3t* N. E. corner Penna av. and Fifteenth st.

DESIRABLE THREE STORY BRICK RESIDENCE.—For sale, the House No. 485 D street north, between First and Second west, containing gas, water, and modern improvements generally; in an excellent and improving neighborhood, convenient to Capitol, Pennsylvania avenue cars, and Railroad Depot. Also, the adjoining valuable Building Lot. Sold on account of removal of the owner from the city. Apply to THOS. SCRIVENER, JR., Att'y at Law,
no30 6t* 483½ Seventh street west.

FOR SALE.—A FIRST-CLASS BAR and Steamed Oyster Saloon, in the centre of the city. Four years' lease. Rent $30 per month. Inquire at No 244 Pennsylvania avenue, between 10 and 11 A. M., at the Restaurant in the rear. no28-6t*

ROOMS WITHOUT BOARD.—A pleasant suite of first-class rooms, on first floors, newly furnished. Also, suites and single rooms above, desirable for a gentleman and wife, or Congressmen. May be obtained by inquiring at No. 27 Four-and-a-half street, between Pennsylvania avenue and C street. no28 6t*

FOR RENT.—Two parlors and three chambers, in a private family, with new and handsome furniture, close by the city cars. The house is a three-story brick, in the most healthy part of the city. Reference required. Address B. H., Box 73½ P. O. no26 6t*

FOR SALE OR RENT.—A large Mansion House and Lot, in Baltimore, at the corner of Mount and Hollins street, near Union Square. Apply to J. P. Jones, No. 4 Calhoun street, Baltimore. no17-12t*

THE PROPRIETOR of the CLARENDON HOTEL has rented the large and desirably-located house, No. 436 G street, opposite the Patent Office. The house has been thoroughly cleaned and renovated, and is now ready for immediate occupancy. The rooms will be rented either singly or in suits, without board, or, if desired, meals can be taken at the hotel. For particulars, &c., apply at the office of the Clarendon Hotel. oc21 tf

NATIONAL COURSE,
WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 2, 1863.
SWEEPSTAKES PURSE $100.

ENTRIES:

American Star, to wagon.
McClellan, to wagon.
Lady Hamlin, to harness.
Miss Mary Hindsley, to wagon.
Best 3 in 5. To come off at 2 P. M., precisely.

A. MOFFATT,
de1-2t* Proprietor.

CAVALRY BUREAU.

Office of Chief Quartermaster,
Washington, D. C., November 20, 1863.

On the first and third WEDNESDAYS, 2d and 16th of December, 1863, will be sold at public auction, at the Cavalry Depot, at Giesboro Point, near this city, a large lot of

CAVALRY HORSES,

condemned as unfit for public service.
Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M.
Terms cash, in Government funds.
O. G. SAWTELLE,
d1-14t Lieut. Col. and Chief Quartermaster Cavalry Bureau.

ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, Corner of G and Twenty-second streets, Washington, D. C., November 27, 1863.—NOTICE.—The Public Sale of Quartermaster Stores advertised for Wednesday, the 2d of December, is postponed until Wednesday, the 16th.

C. H. TOMPKINS,
no28-16t Captain and A. Q. M., U. S. Army.

MANHOOD; HOW LOST! HOW RESTORED! Just Published in a Sealed Envelope. Price Six Cents. A Lecture on the Nature, Treatment, and Radical Cure of Spermatorrhœa, or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Emissions, Sexual Debility, and Impediments to Marriage generally; Nervousness, Consumption, Epilepsy, and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from Self-Abuse, &c., by Robert J. Culverwell, M. D., author of the Green Book, &c. "A Boon to Thousands of Sufferers," sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, post-paid, on receipt of six cents or two postage stamps, by Dr. Ch. J. C. Kline, No. 127 Bowery, New York. Post Office Box. No. 4586. se11-d&3m*

AMUSEMENTS.

GROVER'S THEATRE,
Pennsylvania avenue, near Willard's Hotel
LEONARD GROVER..................DIRECTOR
IMMENSE ENTHUSIASM!
THE GREAT RAVEL-MARTINETTI, AND MARZETTI TROUPE.

The spacious and commodious theatre being upon each occasion crowded to suffocation, by the most refined and intellectual classes, whose wonder and delight were fully manifested by every possible demonstration of general enthusiasm.

AN ENTIRE CHANGE OF PERFORMANCE
TO-NIGHT, Introducing the whole of the
GRAND JUXTA CONSTELLATION.
WEDNESDAY EVENING, DECEMBER 2,
At a quarter to 8 precisely, Grand Overture,
"ALPINE MEMORIES,"
Koppitz and Grand Orchestra.
Wonderful Exercises on the
CORDA TENDU!
Julian Philippe and Paul Martinetti
in their
TRIPLE EXERCISES on the SINGLE ROPE.
M'LLE MARIETTA ZANFRETTA
in her wonderful evolutions without the balance.
To be followed (for the first time in this Theatre) by the amusing Pantomime of
SIMON'S MISHAPS.
ROMAN GLADIATORS,
By Julian and Philippe Martinetti.
Spring-time Symphony... Koppitz and Grand Orchestra
To conclude with the Thrilling Ballet-Pantomime of
THE CONTRABANDIST,
Produced under the immediate direction of Mons. Mathieu.

Seats may be secured during the day at the Box Office. No extra charge for Reserved Seats.

☞ ESPECIAL NOTICE.—No improper characters will be admitted. Persons securing Seats or Boxes for improper persons will forfeit the Seats or Boxes and be subject to ejectment. de2 1t

PEOPLE'S THEATRE.
LATE WASHINGTON THEATRE.
Eleventh street, near Pennsylvania avenue.
GREAT SUCCESS OF THE GRAND REOPENING.

A crowded and fashionable audience greeted the first appearance of the beautiful and accomplished
LADY STARS,
THE GREAT BEDOUIN ARAB TROUPE,
and a Splendid Dramatic Company.
AN IMMENSE BILL
is here announced for the Second Night of this Great Combination of the Most Remarkable of Attractions.
THE ARABS
in their Amazing Feats.
MISS FANNIE BROWN,
in one of her rattling impersonations.
MISS ANNIE WARD,
in a roaring Irish character.
MR. BEN. ROGERS
and the Great Dramatic Company in the bill to-night.

THIS (WEDNESDAY) EVENING, DEC. 2,
Performance will commence with the mirthful pleasantries of
BOB NETTLES,
introducing the beautiful
MISS FANNIE BROWN as the SCHOOLBOY.

GRAND DIVERTISEMENT,
By
THE WORLD'S WONDER,
THE GREAT BEDOUIN ARAB TROUPE,
THE REAL CHILDREN OF THE DESERT!
The only Genuine Arabs who have ever visited this Country, composed of
MAHOMET,
The Emperor of Vaulters.
HASH BRAHAN BENEMOW,
Chaltenger of the World.
HASH ASSON,
The Pyramid Base.
AFFID BEN CONDOUR,
The Man of Flexibility.
HASH ALI,
Sheik
ALI BENSIDE,
The Goliath of Strength.
MAHOMED,
The Flying Cloud.
MOSEA,
The Whirling Moses.
HOSEA ALI,
Interpreter.
MAHOMET,
The Wonder Child, 4 years old.
BIM BOMIE,
The King of Tumblers.
ABDI HASSON,
The Iron Nerve.

This great bill to conclude with the Great Serio-Comic Drama of
IRELAND AS IT IS.

☞ Rates of Admission—Dress Circle 35 cents, Parterre 25 cents; Orchestra Chairs 50 cents.
☞ No extra charge for Reserved Seats. de2 1t
☞ NO IMPROPER PERSONS ADMITTED ☜

AUCTION SALES.

BY JAS. C. McGUIRE & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS.

IMPORTANT SALE OF VACANT PROPERTY NEAR THE BALTIMORE AND OHIO RAILROAD DEPOT.—On MONDAY AFTERNOON, November 30, at 4 o'clock, on the premises, we shall sell part of Lot No 1, in Square No 630, fronting 160 feet on north D street, and 161 feet on north Capitol street and immediately contiguous to the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company's Depot.

The great increase of business at the Depot, and the desirable location of the property with reference thereto, renders this sale worthy the attention of capitalists.

Title indisputable.

Terms—One third cash; the remainder in six and twelve months, with interest, secured by a deed of trust on the premises.

Conveyancing at cost of the purchaser.

JAS. C. McGUIRE & CO.,
no19-1d Auctioneers.
☞ The above sale is postponed until SATURDAY AFTERNOON, December 5, same hour and place.
J. C. McGUIRE & CO.,
de2 4t Auctioneers.

BY JAS. C. McGUIRE & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS.

FRAME HOUSE AND LOT, NEAR THE CAPITOL, AT PUBLIC SALE.

On FRIDAY AFTERNOON, December 4th, at 4 o'clock, on the premises, we shall sell part of Lot No. 13, in Square No. 725, fronting 16 feet on First street east, between D and C streets north, (No. 382,) and running back 115 feet to a wide alley, improved by a two-story frame dwelling house, containing five rooms, all private and well arranged.

The Furniture and Fuel may be had if desired.
Immediate possession given.
Terms cash. JAS. C. McGUIRE & CO.,
de1 4t Auctioneers.

BY W. L. WALL & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS.

GRAND AND VALUABLE SALE
OF
RICH AND COSTLY FURS AT AUCTION,
It being its first consignment of the same to Washington,
FROM THE
AMERICAN AND RUSSIAN FUR COMPANY,
CONSISTING OF
Hudson Bay Sables,
Mink Sables,
Russian Squirrels,
Royal Ermines,
French Sables,
French Fitch, &c., &c.
In Capes,
Cloaks,
Victorines,
Collarettes,
Muffs, Cuffs, &c.
TO SUTLERS.
Also, a Rich and Valuable assortment of
Fur Robes,
Gloves and Gauntlets,
and Mufflers.

To be sold at public auction, over the store of Messrs. Hoce Brothers, Pennsylvania avenue, between Eighth and Ninth streets, where they have been removed for convenience of sale, on
THURSDAY AND FRIDAY,
December 4th and 5th, commencing at 10 o'clock.
WM. L. WALL & CO.
Auctioneers.
N. B.—All Furs warranted true to name and of best manufacture. de1-5t

BY JAS. C. McGUIRE & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS.

EXCELLENT "STEINWAY" PIANOFORTE, FURNITURE, AND HOUSEHOLD EFFECTS, AT PUBLIC AUCTION.

On THURSDAY MORNING, December 3d, at 10 o'clock, at the residence of a gentleman declining housekeeping, No — E street, between Second and Third streets, we shall sell his Furniture and effects, comprising—

Superior Rosewood case Pianoforte, by "Steinway."
Large French Plate Mirrors
Handsome Marble and French China Vases, Ornaments, &c
Lace Window Curtains and Shades
Velvet, Brussels, and other Carpets, Oil-cloth, and Rugs
Sofas, Parlor Chairs, Marble-top Tables
Bookcase and Secretaries, Whatnot
Extension Dining table, Sideboard;
Cane-seat Chairs, Lounge
French China Dinner Set, with gold band
Table Cutlery, silver plated Tea Set
China, Glass, and Queensware
Bedsteads, Bureaus, Washstands
Feather Beds, Bolsters, and Pillows
Hair and Husk Mattresses, Toilet Sets
Cooking and Warming Stoves, together with a general assortment of Kitchen Utensils.

Terms cash. JAS. C. McGUIRE & CO.,
no29-1t+4td Auctioneers.

ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, Corner of G and Twenty-second streets, Washington, D. C., November 27, 1863.—Will be sold at Public Auction on Wednesdays, the 9th and 23d of December, 1863, at the Corral, near the Observatory, in this city—

A lot of public Horses and Mules, condemned as unfit for public service.

Sales to commence at 10 o'clock A. M.
Terms—Cash in Government funds.
CHAS. H. TOMPKINS,
no28-22t Captain and A. Q. M., U. S. Army.

AMUSEMENTS.

FORD'S NEW THEATRE,
TENTH STREET, ABOVE E.
JOHN T. FORD..................Proprietor and Manager.
(Also of Holliday Street Theatre, Baltimore.)
WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 2, 1863,
Third week of
THE WEBB SISTERS,
MR. HARRY PEARSON,
MR. C. B. BISHOP,
MR. J. A. HERNE,
AND
THE STAR COMPANY.
This evening,
THE INVISIBLE PRINCE;
OR,
THE ISLE OF TRANQUIL DELIGHTS.
In rehearsal,
THE COLLEEN BAWN.

OPERA GLASSES FOR HIRE
AT FRANKLIN & CO. OPTICIANS,
244 Penna. avenue, between 12th and 13th streets,
And under the National Hotel. se6-tf

MR JOHN K. GOODALL'S Fashionable Dancing Academy, Eleventh street, near the avenue. Private lessons any hour. Academy for Children and Ladies, Tuesday and Friday, at 3 o'clock. Gentlemen's Class, Tuesday and Saturday, at 7 P. M. The beautiful *Sceptre* exercise for children and ladies; also, the *Indian Club* exercise for gentlemen. Lessons on the Violin and Violoncello. Private families attended. Mrs. Goodall continues to give lessons in singing and on the piano-forte. no18 d&S1m*

CANTERBURY HALL
CANTERBURY,
CANTERBURY,
CANTERBURY,
CANTERBURY,
THE POPULAR
MUSIC HALL AND THEATRE,
Louisiana avenue, near the corner of Sixth street,
In the rear of the Metropolitan and National Hotels.
SIGN OF THE BIG CALCIUM LIGHT.
William E. Sinn..................Manager and Proprietor.

CONTINUED UNEXAMPLED SUCCESS
OF
THE GREAT SENSATION ALLIANCE.
HOUSES CROWDED NIGHTLY.
AUDIENCES WILD WITH DELIGHT.

THIS EVENING,
MISS KATHLEEN O'NEIL,
MISS KATHLEEN O'NEIL,
MISS KATHLEEN O'NEIL,
The eminently popular Irish Comedienne and Vocalist,

MISS ERNESTINE DE FAIBER,
MISS ERNESTINE DE FAIBER,
MISS ERNESTINE DE FAIBER,
The favorite Vocal and Terpsichorean Artiste,

MR. L. J. DONNELLY,
MR. L. J. DONNELLY,
The famous representative of Ethiopian Peculiarisms,

G. R. EDESON
G. R. EDESON
In some entirely new Comic Songs, written expressly for and sung only by him.

Protracted engagement of the celebrated Ethiopian Duo,
EAGAN AND EDWARDS.
EAGAN AND EDWARDS.

An interesting Drama, entitled the
COIN FORGERS;
COIN FORGERS;
COIN FORGERS;
OR,
THE ROBBER'S WIFE.
THE ROBBER'S WIFE.

Miss Lillie Brandon as..................Rose Redland
J. B. Edwards as..................Mark Redland
George R. Edeson as..................Larry O'Gig

A charming New Ballet, arranged by the Great Maitre,
MONS. GUILLAUME FOUCHE,
MONS. GUILLAUME FOUCHE,
CALLED
THE WOLF
THE WOLF
AMONG THE LAMBS.
AMONG THE LAMBS.
Introducing the unrivalled
BOUQUET OF BEAUTY,
BOUQUET OF BEAUTY,
LILLIE BRANDON, KATE HARRISON,
JULIA RICHMOND, LUCY CLIFTON,
M'LLE JENNIE, M'LLE GERALDINE,
LA PETITE ELLA, &c., &c.
THE GREAT CORPS D'ETHIOPE
THE GREAT CORPS D'ETHIOPE
WILL APPEAR.

A NEW OLIO OF FUN,
A NEW OLIO OF FUN,
A NEW OLIO OF FUN,
Consisting of Songs, Dances, Farces, Burlesques, &c.

Calling into requisition, in addition to the eminent artistes above named, the acceptable services of Messrs.
HARRY BLOODGOOD, H. W. WILLIAMS,
WILLIS ARMSTRONG, J. S. CLARKE,
MONS. SOL, C. W. SWAGGART.
T. BROWN, &c.

Admission 25 cents; Orchestra 50 cents; Private boxes holding six persons, $5.
Doors open at ¼ before 7 o'clock. Performances at ¼ before 8 o'clock.

POPULAR FAMILY MATINEE,
POPULAR FAMILY MATINEE,
REGULAR SERIES, ON SATURDAY AFTERNOON, at 2 o'clock.
Admission—Ladies 20 cents; Children 10 cents.

THE GREAT TERPSICHOREAN ALLIANCE,
M'LLE ANNETTA GALETTI and
MONS. TOPHOFF;
ALSO,
MISSES JULIA MORTIMER,
MILLIE FOWLER, and
CLARA FOWLER,
Will appear on MONDAY Evening, December 7.

VARIETIES! VARIETIES!
Fronting Pennsylvania avenue and Ninth street.
Hamblin & Co..................Proprietors
Fitz Simmons..................Stage Manager and Advertiser
NEW STARS AND PLAYS!
NEW COMEDIES AND FARCES!
NEW SONGS AND DANCES!
NEW ETHIOPIC JOKES AND BON MOTS!
Only standing room after 9 o'clock.
THIS EVENING, DECEMBER 2,
Third time of the protean piece,
FANNY'S FROLICS,
with M'lle Cherrie Petrie in five great characters, received last night with thunders of applause.
The Beautiful Ballets of
LES AMOURS DE FIGARO,
AND
BOLERO ESPANOL,
sustained by
M'LLE LINA WINDELL,
MONS. BAPTISTIN,
and the entire Corps de Ballet.
Also, a diversified bill.
WEDNESDAY—GRAND MATINEE.
FRIDAY, DECEMBER 4,
GREAT
ANNIVERSARY INAUGURATION
of the opening of the
☞ VARIETIES. ☜
A splendid bill, a Prize Address, and brilliant display of Fireworks.
In preparation,
THE DUMB GIRL OF GENOA.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK
OF WASHINGTON.
CAPITAL—$500,000.

This Bank, organized under the National Banking Law of the last Congress, is opened this day for the transaction of business, at the corner of Fifteenth and F streets, opposite the Treasury Department.

H. D. COOKE, President.
WM. S. HUNTINGTON, Cashier. oc22-tf

ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, Corner G and Twenty-second streets, Washington, D. C., November 18, 1863.—Will be sold at Public Auction, at the Quartermaster's Warehouse, on the Square between E and F and Twenty-first and Twenty-second streets, Washington, D. C., on WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 2d, a large lot of Quartermasters' Stores, condemned as unfit for public service, consisting in part of Scrap-Iron, and Leather, Saddles, Bridles, parts of Harness, and Wagons, Tents, Tools, and Implements.
Terms cash in Government funds.
Sale to commence at 10 o'clock A. M.
CHARLES H. TOMPKINS,
no19-12t Captain and Quartermaster, U. S. A.

FOR SALE—A blooded Filly, four years old next spring, a well broken and beautiful animal, for a boy or man of light weight. Apply at the Navy-yard gate, between the hours of 9 A. M. and 3 P. M. no28-12t*

BALL TICKETS and PROGRAMMES printed in the best manner at the office of the Daily Chronicle. no3-tf

Daily Chronicle.

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 2 1863.

NEWS ITEMS.

The workmen on the Great Eastern while she was repairing at New York were convinced that the ship was haunted; that a riveter had been accidentally sealed up in her massive sides. They left the ship in fright, convinced that the dead riveter had a habit of hammering in a ghostly way at midnight. A diver said he heard hammering at the bottom of the ship, and the fear was universal until it was discovered that a swivel connected with the moorings worked to and fro, the movement causing a clink or vibration which, at times, more especially at night, was heard throughout the vessel. It was this sound which had conjured up the phantom.

An unknown lady was killed at the Elmira depot, New York, last week. She had a ticket for London, Canada, but in the confusion of the arrival and departure of various trains at the time of the accident she became bewildered, and instead of getting on the train for Buffalo, got on the one bound north, when, as the train was about starting, discovering her mistake, she jumped from the car at the very moment the train bound east came alongside, which struck and instantly killed her, severing both legs and otherwise horribly mutilating the body. She was evidently of foreign birth.

A carriage, containing two ladies and a girl, was standing at the gate of the Hunter's Point Ferry, Brooklyn, New York, on Saturday evening last, when a train from Flushing arrived at the depot, the whistle from which frightened the horse, who dashed through the gate on the bridge and then plunged into the river. All the occupants of the carriage were drowned. The driver of the carriage and the gentleman who had accompanied the ladies were partaking of refreshments at the time the accident occurred.

Two original Murillos have been discovered in Paris. Eight thousand francs were offered for the two by a person who casually saw them at the auctioneer's. He declined to sell them at private sale, but putting them up at auction they were run up to 30,000 francs. The auctioneer "smelt a mice," suspended the sale, sent the pictures to the restorer's, and lo! the signature of Murillo. The pictures are now held to be worth 200,000 francs.

James McCulley, alias Foxey Miller, who was arrested in Reading, Pa., last June, on the charge of murdering Charles A. Brady, the keeper of a small drinking saloon on the river shore, at Marietta, Lancaster county, was tried last week in Lancaster, found guilty of murder in the second degree, and sentenced to the penitentiary for ten years and four months. The prisoner is about 25 years of age.

The Boston Commercial *Bulletin* humorously apologizes for omitting to mention among its list of failures that of Messrs. Bragg, Longstreet, & Co., who have been doing a heavy Tennessee business lately. The senior partner of the concern has, we understand, not only been unable to meet his engagements, but has fled the country.

The Empress of the French has ordered from a Spanish artist a grand picture representing her visit to Madrid, and which picture is to be hung in the Tuileries. Her Majesty gave 50 000 reals to the servants of the Queen of Spain's palace, and made large presents to several charitable establishments.

A soldier's wife in Mansfield, Massachusetts, died last week of small pox. The selectmen and townspeople during her illness refused her any care or assistance, and she and her four children were utterly neglected save by one brave woman who alone had courage to nurse her.

On Thursday night last, a ball was given by the "[illegible] Association" of Boston. Miss Mary A. Bradshaw, one of the ladies present, while dancing, fell to the floor, and, before medical assistance could be obtained, expired. It was supposed that she died of heart disease.

An unknown man entered a saloon at Terre Haute, Indiana, the other day, ordered a half dozen oysters, ate them, and upon rising to leave, threw a silver quarter to the amazed proprietor. All attempts to identify this singular customer have thus far proved unavailing.

Joseph Founds, for committing an outrage on Mary Jane McCullough, residing in the upper part of Cecil county, Maryland, has been found guilty in Harford county court, Maryland, and sentenced to the penitentiary for five years.

Dr. A. L. Alstead, who was tried and convicted last week at Harrisburg, Pennsylvania, for causing an abortion on the person of Louisa Hollsberger, has been sentenced to three years and four months' solitary confinement in the penitentiary.

A tract of valuable coal land, with a fourteen feet vein, located on George's Creek, was sold at public sale in Cumberland, Md., last week, for the sum of $20 115. A New York party were the purchasers.

A very destructive fire occurred in Lawrenceburg, Kentucky, on the 23d ultimo. The fire originated in the stage stable of William Saffell, which communicated to the adjoining buildings, consuming nearly a whole square.

There has been an increase in the quantity of coal mined this year of 1,585,700 tons, up to the month of October, compared with the same period of 1862, and the total product of anthracite this year will reach 9,800 000 tons.

An American firm in Liverpool—M'Henry & Co.—failed for a large amount some time since, but subsequently prosperity has enabled them to pay up all their old debts. One was $235,000 to a London banker.

A loaf of bread at one of the thanksgiving dinners in New York was eleven feet long, ten inches thick, twenty two inches wide, and required a whole barrel of flour for its construction. It was needed.

Photography is being run into the ground. The remains of the musical composers, Beethoven and Schubert, have been exhumed, photographed, and reburied.

There is a good demand for both stores and dwelling houses in Nashville, Tenn. Northern enterprise is rapidly enhancing the prosperity of the place and its attractions to business men.

The amount of money to be paid to the different regiments of militia which were on duty in New York during the July riots is $227,248 64. The ration bill foots up $33,000.

Lewis List, tried at New Castle, Del., charged with the murder of John R. Boylis, in Wilmington, has been acquitted.

Large numbers of wild fowl, principally shofflers and mallards, have been killed on the Potomac within the last week.

The value of the stock of cotton held in New York city by speculators is estimated at about $10 000 000.

New Jersey appreciates the value of red tape. Before a recruit in that State can obtain his bounty money he must sign his name to ten different papers.

A great conflagration was stayed in Madison, Indiana, a few evenings since, by the united exertions of a red-headed servant girl and a rat terrier.

A common pitcher and washbowl, the former a little cracked, sold at auction in Richmond lately for $33.

In 1862, 300,000 pounds of opium were imported into this country. Opium eating is fearfully on the increase.

A vast quantity of corn is being imported from England into France to ameliorate the quality of French corn.

At one of Saxe's lectures, recently, an individual received a large reward for bringing the largest number of ladies, viz: forty-eight.

A poor, homeless, betrayed girl gave birth to a male child in the streets of Chicago one day last week.

Two hundred and eighty-five thousand bushels of oats were sent from Montreal last week to the United States, principally for the army.

A young lady in Cologne has been sentenced to imprisonment for plucking the plumage from the ostrich in the Zoological Gardens of the city.

Twelve millions of butterflies have been caught this year in the Canton of Basle, for which the Swiss Government has paid 1 000 000f.

Gov. Brown's (of Georgia) message advocated the employment of negroes in the Southern army as teamsters, &c.

—A 60 pounder Parrott gun exploded at West Point foundry, when under trial, and one man was killed.

The vines at Madeira have been more fruitful than for many years. Several pipes of wine have been already made.

The contract for supplying Chicago with pure water, by means of a tunnel under the lake, has been awarded to a bid of $315 139.

The Poles in England and France have been contributing from 10 000 to 15 000 francs daily for the support of the insurrectionists in Warsaw.

Geo. Scott, residing near Scott's Mills, Cecil county, Md., committed suicide a few days ago, while partially insane.

A telegraph line is now being constructed along the Pacific coast from San Francisco to Portland, Oregon.

Large numbers of negroes are leaving Ohio for Rhode Island, where large bounties are paid to colored recruits.

Kent county, Maryland, is credited with 206 colored recruits, and requires only 170 more men to fill her quota.

Mr. John Fry, of Shippensburg, Pa., died recently from the effects of an overdose of laudanum.

There was a heavy snow storm at Montreal on Monday morning; in the afternoon it turned to rain.

The United States steamer Lancaster sailed from San Francisco on a cruise last Wednesday.

☞ The court-house in Tremont county, Iowa, was blown up with gunpowder by some person unknown.

Thirty three marriage licenses were issued in Boston on Wednesday last.

☞ "Baltimore oysters" are among the luxuries now served at St. Paul, Minnesota.

Recruiting in New York is going on briskly—one hundred a day is the average.

Minnesota promises to become a large wool-growing State. Mr. O. B. Kidder, of Claremont, Dodge county, reports his wool crop this year as follows: From one hundred and fifteen sheep he sheared seven hundred and three pounds of washed wool, being an average of six pounds and two ounces a head. The sheep are mostly merinoes. Immense flocks of sheep have been introduced into the State during the year.

In settling up accounts between the Government and the State of New Hampshire, lately, it was discovered that the State has been owing the Government $10 000 since the war of 1812.

The Indianapolis *Sentinel* learns that extensive preparations are making in that city for the manufacture of tobacco.

There are 36,236 soldiers in the British army unable to read or write.

MISCELLANEOUS.

MEMBERS Desiring CHOICE ROOMS, communicating or single, can be accommodated, with board also, by applying at 391 F street, one door from Ninth, adjoining the Herndon House. de1 5*

EVERY MAN in the city of Washington and vicinity ought to know just where to get a Good Meal at a fair price, and that place is at the NEW ENGLAND DINING SALOON, 435 Pennsylvania avenue, between Four-and-a-half and Sixth streets, near the Telegraph office.
de1-3t* BOYCE & WHITE, Proprietors.

GREAT CLOSING-OUT SALE OF GROCERIES, &c., at 593 Ninth street, a few doors south of Pennsylvania avenue, being the entire stock formerly belonging to J. M. Johnson, consisting of Sugars, Teas, Coffee, Molasses, Spices, Wooden and Willow-ware, Cigar Mill, Scales, sacks of Salt, Extra Flour, Wines, Liquors, &c. All of the above stock will be closed out within the next few days, without reserve, at prices to suit customers. de1-1t*

TO TINNERS AND STOVE DEALERS.
We offer to consumers, at low rates, WIRE of all descriptions, in quantity or at retail, as follows:
Bright Iron Wire, Nos 1 to 20.
Annealed Iron Wire, Nos. 16 to 36.
Brass Wire, ¼ inch to No. 25.
Copper Wire, Nos. 1 to 25.
Steel Wire, Nos. 4 to 16.
de1lnthes 3 JOHN R. ELVANS.

GREAT BARGAINS IN PIANOS That have been used.
One 6⅞ 7-octave Piano, Nunes & Co, $200.
One 6⅞ 7 octave Piano, $190.
One 6¾ octave, Rosewood, Hallet & Davis, $150
One 6¾ octave, Chickering, $100
One 6 octave, Andrew Stelo, $65
Also, just received a large assortment of NEW PIANOS, from the manufactories of STEINWAY & SONS, RAVEN & BACON, AND HAINES BROTHERS, which we sell at lowest factory prices. We have also on hand several of Mason & Hamlin's Organ Harmoniums, suitable for churches, together with the largest stock of Musical Instruments and Sheet Music in this city.
W. G. METZEROTT, Music Depot,
no28-1f4td Cor of 11th street and Pennsylvania av.

MUSIC FOR PARTIES AND FASHIONABLE BALLS
Can be engaged by calling on ALBERT POPPENBERG, Leader of the 17th U. S. Infantry Band, at the Barracks, corner of 17th and I sts. west,
no25-1m* or Box 933, Post office.

RADICAL CURE OF RUPTURE. DR MARSH. (of the Surgical Institute of Marsh Bros. cor Broadway and Ann street New York, who has devoted many years to the treatment of Hernia or Rupture desires to inform those afflicted, residing in Washington and suburbs that he has taken rooms at 308 F street, between Eleventh and Twelfth, in this city, where he can be consulted for a few weeks from the 1st of December. Examinations made and advice given gratuitously. In addition to Trusses he will also have on hand a select assortment of Silk Elastic Stockings and Knee Caps for varicose veins and swollen joints, with elastic Belts for abdominal supports; Pessaries and Instruments; Suspensory Bandages for varicocele; Instruments for all kinds of physical deformities, such as Bow Legs, Knock Knees, Curvature of the Spine, also, Shoulder Braces, &c. Office Hours from 9 A. M. till 9 P. M.; Sunday 10 A. M. till 1 P. M. n26 6*

SUTLERS ARE THE SHREWDEST men out, generally speaking, and that is why so many of them take their meals at the NEW ENGLAND DINING ROOMS, 435 Pennsylvania avenue, between Four-and-a-Half and Sixth streets.
n 30 3t* BOYCE & WHITE.

F. DESFOSSE, FRENCH AND AMERICAN BAKER. No. 357 Nineteenth street, near Pennsylvania avenue. The undersigned, favorably known in this city for the last five years, begs leave to inform his numerous customers that after many trials, he has at last succeeded in imparting to his French Bread that beautiful gilt color thus far only to be seen in Paris. He also makes the French "flutes croustillantes," so justly celebrated there. The best judges are the numerous and distinguished visitors expected during Congress, who, having travelled in Europe, have not failed to enjoy the luxuries of life in Paris. Patronage is respectfully solicited.
Arrangements have been made to supply bread in any part of the town by 7 o'clock A. M.
The French Bread has been highly recommended to their patients by the first doctors in the city of Washington as the best for persons of weak constitutions.
no23-1m F. DESFOSSE.

CLARIFIED CIDER, CLARIFIED CIDER. Just received, per schooner Julia Anna, direct from Massachusetts, a shipment of Prime Clarified Cider, in barrels. For sale by
RILEY A. SHINN, Union Bottling Depot,
no28-9t [Star] 57 Greene st., Georgetown, D. C.

SAPONIFIER, OR CONCENTRATED LYE.
FAMILY SOAP-MAKER.
ECONOMY! ECONOMY!!
EVERY FAMILY can make its own SOAP from WASTE KITCHEN GREASE at a cost of only FOUR CENTS per pound with Saponifier, which is THREE TIMES THE STRENGTH OF POTASH.
☞ Full directions accompany each one-pound iron can.
NOTICE.
The genuine Saponifier is only put up in 1-lb IRON cans, by the PENNSYLVANIA SALT-MANUFACTURING CO., Patentees and sole Manufacturers.
☞ Beware of Counterfeits! Be sure you buy the IRON can! ☜
FOR SALE BY
no23-3m Druggists and Grocers generally.

W. H. HARROVER, MANUFACTURER OF STOVES, RANGES. And Dealer in all kinds of TIN-WARE, HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS, Camp Equipments, &c.,
532 Seventh street, 532
Five doors north Pennsylvania avenue,
no19-tf Washington, D. C.

452 SEVENTH STREET. 452 PAPERHANGINGS AND WINDOW SHADES. FALL STYLES.
L. J. ROTHROOK, 452 Seventh street, opposite the Patent Office, Has in store a large stock of the most fashionable descriptions of decorative and plainer styles of Paper hangings, Window Shades, Gilt Cornice &c. Also a large and very select stock of Picture Frames, Card de Visite Frames, Picture Cord, Tassels, Nails, &c.
All work executed promptly in the best manner.
Come and see at 452 Seventh street, opposite the Patent Office. no10-4tawtw

FALL AND WINTER DRY GOODS.
LADIES' BLACK, COLORED, AND SCARLET CLOAKS AND CIRCULARS;
Black, Frosted Beaver, Plush, and Water-proof Cloakings;
French Merinos, Reps, and Ottomans in all colors;
Plain, Plaid, and Striped Valencias;
White, Red, and Blue Flannels, in all qualities;
Sack and Shirting Flannels;
Cassimeres and Satinets;
White and Colored Blankets;
Long and Square Shawls;
Black Silks;
Mourning Goods, in great variety;
White and Brown Cotton Sheetings, &c.;
Balmoral and Hoop Skirts;
Hosiery, Gauntlets, Jouvin's Kid Gloves, &c., &c.
M. TAYLOR & CO.,
no 3-8tdlmo No. 42 Centre Market space.

MARBLE MANTELS.—Constantly on hand at my Warerooms, corner of First street and New Jersey avenue, the largest supply of the different styles and patterns of Marble Mantels that can be found at any other establishment in this city, and at lower prices. Purchasers will please give me a call and judge for themselves before making engagements. Also, all kinds of stone work for building purposes, such as Brown Stone, Marble, Granite, and North River stone work, manufactured to order at the shortest notice and lowest cash prices. Marble, North River, and Breaman Tile and Flagging constantly on hand and laid down to order. North River Blue Stone of all descriptions, as well as Lime, Cement, and Plaster, for sale low for cash.
no19-1m NICHOLAS ACKER.

FOR SALE.—Copies of the Judge Advocate General's Review of the Court-Martial of Major General Fitz John Porter, in pamphlet form, can be had at this office, corner of Eleventh street and Pennsylvania avenue.

LEGAL NOTICES.

THE SUPREME COURT of the District of Columbia, holding a District Court of the United States for the said District, to all whom it may concern, greeting:
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That, on the 24 day of October, 1863 the schooner Alma, her tackle, &c and cargo, were captured by the United States gunboat Seneca, and brought into this District for adjudication, and the same are libeled and prosecuted in this Court in the name of the United States, for condemnation, as lawful prize, for reasons in the libel set forth; and that said cause will stand for trial at the City Hall in the city of Washington on the second Monday of December next, when and where all persons are warned to appear to show cause why condemnation should not be decreed, and intervene for their interests.
November 20, 1863. R. J. MEIGS,
no21-1d14 Clerk.

FINANCIAL.

JAY COOKE & CO., BANKERS. No. 452 Fifteenth Street.
We shall continue to furnish U. S. FIVE-TWENTY BONDS At par until further notice.
Parties desiring information concerning this Loan can procure it at our counter, or upon application by mail. Circulars answering all questions that may arise.
We buy and sell all issues of GOVERNMENT BONDS, TREASURY NOTES CERTIFICATES, AND VOUCHERS. Coin, Currency, and Exchange. And pay the highest prices for CERTIFICATE CHECKS.
JAY COOKE & CO.

UNITED STATES 5.20 BONDS
UNITED STATES 7-30 TREASURY NOTES.
UNITED STATES COUPONS OF 1881.
UNITED STATES CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS.
Gold, Silver, Uncurrent Money, Exchange on all parts of Europe and the Northern Cities, BOUGHT AND SOLD.
We are authorized to furnish 5-20 bonds at par until the 1st of August next, when the privilege of conversion ceases.
Orders for Stocks and Gold executed in New York exclusively on commission.
RITTENHOUSE, FANT & CO., Bankers, 352 Pennsylvania avenue.
[Star & Con. Union.]

FIVE-TWENTY BONDS
We are now prepared to furnish to purchasers U. S. 5-20 BONDS, OF ALL DENOMINATIONS, UPON APPLICATION, WITHOUT ANY DELAY.
Subscribers holding our receipts are notified that their bonds are ready for delivery, and are requested to call for them.
JAY COOKE & CO.

GRAVEL ROOFS.

THE WILSON MANUFACTURING COMPANY, (Successors to J. P. WALKER & SON,) WASHINGTON, D. C., AND PHILADELPHIA PA., MANUFACTURERS OF CAMP BLACK, ROOFING MATERIALS, AND WILSON'S IMPROVED FIRE AND WATER-PROOF FELT, CEMENT, AND GRAVEL ROOFS;
OFFICE—No. 161 Twenty-second street west.
WORKS—Foot of Twenty-second street west, Chesapeake and Ohio Canal, Washington; and Thirtieth and Hamilton streets, Philadelphia.
jy22-d&6m F. P. WILSON, Jr., Secretary. G. W. WILSON, Superintendent.

COAL AND WOOD.

COAL AT WHOLESALE, At my wharf, foot of Eleventh street, Island.
OAK WOOD AT WHOLESALE, at my yard, near Baltimore and Ohio Railroad depot.
COAL AND WOOD AT RETAIL.
Anthracite and Cumberland Coal. Hickory, Oak, and Pine Wood.
au15-d3&tf O. W. PALMER.

COAL, COAL. 2,000 TONS COAL, FOR SALE CHEAP. Look to your interest.
Red Ash Coal, Egg and Stove size.
White Ash Coal, Furnace, Egg, and Stove size.
OAK, 1,500 CORDS WOOD, PINE, and HICKORY WOOD.
Cord length, or sawed and split any length required. Consumers of Fuel will find it greatly to their advantage to call before buying elsewhere, as the above will be sold very low. Remember the place.
W. H. MARLOW,
oc13-tf South side Canal, corner Seventh street.

HICKORY, OAK, AND PINE WOOD for sale, cord length, cheap, by N. C. McKNEW,
se11-tf corner Seventh street and Canal.

COAL! COAL! COAL!—Of all kinds, on hand and for sale by N. C. McKNEW, Union Fire Wood Mill,
se11-1f corner Seventh street and Canal.

WOOD! WOOD!! Sawed in four pieces and Split for One Dollar per Cord. N. C. McKNEW, Union Fire Wood Mill,
se11 tf corner Seventh street and Canal.

"HOW ARE YOU, GREENBACKS!" "Old men for counsel, young men for war." You can't see it? Then call at the corner of Pennsylvania avenue and Twentieth street and examine our new stock of Splendid Clothing. GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS of every description. BOOTS, SHOES, &c.
SMITH & CO.,
oc10-1y Cor. Penn. ave. and Twentieth street.

460. 460. 460.
AND still the wonder grew. Cash does the business.
"A thing of joy is always beautiful:"
That is the reason why our new style of FALL AND WINTER COATS please everybody. Call and examine our Splendid Stock of Clothing, Gents' Furnishing Goods, Hats, Caps, &c. Suits made to order. Call and see samples.
J. H. SMITH,
oc10-1y 460 Seventh street, opposite Post Office.

CLEAR THE TRACK while the bell rings. There's no use of talking. The goods must be sold. Constantly receiving from our Manufactory, FALL AND WINTER GOODS of every description. Custom Goods made to order. Call and examine samples at 361 Seventh street.
oc10-1y SMITH & BEALL.

THE OLD WAR HORSE IN THE FIELD. J. BRUCE & CO. Invite your attention to their large stock of FALL AND WINTER CLOTHING, at prices that defy competition.
Boys' Clothing!
Which will fit them all,
High or low, large or small,
Old or young, short or tall,
White or black, "one and all."
J. BRUCE & CO.,
oc10-1m 464 Seventh street.

CARPETS, OILCLOTH, HEARTHRUGS, MATTING, AND HOUSEKEEPING EFFECTS IN GENERAL.
The subscribers, having just received and completed their Fall Stock, would respectfully invite the ladies and gentlemen of Washington, Georgetown, Alexandria, and the public in general to call at the store No. 536, corner Seventh and D street, and examine our large and general assortment of
Three-ply, ingrain, and domestic carpets and rugs.
Oilcloths, from one to four yards wide.
Matting and mats, window shades.
Oilcloth table-covers and blankets.
Feather beds, hair, husk, and Excelsior mattresses.
ALSO,
A large assortment of mahogany and walnut furniture.
Looking glasses, crockery, glass, wooden ware, and baskets, with nearly all other articles in the house-furnishing line.
We flatter ourselves that any person wishing to purchase articles in our line, and will honor us with a call, will be pleased with our stock and prices.
Very respectfully,
oc21-wfmtf GREEN & WILLIAMS.

SHOW CASES. FRASER'S WAREROOMS of plain and Elegant SHOW CASES corner of READE and HUDSON Streets, NEW YORK. Orders by mail promptly attended to.

BUSINESS CARDS printed neatly, and with promptness, at the "Chronicle" Job Printing Office.

EDUCATIONAL.

MR. H. TOWNSEND continues (after four o'clock p. m.) to give lessons in the art of SINGING, and playing the PIANO-FORTE and ORGAN. Apply at No. 420 N street, near Fourteenth street, or address through the Post Office. se5-3m

SECURE A MUSICAL EDUCATION. Mr. JOHN P. SPANIER desires to inform the Public of Washington that he is prepared to give lessons on the Violin, Guitar, Flute, and upon Brass Instruments, either in classes or in families, either at his residence, No. 423 F street, between Sixth and Seventh streets, or at the residences of his pupils. [illegible]

ATTORNEYS.

THOMAS H. FORD, ATTORNEY AT LAW, WASHINGTON, D. C. Office 443 Ninth street. Residence, 241 F street. no2-1m*

JOHN JOLLIFFE, ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW, NORTHEAST CORNER OF F AND FIFTEENTH STREETS, Opposite the East entrance of the Treasury Building, WASHINGTON CITY, D. C. ap2-1y Attends especially to Claims upon the United States.

WILLIAM HALSTED, ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW, No. 420 FOURTEENTH STREET, opposite Willards, WASHINGTON, D. C. Practices in the Court of Claims, Admiralty, and Supreme Courts.

JEWELRY AND SILVERWARE.

P. J. ZINGSEM, MANUFACTURER OF SILVER-PLATED WARE, [illegible] STREET, ONE DOOR FROM PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE. SPOONS, FORKS, TEA SETS, CAKE BASKETS, CASTORS, URNS, KETTLES, FRUIT STANDS, &c. Single and Double-Plated, on superior German Silver or Britannia Metal. All Goods replated nearly equal to new.

LEWIS LADOMUS & CO., WATCHES, JEWELRY, AND SILVERWARE. 802 Chestnut Street, First door above Eighth street, PHILADELPHIA. IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN WATCHES, JEWELRY, AND SILVERWARE.
L. LADOMUS. H. BULON.
ARMY CORPS BADGES of every description made in the neatest manner, and at the shortest notice—gold, silver, or plated. au31-3m

RESTAURANTS.

322 BUHLER RESTAURANT, 322 (A la Maison Dorée,) 322 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE. The proprietor of this favorite Restaurant has spared no pains to make this the best Restaurant in Washington; and he points with pleasure to the large patronage he has always been honored with, and respectfully solicits a continuance of the same. GAME, OYSTERS, and other refreshments constantly on hand, and at the most reasonable rates. BREAKFAST, DINNER, and SUPPER prepared at the shortest notice and in the most satisfactory manner. Breakfast from eight to twelve o'clock; Dinner and Supper at all hours.
JOHN WELCKER,
jy15-d&tf Proprietor.

MILITARY GOODS.

TO SUTLERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN MILITARY AND OTHER GOODS.
We have on hand and offer for sale—
100 dozen BLUE FLANNEL SUITS.
20 dozen LINEN COATS and PANTS.
100 dozen MERINO UNDERSHIRTS.
150 dozen Cotton and Merino SOCKS.
50 dozen NEGLIGEE SHIRTS.
75 dozen HAVERSACKS.
70 dozen BROWN LINEN SHIRTS.
60 dozen JEANS and NET DRAWERS.
All of which we offer to dealers at the Lowest Market Rates.
WALL, STEPHENS & CO., 322 Pennsylvania avenue,
my23-4&eotf between Ninth and Tenth streets.

MILITARY GOODS. WALL, STEPHENS & CO., 322 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE; Offer the largest assortment in this city, embracing all qualities used by officers in the Army and Navy, such as—Swords, Sashes, belts, Shoulder-straps, Hats, Caps, Pistols, &c., &c., with a fine assortment of Uniform Clothing, with which we can furnish officers complete outfits in a few moments.
WALL, STEPHENS & CO.,
au12-d 322 Pennsylvania Avenue.

MEDICINAL.

HORACE HATCH, M. D., HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN. No. 390 F street, between Thirteenth and Fourteenth streets. Office hours [illegible] o'clock a. m. [illegible] o'clock p. m. jy3-6m

TARRANT'S EFFERVESCENT SELTZER APERIENT, For Thirty Years has received the Favorable Recommendation of the public, and been used and prescribed by the FIRST PHYSICIANS IN THE LAND AS THE BEST REMEDY KNOWN For Sick Headache, Nervous Headache, Dyspepsia, Sour Stomach, Bilious Headache, Dizziness, Costiveness, Loss of Appetite, Gout, Indigestion, Torpidity of the Liver, Gravel, Rheumatic Affections, Piles, Heartburn, Sea Sickness, Bilious Attacks, Fevers, &c. For testimonials, &c., see pamphlet with each bottle.
MANUFACTURED ONLY BY TARRANT & CO., 278 GREENWICH STREET, NEW YORK.
☞ For sale by all druggists. no5-1yd

PAPER.

ROOFING PAPER, ROOFING PAPER. ROOFING PAPER. ROOFERS TAKE NOTICE. A constant supply of Roofing Paper and Cement can be had on the most liberal terms. Paper ¼ cent less per lb. than can be furnished elsewhere. Cement 25 cents less per barrel than can be purchased from any other dealers. Apply or address
KNIGHT & JOHNSON, 31 South Charles street,
se13d&St Baltimore City, Maryland.

PAPER WAREHOUSE. KNIGHT & JOHNSON, WHOLESALE DEALERS IN PAPER AND PAPER MANUFACTURERS' MATERIALS, 31 South Charles street, Baltimore City.
WANTED FOR CASH: Old Blank Books, Letters, Old Bills, and printed or written paper of all kinds; ALSO, Rags, Canvas, Rope, &c.
G. P. KNIGHT; W. H. JOHNSON, JR.
se13d&tf

PAPER WAREHOUSE, No. 12 SOUTH CHARLES STREET, BALTIMORE, MD. The subscribers offer for sale a large and general assortment of WRITING AND WRAPPING PAPERS, viz: FLAT CAPS, DEMYS, FOLIO POST, MEDIUMS, Plain and Ruled, LETTER and NOTES. Also, MANILLA, and all other WRAPPING PAPERS, all sizes. BINDERS' and BOX BOARDS, PRINTERS' CARDS and CARD BOARDS, ENVELOPES, GROCERS PAPER BAGS, &c. To which we call the attention of City Dealers.
WILLIS & ADAMS.
☞ Cash paid for RAGS and OLD PAPER.

EXPRESS COMPANIES.

ADAMS EXPRESS COMPANY, OFFICE, 514 PENNA. AVENUE, Washington City, D. C. GREAT EASTERN, NORTHERN, AND WESTERN EXPRESS FORWARDERS. MERCHANDISE, MONEY, JEWELRY, VALUABLES, BANK NOTES, STOCKS, BONDS, &c., Forwarded with Safety and Dispatch to all accessible sections of the country. This Company has agencies in the principal Railway Towns in the NORTH, EAST, WEST, AND NORTHWEST. Its Principal Offices are: Washington, D. C., New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Cincinnati, St. Louis, Louisville, and Lexington. Connections are made at New York and Boston with lines forwarding to the CANADAS and the BRITISH PROVINCES, and with steamship lines to LIVERPOOL, SOUTHAMPTON, and HAVRE, and thence by European expresses to all prominent commercial towns in Great Britain and on the Continent. Collection of Notes, Drafts, and Bills made at all accessible parts of the United States.
C. C. DUNN, Agent, Washington, D. C.

GREAT OPPORTUNITY.—Ground for Lease. That large and well-situated lot of ground, and unfinished building, on E street, between Sixth and Seventh streets, called the Fletcher Property, is for rent or lease for a term of years. Proposals for ten days will be received and information given by William McLean at his Lumber Yard, corner of Thirteenth and Canal streets. no24-wfm10t

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS FOR ARMY TRANSPORTATION.
OFFICE OF THE DEPOT QUARTERMASTER, FORT LEAVENWORTH, KANSAS, October 28, 1863.
SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until 12 o'clock M. on the 10th day of December, 1863, for the transportation of military supplies during the years 1864 and 1865, on the following routes:

Route No. 1. From Forts Leavenworth, Laramie, and Riley, and other depots that may be established during the above years, on the west bank of the Missouri river, north of Fort Leavenworth and south of latitude 42° north, to any posts or stations that are or may be established in the Territories of Nebraska, Dakotah, Idaho, and Utah, south of latitude 44° north, and east of longitude 114° west, and in the Territory of Colorado, north of 40° north. Bidders to state the rate per 100 pounds for 100 miles, at which they will transport said stores in each of the months, from April to September, inclusive, of the years 1864 and 1865.

Route No. 2. From Forts Leavenworth and Riley in the State of Kansas, and the town of Kansas, in the State of Missouri, to any posts or stations that are or may be established in the State of Kansas, or in the Territory of Colorado, south of latitude 40° north, drawing supplies from Fort Leavenworth, and to Fort Union, N. M., or other depot that may be designated in that Territory, and to Fort Garland, and to any other point or points on the route. Bidders to state the rate per 100 pounds per 100 miles, at which they will transport said stores in each of the months, from April to September, inclusive, of the years 1864 and 1865.

Route No. 3. From Fort Union, or such other depot as may be established in the Territory of New Mexico, to any posts or stations that are or may be established in that Territory, and to such posts or stations as may be designated in the Territory of Arizona and State of Texas west of longitude 105° west.

Bidders to state the rate per 100 pounds for 100 miles, at which they will transport said stores in each of the months, from June to November, inclusive, of the years 1864 and 1865.

The weight to be transported each year will not exceed 10,000,000 pounds on Route No. 1, 15,000,000 pounds on Route No. 2, and 6,000,000 pounds on Route No. 3.

No additional per centage will be paid for the transportation of bacon, hard bread, pine lumber, shingles, or any other stores.

Bidders must give their names in full, as well as their place of residence; and each proposal must be accompanied by a bond in the sum of ten thousand dollars, signed by two or more responsible persons, guaranteeing that in case a contract is awarded for the route mentioned in the proposal to the parties proposing, the contract will be accepted and entered into, and good and sufficient security furnished by said parties, in accordance with the terms of this advertisement.

The amount of bonds required will be as follows:

On Route No.	1	$100,000
"	2	200,000
"	3	60,000

Satisfactory evidence of the loyalty and solvency of each bidder and person offered as security will be required.

Proposals must be endorsed "Proposals for Army Transportation on Routes Nos 1, 2, or 3," as the case may be, and none will be entertained unless they fully comply with all the requirements of this advertisement.

Parties to whom awards are made must be prepared to execute contracts at once, and to give the required bonds for the faithful performance of the same.

Contracts will be made subject to the approval of the Quartermaster General, but the right is reserved to reject any or all bids that may be offered.

Contractors must be in readiness for service by the first day of April, 1864, and they will be required to have a place of business or agencies at or in the vicinity of Forts Leavenworth and Union, and other depots that may be established at which they may be communicated with promptly and readily.

L. C. EASTON,
oc29-td5 Major and Quartermaster.

PROPOSALS FOR PINE WOOD.
SEALED PROPOSALS are invited until the 10th day of December 1863, at 12 o'clock M., for furnishing the Subsistence Department with one thousand cords of Pine Wood; known in the market as "Baker's Pine," to be delivered on any wharf or dock in Washington or Georgetown, within thirty days after the contract has been signed.
The Wood to be piled and measured at the expense of the contractor, and subject to the inspection of an officer or agent of the Government.
The oath of allegiance must accompany each bid.
Bids will not be entertained from persons who have failed to fulfil their previous contracts; and the Government reserves the right to reject any bid for any cause.
Bids for a less quantity than the whole will be received.
Bids to be addressed to the undersigned, at 223 G street, and endorsed "Proposals for Wood."
S. C. GREENE,
no16-10t Captain C. S.

PROPOSALS FOR LEAD.
ORDNANCE OFFICE, WAR DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON, November 17 1863.
SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office, until 4 o'clock P. M., on the 15th of December next, for the delivery of 2,000 or more tons of pure, soft lead, suitable for ordnance purposes.
The lead is to be of approved quality, and to be delivered at any time, within ninety days, from the acceptance of the bid or bids. It is to be delivered at the United States Arsenal, Governor's Island, New York, and at the United States Arsenal, St. Louis, Mo., 1,000 tons or more at each place, free of all charge for transportation and handling, and will be paid for in regular certificates of inspection and receipt, by requisition on the Treasury Department, in the usual form.
Bids will be received for any portion of the quantity not less than 100 tons.
Bids, with approved sureties, will be required for the fulfilment of any contract that may be made in pursuance of this advertisement.
The Department reserves the right to reject any or all bids, if not deemed satisfactory for any cause.
Proposals will be addressed to "Brigadier General George D. Ramsay, Chief of Ordnance, Washington, D. C." and will be endorsed "Proposals for Lead."
GEORGE D. RAMSAY,
no18 wfm13t Brig. Gen. Chief of Ordnance.

UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.
WASHINGTON, November 20, 1863.
On the petition of William Pierpoint, of Salem New Jersey, praying for the extension of a patent granted to him the 7th day of May, 1850, for an improvement in straw carriers for seven years from the expiration of said patent, which takes place on the 7th day of May, 1864:
It is ordered, that said petition be heard at the Patent Office on Monday, the 18th day of April next, at 12 o'clock, M., and all persons are notified to appear and show cause, if any they have, why said petition ought not to be granted.
Persons opposing the extension are required to file in the Patent Office their objections, specially set forth in writing, at least twenty days before the day of hearing; all testimony filed by either party to be used at the said hearing must be taken and transmitted in accordance with the rules of the office, which will be furnished on application.
The testimony in the case will be closed on the 8th day of April next; depositions and other papers relied upon as testimony must be filed in the office on or before the morning of that day; the arguments, if any, within ten days thereafter.
Ordered, also that this notice be published in the Daily Morning Chronicle, Washington, D. C., and State Gazette, Trenton, New Jersey, once a week for three successive weeks; the first of said publications to be at least sixty days previous to the day of hearing.
D. P. HOLLOWAY, Commissioner of Patents.
P. S.—Editors of the above papers will please copy, and send their bills to the Patent Office, with a paper containing this notice. no24 law3w

APPLICATION FOR DUPLICATE LAND WARRANTS.
PENSION OFFICE, February 13, 1863.
To whom it may concern:
Application having been made, under the act of 22d June, 1860, for the reissue of the land warrants described herein, which are alleged to have been lost or destroyed, notice is hereby given that, at the date following the description of each warrant, a new certificate of like tenor will be issued if no valid objection should then appear.

No. 35,226, for 120 acres, issued under the act of March 3, 1855, in the name of Ah-no-to-mah, widow of Muno Home, and was granted November 19, 1855.—November 14, 1863. au27-1tw12w

No. 77,670, for 160 acres, issued under the act of March 3, 1855, in the name of Jenny, widow of Isaac Choat, and was granted February 11, 1855.—November 14, 1863. au27-1tw12w

No. 10,912, for 80 acres, issued under the act of March 3d, 1855, in the name of William Dye, and was granted November 6th, 1855.—November 21, 1863. se3-1tw12w

No. 78,683, for 160 acres, issued under the act of March 3, 1855, in the name of Sarah, widow of Charles Rollison, and was granted January 14, 1858.—December 19, 1863. oc1-w12t

No. 73,048, for 160 acres, issued under the act of March 3, 1855, in the name of Charles Garner, deceased, and was granted February 11, 1858.—December 26, 1863. oc9-1lw12w

No. 67,701, for 160 acres, issued under the act of March 3d, 1855, in the name of Kay, widow of John Scalf, and was granted July 28, 1857.—Feb. 13, 1864. no1olw12w

No. 64,731, for 160 acres, issued under the act of March 3d, 1855, in the names of Elizabeth Jackson and Samuel Moore, minor child of Alfred Moore, deceased, and was granted January 20th, 1857.—February 13, 1864. no16-w12w

JOSEPH H. BARRETT, Commissioner.

UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE,
WASHINGTON, November 16, 1863.
On the petition of John G. Perry, of South Kingston, R. I., praying for the extension of a patent granted to him 26th February, 1850, for an improvement in Meat Cutting Apparatus for seven years from the expiration of said patent, which takes place on the twenty-sixth day of February, 1864:
It is ordered, that the said petition be heard at the Patent Office on MONDAY, the 11th of January, 1864, at 12 o'clock M.; and all persons are notified to appear and show cause, if any they have, why said petition ought not to be granted.
Persons opposing the extension are required to file in the Patent Office their objections, specially set forth in writing, at least twenty days before the day of hearing. All testimony filed by either party to be used at the said hearing must be taken and transmitted in accordance with the rules of the office, which will be furnished on application.
The testimony in the case will be closed on the 28th December, 1863. Depositions and other papers relied upon as testimony must be filed in the office on or before the morning of that day; the arguments, if any, within ten days thereafter.
Ordered, also, that this notice be published in the Chronicle, Washington, D. C., and the Providence Journal, Providence, R. I., once a week for three successive weeks; the first of said publications to be at least sixty days previous to the day of hearing.
D. P. HOLLOWAY, Commissioner of Patents.
P. S.—Editors of the above papers will please copy, and send their bills to the Patent Office, with a paper containing this notice. no19 law

TRUNK, VALISE AND BAG MANUFACTORY.
Gents' Sole Leather Trunks,
Ladies' Dress and Bonnet Trunks,
Sole Leather Valises, Travelling Bags,
Haversacks, Knapsacks,
Saddle-Bags, Blanket Straps,
Leather Panniers for officers, &c., &c.
JAMES S. BROWN,
oc24-3m 708 Chestnut street, Philadelphia.

RILEY A. SHINN, (Successor to Arny & Shinn,) Manufacturer of PREMIUM MINERAL WATERS; Bottler of the choicest Domestic ALE AND PORTER; Wholesale dealer in CLARIFIED CIDER; Agent for Massey, Collins & Co.'s PHILADELPHIA DRAUGHT ALE, And J. & P. Baltz's CELEBRATED LAGER BEER. And also Turner Brothers' Ginger Wine, Blackberry Ginger, and Sherry Brandies; Stomach, Stoughton's and Forest Wine Bitters, &c., &c.
Orders given to my drivers or sent by mail promptly attended to. Goods delivered in all parts of Washington and Georgetown free of charge.
Terms: Cash on delivery.
RILEY A. SHINN, "Union Bottling Depot,"
ja7-eoly Greene street, Georgetown, D. C.

LIME! LIME! LIME! 1,400 barrels Lime, just arrived at Gunnell's wharf, per schooner R. Dallwinkle, and for sale by A. C. McKNEW, corner Seventh street and Canal.

NO. 237 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE. A. M. BININGER & CO.'S. Store is at 237 Pennsylvania avenue, below Thirteenth street, and nearly opposite Gautier's.

STEAMBOAT LINES.

WASHINGTON AND ALEXANDRIA FERRY.—The steamers THOMAS COLYER, Captain Geding, MARY W. RAPLEY, Captain Stackpole, and YOUNG AMERICA, Captain Hollingshead, will, on and after THURSDAY, October 1, commence their regular trips between Washington and Alexandria, at 8 o'clock in the morning, making trips every hour during the day, until 8 o'clock in the evening.
Baltimore Sun copy, and send bill to this office. se17-tf

NEW YORK AND WASHINGTON STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
[illegible] FOR THE NORTH, NORTHEAST, AND NORTHWEST.
PERMANENT ARRANGEMENT.
NEW YORK VIA FORTRESS MONROE THROUGH IN FORTY HOURS.
The extraordinary and liberal patronage which this line has received from the business men and citizens of the District and vicinity during the short time which has elapsed since its establishment, has induced its managers to make PERMANENT arrangements for its continuance.
An ocean steamship, having superior accommodations for freight and passengers, will hereafter positively leave PIER 18, East River, foot of Wall street, New York, and the COMPANY'S WHARF, foot of High street, Georgetown, every WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY. At 10 o'clock, A. M.
Other steamers will be dispatched whenever the convenience of shippers requires.
The trips of the regular ships will in all ordinary cases be made between the ports of New York and Georgetown within forty-eight hours.
The greatest care used in the handling and storage of Freight, and every convenience afforded to shippers preferring to do their own cartage.
Insurance is taken by the best Companies on goods shipped by these vessels, at the lowest rates.
The BALTIMORE, Captain Lewis.
The EMPIRE, Captain Hunter.
The SALVOR, Captain Holt.
The JAS. S. GREEN, Captain Marshea.
now compose the regular line.
Without detracting from the merits of any other route, this Company now offers to shippers the facilities for receiving their goods from the North in a shorter time, at a cheaper rate, and in a safer manner than any other line.
Connections have been made on the most favorable terms, and without payment of commission, with all the leading lines from New York—North, East and West.
Small packages, such as are usually sent by Express, taken at ordinary freight rates, and promptly delivered.
Gentlemen with their families going North for the Summer will find this a pleasant route, as the facilities for safe transportation of horses, carriages, and furniture are unsurpassed.
Especial attention will be given to the comfort of sick and wounded officers and soldiers, who will by this route avoid all the fatigue of railway travel and frequent changes of cars.
By the closest attention to the interests of its patrons, by promptly attending to every complaint, and by energy and promptness in all the details of its business, the managers of this line will endeavor to merit a continuance of the patronage which has already been so liberally given to it. It is intended to be a permanent line, identified with and dependent upon the business interests and commercial prosperity of the District of Columbia and its vicinity.
For freight, passage, and all other business connected with the line, apply to
MORGAN & RHINEHART, Agents, Foot of High street, Georgetown.
JAMES HAND, Agent,
my13-tf 117 Wall street, New York.

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS FOR HAY, STRAW, AND GRAIN.
FORAGE DEPARTMENT, ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, ALEXANDRIA, VA., Nov. 16th, 1863.
WRITTEN PROPOSALS are invited for furnishing Hay, Straw, Oats, and Corn, for the use of the Government, to be delivered at Alexandria, Va., or any point on the Potomac or its tributaries, and in such quantities within the amount proposed for, and at such times as the undersigned may direct.
The proposals to be addressed to the undersigned, and to state the quantity and price of each article offered.
Proposals will be received for five thousand (5,000) bushels of Corn or Oats, and fifty (50) tons of Hay or Straw and upwards, unless it shall be for the interest of the Government to contract for a less amount.
Corn to be put up in good sacks of about two (2) bushels, and oats in sacks of about three (3) bushels each, which are to be furnished free of charge to the Government. The hay and straw to be securely baled.
All articles furnished under this advertisement to be subject to a rigid inspection, by the Government inspector.
Purchases will be made from time to time, under this advertisement, from the lowest responsible bidder, as the interests of the public service may require.
The undersigned reserves the right to reject any and all offers which may be deemed incompatible with the interests of the Government.
Payments will be made in such funds as may be provided from the United States Treasury, and as far as practicable, upon delivery; but the undersigned reserves the right to withhold the whole or any part of the payments until the complete fulfillment of agreements.
Good security will be required for the faithful fulfillment of any agreement made under this advertisement.
WILLIAM STODDARD,
no18-2md Capt. and Assistant Q. M.

PROPOSALS for CAVALRY HORSES.
CAVALRY BUREAU, OFFICE OF DEPOT QUARTERMASTER, WASHINGTON, D. C., November 25, 1863.
PROPOSALS are solicited and will be received at this office for the furnishing of Cavalry Horses, to be delivered in Washington city, D. C., St. Louis, Mo., and Chicago, Ill.
The horses to comply with the following specifications, viz: To be from fifteen (15) to sixteen (16) hands high, from five (5) to nine (9) years old, well broken to the saddle, compactly built, in good flesh, and free from all defects.
The ability of the bidder to fulfill his agreement must be guaranteed by two responsible persons, whose signatures must be appended to the guarantee.
No proposal will be entertained unless the oath of allegiance of the person or persons bidding shall be on file in this office.
The responsibility of the guarantors must be shown by the official certificate of the Clerk of the nearest District Court, or of the United States District Attorney.
Proposals must be addressed to Lieutenant Colonel C. G. Sawtelle, Chief Quartermaster, Cavalry Bureau, and be endorsed on the envelope "Proposals for Horses."
Cavalry horses agreeing with the above specifications will be purchased in open market, at fair prices, at the following places, viz: New York city, Albany, Buffalo, and Rochester, N. Y.; Pittsburg, Penna.; Columbus, Ohio; Boston, Mass.; Augusta, Maine, and Madison, Wisconsin.
C. G. SAWTELLE,
Lieutenant Colonel and Chief Quartermaster,
no25-1f Cavalry Bureau.

PROPOSALS FOR HAY, STRAW, AND GRAIN.
OFFICE OF FORAGE AND RIVER TRANSPORTATION, SEVENTH STREET WHARF, WASHINGTON, D. C., October 16th, 1863.
Written Proposals are invited for furnishing Hay, Straw, Oats, and Corn for the use of this Depot, to be delivered at the Railroad Depot or at any of the Government Wharves in this city.
The proposals to be addressed to the undersigned, and they should state the quantity of each article offered, also the price and date of delivery.
Proposals will be received for five thousand (5,000) bushels of Corn or Oats, and fifty (50) tons of Hay or Straw, and upwards, unless it should be for the interest of the Government to contract for a less amount.
All grain to be put up in good sacks, of about two (2) bushels each, which are to be furnished at the cost of the contractor.
The Hay and Straw to be securely baled.
All Grain and Hay and Straw offered to be subject to a rigid inspection by the Government inspector.
Contracts will be awarded from time to time to the lowest responsible bidders, as the interests of the service may require.
Good security will be required for the faithful fulfillment of any contract made under this advertisement.
Payment to be made at the completion of the contract.
S. L. BROWN,
oc23-tf Captain and Assistant Quartermaster U. S. A.

CHIEF QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE,
WASHINGTON DEPOT, November 17th, 1863.
SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at the office of Captain O. H. Tompkins, A. Q. M. U. S. A., at the corner of Twenty-second and G streets, in this city, until MONDAY, December 21st, 1863, at 12 o'clock, M., for the sale of all the manure now on hand, or that may be produced at stables and corrals of this Depot within the next twelve months succeeding the date of the letting of the contract.
The manure will be awarded to the highest bidder, or bidders, who will be required to take it away at his or their own expense. The quantity now on hand to be taken away within six months from the date of contract, and that which may accumulate, within six months from the date at which it may be produced.
Bids must be made at so much per cubic yard.
Bids will be received for the quantity on hand, and the subsequent product at each stable and corral, separately, or for the whole together.
If a bid is made in the name of a firm, the names of all the parties must appear, or it will be considered as the individual proposal of the party signing it.
The full name and post-office address of the bidder must appear in the proposal.
Proposals must be addressed to Captain O. H. Tompkins, A. Q. M., U. S. A., Washington, D. C., and should be plainly marked "Proposals for Manure."
Payment will be required to be made, in Government funds, at the end of each month, for the manure removed during the month.
An oath of allegiance will be required from each successful bidder.
Good and sufficient bonds, in the sum of ($1,000) one thousand dollars, will be required of each successful bidder for the faithful performance of his contract.
The Quartermaster reserves the right to reject all bids that may be deemed to the interest of Government not to accept.
D. H. RUCKER,
Brigadier General and Chief Quartermaster,
no19 28t Depot Washington.

PROPOSALS FOR MORTAR SHELLS.
ORDNANCE OFFICE, WAR DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON, November 19, 1863.
SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office, until 4 o'clock P. M., on the 22d of December next, for the delivery of fifty thousand 10-inch mortar shells, in the following quantities at the following arsenals viz:
At the Watertown Arsenal, Watertown, Mass., 6,000.
At the Watervliet Arsenal, West Troy, N. Y., 5,000.
At the New York Arsenal, Governor's Island, 25,000.
At the Allegheny Arsenal, Pittsburg, Pa., 5,000.
At the U. S. Arsenal, Washington, D. C., 8,000.
At the U. S. Arsenal, St. Louis Mo., 5,000.
These shells are to be made of the kind of metal, and inspected after the rules laid down in the Ordnance Manual. Drawings can be seen at any of the United States Arsenals. The shells are to be inspected at the foundry where cast, free of charge for transportation, or handling, until delivered at the Arsenal.
Deliveries must be made at the rate of not less than five per cent. per week of the number of projectiles contracted for; the first delivery to be made within twenty days after the date of the contract, and any failure to deliver at a specified time will subject the contractor to a forfeiture of the number he may fail to deliver at that time.
Separate bids must be made for each arsenal if the bidders propose to deliver at more than one. No bid will be considered from parties other than regular founders or proprietors of works, who are known to this Department to be capable of executing the work contracted for in their own establishments.
Each party obtaining a contract will be required to enter into bonds, with approved sureties for its faithful execution.
The Department reserves the right to reject any or all bids, if not deemed satisfactory, for any cause.
Proposals will be addressed to "Brigadier General Geo. D. Ramsay, Chief of Ordnance, Washington, D. C.," and will be endorsed "Proposals for Mortar Shells."
GEO. D. RAMSAY,
no 19-13t Brig. Gen. Chief of Ordnance.

321 HEADQUARTERS 321 FOR THE SALE OF Messrs. Blodgett & Sweet's PATENT BAKE OVENS. Sutlers and Hotel Keepers please call on us before purchasing. Pie Plates, Bread Pans, Strainers, and a complete outfit for baking pies, cakes, &c., for the army.
H. H. & H. T. GREGORY,
my25-tf (Star). No. 321 Penn. av., near Seventh st.

RAILROAD LINES.

BALTIMORE AND OHIO RAILROAD.
On and after Monday, November 23d, 1863, daily trains will be run between Washington and New York, and Washington and the West, as follows:
FOR PHILADELPHIA, NEW YORK, and BOSTON.
Leave Washington at 8 and 11 50 A. M. and 5 and 6 30 P. M., daily, except Sunday. On Sunday, at 6 30 P. M. only.
FOR BALTIMORE.
Leave Washington at 6 35, 8, and 11 50 A. M., and 3 10, 5 and 6 30 P. M., daily, except Sunday. On Sunday at 8 A. M., and 3 10 and 6 30 P. M.
FOR ALL PARTS OF THE WEST.
Leave Washington at 6 35 and 8 A. M. and 6 30 P. M. daily, except Sunday. On Sunday at 6 30 P. M. only.
COMMUTATION TRAIN.
Leave Washington daily, except Sunday, at 4 30 P. M.
*The first and fourth trains from Washington and fourth and fifth trains from Baltimore, stop at all way points.
FOR WASHINGTON AND THE SOUTH.
Leave Baltimore at 3 50, 5 50, and 10 20 A. M., and 3 15, 4 35, and 7 35 P. M. On Sunday at 3 50 and 8 50 A. M. and 8 15 P. M.
COMMUTATION TRAIN.
Leave Baltimore daily, except Sunday, at 7 15 A. M.
FOR ANNAPOLIS.
Leave Washington at 8 A. M. and 3 10 P. M.
do Baltimore at 8 50 A. M. and 3 15 P. M.
*For further information, tickets of every kind, &c., apply to George S. Koontz, agent at Washington Station, or at the Ticket Office.
W. P. SMITH, Master of Transportation.
L. M. COLE, General Ticket Agent.
no21 tf [Washington papers copy.]

1863. 1863.
THE PENNSYLVANIA CENTRAL RAILROAD.
WITH ITS CONNECTIONS IS A FIRST-CLASS ROUTE TO ALL THE WESTERN CITIES.
SPEED, SAFETY, AND COMFORT!
STONE BALLASTED, AND FREE FROM DUST.
BAGGAGE CHECKED THROUGH FROM BALTIMORE.
Three Daily Trips from PHILADELPHIA TO PITTSBURG, Two of them making CLOSE CONNECTION AT HARRISBURG With Trains on the NORTHERN CENTRAL RAILROAD, And forming THE GREAT CENTRAL ROUTE From WASHINGTON AND BALTIMORE To all points in the WEST, NORTHWEST, and SOUTHWEST.
For Through Tickets apply at the Office of the Northern Central Railroad Company, N. E. corner of Sixth street and Pennsylvania avenue, Washington, and at Calvert Station, Baltimore.
SPLENDID SLEEPING CARS ON ALL NIGHT TRAINS—SMOKING AND SALOON CARS ON ALL THE TRAINS.
FROM WASHINGTON.
Passengers will take the 6 30 A. M. and 6.30 P. M. trains connecting in Baltimore with the 9 20 A. M. and 9 30 P. M. trains on the Northern Central Railroad, and arrive in Harrisburg at 1 20 P. M. and 2 A. M., there making close connection with the trains on the Pennsylvania Central Railroad for all parts of the West.
FREIGHTS.
By this route Freights of all descriptions can be forwarded to and from any points on the Railroads of Ohio, Kentucky, Indiana, Illinois, Wisconsin, Iowa, and Missouri, by railroad direct.
The Pennsylvania Central Railroad also connects at Pittsburg with steamers, by which goods can be forwarded to any port on the Ohio, Muskingum, Kentucky, Tennessee, Cumberland, Illinois, Mississippi, Wisconsin, Missouri, Kansas, Arkansas, and Red rivers, and at Cleveland, Sandusky, and Chicago with steamers to all Northwestern Lakes.
Merchants and shippers entrusting the transportation of their Freight to this Company can rely with confidence on its speedy transit.
THE RATES OF FREIGHT to and from any point in the West, by the Pennsylvania Central Railroad are at all times as favorable as are charged by other Railroad Companies.
Be particular to mark packages "VIA PENNSYLVANIA CENTRAL RAILROAD."
WILLIAM BROWN, Agent Northern Central Railroad.
ENOCH LEWIS, General Superintendent, Altoona, Pennsylvania.
L. L. HOUPT, General Ticket Agent, Pennsylvania.
H. H. HOUSTON,
me3-d&tf General Freight Agent Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, WILMINGTON, AND BALTIMORE RAILROAD.
GENERAL MOVEMENT [illegible]
On and after Monday, April 27, 1863,
PASSENGER TRAINS LEAVE PHILADELPHIA
For Baltimore at 4.00 (Express,) Mondays excepted, 8.15, 11.35 a. m., (Express) and 3 p. m., and 11 p. m.
Chester at 8.15, 11.35 a. m.; 1.15, 4.30 and 11 p. m.
For Wilmington at 4, 8.15, and 11.35 a. m.; 1.15, 4.30 p. m., and 11 p. m.
For New Castle at 8.15 a. m. and 4.30 p. m.
For Dover at 8.15 a. m. and 4.30 p. m.
For Milford at 8.15 a. m.
For Salisbury at 8.15 a. m.
TRAINS FOR PHILADELPHIA
Leave Baltimore at 8 a. m., 10.10 a. m. (Express), 1.10 p. m. (Express), 5.35 and 8.35 (Express) p. m.
Leave Wilmington at [illegible] a. m., [illegible] p. m., and 11.50 p. m.
Leave Salisbury at 2.35 p. m.
Leave Milford at 4.55 p. m.
Leave Dover at 6.30 a. m. and 6.10 p. m.
Leave New Castle at 8.30 a. m. and 8.40 p. m.
Leave Chester at 7.40, 9.40 a. m., 12.20, [illegible] p. m.
Leave Baltimore for Salisbury and intermediate stations 5.35 and 8.35 p. m.
Dover and intermediate stations 1.10 p. m.
TRAINS FOR BALTIMORE
Leave Chester at 8.45 a. m. and 5.25 p. m.
Leave Wilmington at [illegible] a. m., 12.30, 4.15 p. m. and 1 a. m.
Freight Trains, with Passenger Car attached, will run as follows:
Leave Philadelphia for Perryville and intermediate places at 6.50 p. m.
Leave Wilmington for Perryville and intermediate places at 8.20 p. m.
Leave Wilmington for Philadelphia and intermediate places at 6.00 p. m.
SUNDAYS.
The following Trains only:
From Philadelphia to Baltimore at 4 a. m. and 11 midnight.
From Philadelphia to Wilmington 11 p. m. and 11 midnight.
From Wilmington to Philadelphia [illegible]
From Baltimore to Philadelphia 5.00 p. m.
WM. STEARNS,
Superintendent P. W. and B. Railroad.
Philadelphia, 1863. me3-d&tf

DIRECT RAILROAD ROUTE BETWEEN WASHINGTON AND NEW YORK
THROUGH TRAINS—[illegible]
VIA WASHINGTON BRANCH RAILROAD, PHILAD'A, WILMINGTON & BALTIMORE [illegible] AND CAMDEN & AMBOY and N. JERSEY [illegible]
NEW ARRANGEMENT.
On and after April 27, 1863, trains will leave as follows:
TRAINS MOVING NORTH FROM WASHINGTON.
Leave Washington 8, 11.15 a. m., 5, 6.30 p. m.
Leave Philadelphia 3, 8.15, 11.15 p. m., [illegible]
Arrive at New York, 7, 10.15 p. m., [illegible]
TRAINS MOVING SOUTH FROM NEW YORK.
Leave New York 7, 10 a. m., 7.20, 11.30 p. m.
Leave Philadelphia 4, 11.55 a. m., 3 p. m., 12 midnight.
Arrive at Washington 6.30, 9.41 p. m., 6, 9.45 a. m.
WM. STEARNS,
Superintendent P., W. and B. Railroad.
Philadelphia, April 27, 1863. me3-d&tf

GREAT PENNSYLVANIA ROUTE TO THE NORTHWEST AND SOUTHWEST.
ON AND AFTER NOV. 15, trains will leave Baltimore from the North Calvert Station as follows:
Mail leaves at .... 9.20 a. m.
Express leaves at .... 9.30 p. m.
Harrisburg Accommodation leaves at .... 3.00 p. m.
Parkton Accommodation, No. 1, leaves at .... 7.40 a. m.
Parkton Accommodation, No. 2, leaves at .... 5.00 p. m.
The 6.30 a. m. train from Washington connects with the 9.20 a. m. train from Baltimore for Pittsburg and the West and for Elmira, Buffalo, Rochester, Dunkirk, Canandaigua, and Niagara Falls, and for New York City.
The 6.30 p. m. train from Washington connects with the 9.30 p. m. train from Baltimore, for Elmira and the North, and Pittsburg and the West.
SLEEPING CARS ON NIGHT TRAINS.
Soldiers' Tickets at Government Prices.
ONE THROUGH TRAIN ON SUNDAY.
LOW FARE AND QUICK TIME.
For tickets and any information apply at the Office of "Great Pennsylvania Route," corner of Pennsylvania avenue and Sixth street, under National Hotel, Washington.
JOHN N. DUBARRY,
Superintendent Northern Central Railroad.
my4-dNo13 E. O. NORTON, Ticket Agent.

TO DISCHARGED SOLDIERS AND OTHERS.
CAUTION.
As there have been so many complaints made by the Relief Association, and the friends of Discharged Soldiers, about sick and disabled and Discharged Soldiers being IMPOSED UPON in the purchase of PASSAGE TICKETS, the undersigned deems it his duty to caution all those travelling to Philadelphia, New York, Boston, and the Northern or Eastern States, THAT THE ONLY PLACE to procure tickets IS AT THE TICKET OFFICE OF THE B. & O. R. R. COMPANY, AT THE DEPOT.
It is the only place where a passenger can procure a Through Ticket, or where you can have your baggage checked through to the above cities from Washington.
oc3-tf ROBERT W. EDMOND, Passenger Agent.

TO PASSENGERS TRAVELLING TO BOSTON AND THE EASTERN STATES.—The 8 a. m. and 6.30 p. m. Express Trains from Washington connect direct with the Lightning Express Trains of the N. Y. & B. E. R. Cos. Passengers leaving Washington at 8 a. m. arrive at Boston at 4 a. m. next morning; leaving at 6.30 p. m., arrive at Boston next day at 4 p. m. This is the only line that checks baggage through from Washington City to Boston. Tickets to be procured at the Depot of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company. Be sure and ask for tickets by the way of Springfield. Cars run direct from New York to Boston by this line without change. fy10-tf

OFFICERS AND SOLDIERS ON FURLOUGH OR DISCHARGED, GOING WEST, SOUTH, OR NORTHWEST, are informed that they can purchase tickets at Government rates, by applying at the ticket office at the Depot of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company. This route has no change of cars from Washington to the Ohio river, one change to Cincinnati and two to St. Louis. Baggage checked through from Washington to all parts West. Splendid sleeping cars attached to all night trains. No omnibuses by this route and no charge for handling baggage. For further particulars, apply to R. W. EDMONDS, Passenger Agent.

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